"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Thursday and Friday; slowly rising temperature; light to moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,458. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. { Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. { TWO CENTS.

GAYNOR IS GRIEVED, BUT LETS HYDE GO

Has Found Chamberlain "Honest and Correct," and Is Sorry to See Him "Sacrificed."

MAY GIVE PLACE TO MOORE

Who Ran Against Prendergast—Grand Jury Looks Into the "Political Conspiracy" That Hyde Blames.

Mayor Gaynor accepted yesterday the resignation of City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde, now under indictment for bribery and out in $7,500 bail. The Mayor assured Mr. Hyde that it grieved him "to see any such man sacrificed even for the time being," and that he felt entirely certain that Mr. Hyde was guilty of no offense.

In his letter of resignation Mr. Hyde told the Mayor that his indictment was the result of a campaign waged against him for three months by political enemies "and their newspaper allies," and that while he believed it would only be a short time before "the whole conspiracy is laid bare," he considered the course he was taking the proper one.

When the "political conspiracy" charge reached the Grand Jury which indicted Mr. Hyde and which has not yet completed its investigation of Mr. Hyde's official acts, it was decided to inquire at once into the "political conspiracy." With this end in view, process servers were sent out to find John V. Smith, secretary to City Chamberlain Hyde. Although they hunted high and low for Mr. Smith they had not found him at a late hour last night. Process servers were also looking for Charles P. Norcross, who borrowed $18,000 from the Carnegie Trust on notes indorsed by Hyde.

This is Mr. Hyde's letter of resignation:

Office of the Chamberlain.
May 2, 1911.

Sir: On Jan. 3, 1910, you appointed me Chamberlain. For more than twenty years I had been associated with you, and while I appreciated the confidence which your desire to appoint me implied, you know it was much against my wish that I accepted the office. Last June, when my health was seriously threatened, I wanted to resign, but you would not hear of it. I have devoted my energies to the faithful performance of my duties, and hope that I have been of some service to you.

I have handled over $500,000,000 in the sixteen months I have been in office and have dealt with more than 120 banks on behalf of the city, to say nothing of all the other transactions involved in the workings of the office, without criticism from anybody and without the suggestion of even a favor granted me in return; yet for three months a campaign has been waged against me by certain political enemies and their newspaper allies, the result of which is that to-day I find myself under the humiliating necessity of answering to an indictment which has been found against me.

I feel that under these circumstances I must resign. As my resignation, under the law, cannot take effect until the appointment of my successor, I ask that you appoint him as early as possible. I regret the circumstance, and while I feel confident that it will only be a short time until the whole conspiracy is laid bare I think I am taking the proper course now. Respectfully yours, CHARLES H. HYDE, Chamberlain.

Hon. William J. Gaynor, Mayor.

With the Mayor's Regrets.

The Mayor's reply was:

Office of the Mayor.
May 3, 1911.

Dear Mr. Hyde: On getting home late last night I found your unexpected letter of resignation awaiting me. I had not asked for your resignation, because I feel entirely certain that you are guilty of no offense. But if you insist on resigning I shall have to appoint your successor. I shall do it with regret, for I have always found you honest and correct to a dot, and it grieves me to see any such man sacrificed even for the time being. Very truly yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Charles H. Hyde, Esq., City Chamberlain, New York City.

To which Mr. Hyde responded:

Office of the Chamberlain.
May 3, 1911.

Hon. William J. Gaynor, Mayor:

Mr. Dear Mr. Mayor: Your very kind letter of this date is just at hand, and I appreciate very deeply your expression of confidence in me. Although you feel as you do personally I cannot allow your administration to bear my burdens, just or unjust, and I must therefore ask that you appoint a successor to whom I may turn over the affairs of the office of Chamberlain. Sincerely yours,
CHARLES H. HYDE.

Regarding the City Chamberlain's political conspiracy charge, Mr. Whitman said:

"The Grand Jury has seen fit to indict a public official after listening for months to evidence concerning his conduct in office. It is especially scandalous for one who has pretended concern for the integrity of the Grand Jury procedure and who has no knowledge what ever of the evidence before that body, to charge openly that its acts have been inspired and governed by political motives.

"This is an aspersion not upon the District Attorney, as was doubtless intended; it is a libel upon the Grand Jury itself."

District Attorney Whitman is preparing to push the trials of Cummins and Reichmann, both of whom are under indictment for grand larceny. These trials, the District District Attorney thinks, should take precedence over the trial of City Chamberlain Hyde, owing to the fact that Cummins and Reichmann were indicted several weeks before Hyde. It is likely that Mr. Hyde and his counsel, Samuel Untermyer, will protest, as Mr. Whitman assured Mr. Untermyer he would try the Hyde case as soon as Mr. Hyde and his counsel were ready. The District Attorney proposes to try Reichmann first, probably early in June. The Cummins trial will follow immediately, and then the trial of Mr. Hyde.

Hunting for Hyde's Successor.

It was learned last night that Mayor Gaynor may be asked to appear before the Grand Jury which indicted Hyde and express his views on the "political conspiracy." No such invitation was received yesterday by the Mayor, however. Instead, most of the day was occupied by him in looking over the field of possible successors for City Chamberlain Hyde.

It was reported that one of the men under consideration is Robert R. Moore, President of the Commercial Trust Company, who ran for Controller on the ticket with Mr. Gaynor. Friends of the Mayor said last night that Mr. Moore's chances seemed a shade better than those of other possible candidates. The likely second is Michael J. Drummond, Commissioner of Charities. Still another man who is said to be under consideration is Tax Commissioner Wall. Several of the Mayors friends were inclined to think that Police Commissioner Cropsey might be selected, arguing that such an appointment would give the Mayor an opportunity to appoint former Deputy Commissioner Flynn Police Commissioner without embarrassment to the Mayor's friend, Cropsey.

The appointment of a City Chamberlain is expected to-day. Mr. Hyde could not be found at the Chamberlain's office yesterday afternoon. Henry J. Walsh, the Deputy Chamberlain, was in charge. Mr. Hyde spent most of the day in his new law offices at 51 Chambers Street. He and his law partner, Samuel K. Kellock, have recently removed from 60 Wall

Continued on Page 2.

FINDS YOUNG BRIDE SLAIN.

Janitress for Whom Tenants Vainly Called Lay Dead in Basement.

Tenants of the apartment house at 528 West 123d Street called in vain for the janitress yesterday. Her husband, Stephen Muhler, upon returning from his work in a piano factory about 7:30 o'clock with a friend, Louis Harra, was met at the doorway by one of the tenants, who complained that there had been no heat and that the halls hadn't been lighted.

Muhlner went downstairs, but found the front basement door, for the first time in his recollection, locked. He tried the rear yard, and found the rear door, which is usually locked, wide open. He stepped into the dark kitchen of the basement and groped his way toward the front. In the middle of the room he stumbled across the body of his young wife Anna, to whom he had been married just eight months. Her face and her shirtwaist were stained red; there were two deep gashes in the right side of her throat, and a slash in her left cheek.

Muhlner rushed into the basement of the next house and told Frederick Ludiretz, the janitor there. Together, joined by Muhlner's friend and several tenants whom Muhlner's cries had brought down the dark stairs, they hurried to the West 125th Street Station and reported that Mrs. Muhlner had been murdered. Detectives Flynn and Thompson were assigned to the case, and an ambulance was summoned from the J. Hood Wright Hospital. The ambulance surgeon said that Mrs. Muhlner had probably been dead three hours.

The detectives found evidences that she had just been preparing for supper when her assailant struck her down. In an open drawer of the dish closet the detectives found a long bread knife, its blade covered with blood stains. The knife had apparently been stabbed many inches into the woman's skull.

Everywhere in the kitchen were signs of a hard struggle. The woman's hair had been torn in handfuls from the left side of her head, and her combs were scattered about the floor. Yet nothing in the room, as far as the husband could discover, had been taken.

The only clue to the slayer was obtained from Mrs. N. A. Maccabe, who occupies the first floor rear. Mrs. Maccabe, who is somewhat deaf, said she had heard no sounds of scuffling or cries in the basement, but she remembered that when she looked from her window into the rear yard about 2:30 o'clock she had seen a man crouching against the wall. When she went to a second window to look at him he was gone. She described him as short and stumpy, measuring about 5 feet 6 inches, of dark complexion, and wearing a blue suit, blue flannel shirt, but no hat. Mrs. Maccabe said she thought she had seen Mrs. Muhlner in the rear yard at 4 o'clock, though she wasn't sure of that.

Muhlner could think of no motive for the murder, or recall any one who had borne either him or his wife a grudge.

DYNAMITE EVIDENCE READY.

W. J. Ford Reaches Los Angeles with McManigle's First Confession.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 3.—The three alleged dynamiters now in the county jail will not be arraigned on the indictments now pending, but the District Attorney will file additional charges against them before a committing Magistrate either to-morrow or Friday.

This course was determined upon late this evening after a conference between District Attorney Fredericks and his assistant, W. J. Ford, who arrived here this afternoon from Indianapolis.

Mr. Ford brought with him a suitcase filled with evidence in the dynamiting case. It was late before he had placed in a safe deposit vault the documents, among which was the text of Ortie McManigle's first confession, made in Chicago, and returned to the office of his chief for a conference.

Accompanied by a stenographer, bearing a notebook and a pair of shoes, and by two detectives, District Attorney Fredericks to-day visited McManigle in jail. It is believed that the detectives had discovered some additional evidence and the District Attorney wanted McManigle to identify it.

Attorney Rappaport, called upon the District Attorney and his two clients this afternoon. He declined to talk.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The extradition of J. J. McNamara from Indiana to authorities of California on a charge of implication in The Los Angeles Times explosion led to the introduction of a bill to-day by Representative Korbly of Indiana, amending the extradition laws.

The bill provides that no fugitive shall be surrendered to authorities of another State except by proceedings in a court of record. In the McNamara case the prisoner was surrendered after appearance in a police court.

WHITE PLAINS ELECTS WOMAN

Mrs. Griffin as School Trustee First of Sex to Hold Office in County.

WHITE PLAINS, May 3.—Mrs. Henry P. Griffin, wife of a White Plains lawyer, was chosen a school trustee to-day after one of the warmest contests ever known here. She is the first woman to be elected to office in Westchester county. For several weeks the women of White Plains have been making a house to house canvass for Mrs. Griffin and their efforts were rewarded to-day when she defeated Lieut. H. B. Rogers of the local military company by more than 300 majority. The other successful candidate was James J. Shaw, who ran on a separate ticket for re-election. Although a bitter fight was made against him he received the biggest vote of all, getting 850 out of 1,910 that were cast. Mrs. Griffin received 686 votes and Lieut. Rogers 360.

When the polls opened this afternoon many society women appeared at the polling place in automobiles and carriages and there was much buttonholing in behalf of Mrs. Griffin. There was an effort on the part of several organizations to which Mr. Rogers and Mr. Shaw belong to offset the vote of the women, but they could not stem the tide of the suffragists, who went to the polls in crowds and kept the poll clerks busy recording their names.

Mrs. Griffin was showered with congratulations. When asked her opinion of the result she simply smiled, and said:

"This was not a suffragettes' meeting. It was the vote of the leading women of the village. There was no politics in the contest either. I propose to do my duty as a school trustee, and I have no plans as to my future conduct in the school board. I intend simply to work in the interest of the White Plains schools."

GOING AWAY?
Don't fail to leave order with your newsdealer to have The New York Times sent to your country address. Daily and Sunday 75c. per month.—Adv.

BIG TRUSTS MARKED FOR HOUSE INQUIRY

Rules Committee Favors Investigation of Steel Corporation's Methods and Profits.

ROOSEVELT MAY BE CALLED

Sugar Combination and American Woolen Company Also on the List for Probing by House Committees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Rules Committee of the House will report tomorrow the Stanley resolution for an investigation of the Steel Trust. This investigation has been the subject of contention before the Rules Committee for four years, and Mr. Stanley has presented his case with great force and with numerous witnesses three times. The old committee under the Republican control of the House never reached a vote on the resolution.

The committee has now decided to recommend that a committee of nine members of the House be chosen by the House with full power to summon witnesses and compel the production of papers and books to conduct the investigation. It is conceded that Mr. Stanley will head the committee, and that the inquiry will proceed without hesitation into every phase of the conditions and practices under which the great trust has grown into the proportions of a world combination.

May Call Mr. Roosevelt.

It is the intention of those who are pressing for the investigation to ascertain all the facts connected with the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company and the part that it is alleged the Roosevelt Administration played in avoiding prosecution of the trust following that transaction. Whether ex-President Roosevelt, who has been many times charged with having special knowledge of this passage in the history of trust operations in this country, will be called to appear before the committee has not been decided. There is a strong desire on the part of many leaders in the movement to get at the inside story of the Steel Trust that Mr. Roosevelt should explain why the Steel Trust, in common with other corporations who were engaged in combinations in restraint of trade, was not made the subject of prosecution by the Department of Justice. It has been the uniform answer of the Chairman of the former Rules Committee, Mr. Dalzell, to those who asked for an investigation, that all the information they sought was in the possession of the Department of Justice, and they should look there rather than to an investigation by Congress for what they sought.

Sugar Trust Next.

Mr. Hardwick of Georgia introduced in the House to-day a resolution for an investigation of the Sugar Trust, and the Rules Committee will take up this matter next. The resolution proposes a committee of nine members to be named by the House to inquire into the organization and operations of the American Sugar Refining Company and determine whether or not that corporation is doing business in violation of the anti-trust law and of the Customs acts, and whether the trust has crushed out competition among refining companies and so increased the price of sugar over the price that prevails in other countries.

Mr. Francis, a new member from Ohio, introduced a resolution for an investigation of the American Woolen Company, which is a trust embracing twenty-eight mills. Mr. Francis comes from a district largely interested in sheep raising, and his inquiry goes further than the probing of the organization and operation of the trust, and authorizes the determination whether or not it has not been able to restrict and control the wool market so that the farmer has not received a fair price for his wool.

Also American Woolen.

The resolution provides for a committee of five members of the House, who are to be charged with the task of finding out if the trust has been able, through its agents, officers, or Directors, to conduct its business in violation of the anti-trust law, and whether the acts of the company's representatives have restricted buyers of wool, thereby preventing free competition in the market and the restriction of competition in transporting and redistributing wool; to inquire into the excessive capitalization of the American Woolen Company and of its component corporations, the fictitious capitalization of the company and the securities based on its capital, and the control of the price of labor and the reducing of wages to employes; the blacklisting of employes, and the employment of child labor.

This resolution also goes to the Rules Committee.

It is regarded as a foregone conclusion that the committee will report out both the Hardwick and the Francis resolutions with the recommendation that they pass and the investigation be begun as speedily as possible. The prompt appearance of these various moves toward investigations caused some stir on the Republican side of the House to-day. The Republican leaders recognize the fact that the Democratic majority is in the saddle, and that the finest kind of discipline prevails.

W. M. Wood's Statement.

BOSTON, May 3.—President William M. Wood of the American Woolen Company, when informed of Representative Francis's resolution calling for an investigation of the corporation, issued the following statement:

"The American Woolen Company has a capital stock of $60,000,000. The total capital invested in the woolen and worsted manufacture in the United States is $415,000,000, according to the Federal census figures just announced. Our company having about one-seventh of the capital does about one-seventh of the business and, manifestly, in no sense of the word is it a trust or monopoly."

The company owns thirty-three mills in New England and New York State and employs about 35,000 operatives when all its machinery is busy.

Samuel S. Dale of this city, who has been for a year the adviser of the Tariff Board in all matters concerning wool under Schedule K, sent his resignation to Washington to-day.

THE CHAMPAGNES.
Moët & Chandon Imperial Crown Brut Cuvée A. A. Moët & Chandon White Seal Very Dry (Sec).
Pre-eminent—surpassing in quality any and all other Champagnes.
GEO. A. KESSLER & CO., Sole Importers. —Adv.

BURNING FLATS FOR FUN.

The alarming growth of a strange form of lunacy, together with arson committed for more sordid purposes, has resulted in the evolution of a new form of sleuth—the Fire Detective, the man who ferrets out pyromaniacs. His investigations have produced astonishing conclusions, which will be set forth in

Next Sunday's Times.

INDICT LEGISLATORS IN OHIO BRIBE CASE

Three Senators, the Sergeant-at-Arms, and Two Representatives Held in Heavy Bail.

HOW MONEY WAS DIVIDED

Members Pooled Their Interests, Detectives Say, but Collector Secretly Held Out Largest Share.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 3.—Eight indictments against three Senators and two Representatives and the Seargeant at Arms of the Senate were reported this evening by the Grand Jury investigating the legislative bribery scandal. At first it was the intention of Prosecuting Attorney Turner and Attorney General Hogan not to have any of the indictments returned until the Grand Jury had finished its work, but fear that some of the legislators were preparing to flee caused the first batch of indictments to be made known this evening.

Those indicted are Senators Isaac E. Huffman of Butler County and George K. Cetone of Montgomery County, both Democrats, and Senator L. R. Andrews of Lawrence County, Republicans; Representatives George B. Nye of Pike County, Democrat, and A. C. Lowry of Lawrence County, Republican, and Rodney T. Diegel, Sergeant at Arms of the Senate, Democrat. They are accused of taking and soliciting bribes, and Diegel is charged with being the go-between.

All of these men have been attending the legislative sessions regularly, and were notified of the indictments as they were leaving the State Capitol. They showed they had anticipated the indictments, and such proved the fact, as their bonds had already been arranged. They went to the offices of their attorneys, and after a brief consultation proceeded to the Court House, where they surrendered themselves. A surety bond was in readiness, and Nye and Diegel were released on $10,000 bond each and the rest on $5,000 bond each.

The accused men will be arraigned before Common Pleas Judge F. B. Kinkead to-morrow. The cases will be rushed to trial at once. They can, if they desire, attend the legislative sessions until convicted, in which case they will be removed from their positions. They all protested innocence to-day.

There are four indictments against Nye. Two are returned on the testimony of State Printer A. E. Crawford and Representative Kimble of Knox County who charges that Nye solicited a bribe of $1,000 in consideration of his support of a bill which would so rearrange the judicial district of Southern Ohio as to throw out Judge A. Z. Blair, recently in the public eye because of the investigation of wholesale vote selling in his district.

There is one indictment against Senators Huffman and Cetone and Andrews, jointly accused with Diegel, and one against Lowry. These men are accused of accepting bribes from the Burns detectives to vote for the Whittemore Insurance bill.

The cases of the Burns operatives, F. S. Harrison, A. C. Bailey, and B. H. Berry, who were arrested at the instance of Speaker Vining and Representative Nye last Sunday charged with offering bribes, were ignored by the Grand Jury.

To-day Detective Burns spent most of his time in the office of Prosecutor Turner questioning Grand Jury witnesses present and prospective. Sergeant-at-Arms Diegel was summoned to the Court House, and his continued presence there led to reports that immunity had been offered him for his testimony.

Dr. Nye resigned from the House Calendar or Steering Committee to-day. All the other members had resigned yesterday. To-day Speaker Vining appointed a new committee. The only old members he retained were the two floor leaders, L. K. Langdon of Warren County, Republican, and Price Russell of Wayne County, Democrat. The House became much excited over a published report that progressive Assemblymen were seeking to force the resignation of Speaker Vining because of his selections in the old Steering Committee. The Speaker received a vote of confidence by the House.

Representative Calvey, who was forced to resign from the Calendar Committee, indignantly denied the stories afloat that he was lined up with Nye in any way. He was closely questioned by County Prosecutor Turner to-day. He told Turner he knew of no attempted bribery.

"Nye lied if he told the detectives that he would control my vote for money or anything else," said Calvey.

This is Nye's third term in the House. He has always been suspected of being in collusion with the lobbyists. The detectives say that when the whole story is told it will be found that the accused legislators pooled their interests. The Senate, where the greater number are said to be involved, was better organized than the House, but members on the two sides worked together. Senators dealing for their colleagues were ready to do business on the basis of delivery through the House. House votes were to be obtaind through a combination of purchase with money, and delivery through political pressure, trading, and in other manners. The legislators apparently were not square with each other, those who got the money for division first taking for themselves part payment and reporting to members of the gang a less amount than was received.

Members of the House, conscience free, because they have held aloof from the corruption, now are concerned. They fear that their names may be found on the "pay lists" presented to the lobbyists to increase the amount of payments.

Leaders of the untainted members have been investigating with a view to unseating their colleagues against whom sufficient evidence is presented. It is entirely in the hands of each branch of the Assembly to deal with its own members, but a two-thirds vote is required. That this can be obtained in the Senate is not expected, while it probably would be difficult in the House. Unless resignations follow the Legislature may present the spectacle of members sitting in good legal standing while awaiting trial on charges of bribery.

Gov. Harmon declared to-day that the Legislature must stay in session until the investigation reached the last recesses of legislative corruption. The Governor will consent to no adjournment while the investigation is on, regardless of how long it continues.

INTERVENTION SEEMS NOW A POSSIBILITY

Washington Fears It Will Be Forced on This Country by the Helplessness of Diaz.

MR. TAFT VERY UNWILLING

Repeats That He Will Take No Action Unless Congress Directs It—Test of Troops' Mobility.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The greatest interest was manifested in Administration circles to-day in Mr. Bonsal's dispatch from Mexico City printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning picturing the gravity of the situation of the Diaz Government.

Mr. Bonsal's message is quite in keeping with information which has reached the State Department from its own sources in Mexico. Official telegrams which were received in Washington this afternoon give no brighter view of the situation than that contained in THE TIMES's dispatch.

There is no gainsaying the fact that this information is of most serious import to this Government. The Administration has been hoping fervently that the peace negotiations with Francisco I. Madero would lead eventually to a settlement of the Mexican troubles, which would remove the load of unpleasant responsibility from this Government. But the information from Mexico City tends to justify the fear that, after all, Madero may not be able to control the revolutionary sentiment in his country, and that, even if he is willing to make peace so far as his forces are concerned, that will not end the matter.

The fact is, the power which Gen. Diaz has wielded for so long is almost gone. The old strong organization is disintegrating. The system of law and order is disrupted, and the Mexican Government is almost in a state of liquefaction.

Despite the fact that this all points toward the ultimate necessity of intervention by the United States for the restoration of order and the establishment of a stable Government, President Taft is still hopeful that something may develop which will avoid this eventuality. He reiterated this evening what he has said several times recently—that he will not order any troops into Mexico on his own motion and that Congress will have to direct intervention before any step toward it is taken by him. The President is extremely loath to take such action, and will not discuss it even as an ultimate possibility further than to declare that it will not be undertaken except on the direction of Congress.

But there is no ignoring the fact that events are tending to force Congress to take cognizance of the Mexican situation. Through the protest of the German representative in Mexico City a third foreign Government became actively interested in the matter. Spain had already become involved, following the representations made by the United States.

What action the German Government will take in following up the protest of its representative in Mexico City remains to be seen. The continued helplessness of the Diaz Government to protect the persons and property of foreigners is bound before much longer to bring to the United States from such Governments suggestions or requests that this Government take action to put an end to the disorder.

When that time comes the point will have been reached where the President will probably feel compelled to refer the whole case to Congress. Thus far there has been almost no disposition manifested in Congress to criticise the action of the Administration regarding the Mexican trouble, and the expectation is that, whenever the President finds himself forced by circumstances to lay the whole situation before Congress, action will be taken promptly giving him full authority to deal with the matter.

The forces of the United States Army and Navy, as now distributed near Mexico, embrace 2,000 marines in camp at Guantanamo, which force may be increased by detachments from New York, Philadelphia, and Norfolk; thirty-six companies of coast artillery in a provisional brigade at Galveston; the manoeuvre division in camp at San Antonio, consisting of nine regiments of infantry, two regiments of field artillery, and four regiments of cavalry; two regiments of infantry and two regiments of cavalry patrolling the border, and two regiments of infantry and six companies of coast artillery at San Diego, Cal.

The navy has in various vessels stationed on the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts upward of 10,000 bluejackets.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, May 3.—Major Gen. Carter, commanding the division of regulars, issued an order this afternoon which when put into execution early to-morrow morning will prove whether or not the division is in shape to move at a moment's notice. None of the officers outside the division staff had any inkling that such an order was to be issued, and when at 6 P. M. the headquarters orderlies delivered the order to the brigade commanders the great camp became immediately a bustling, excited place.

The enlisted men in particular became greatly wrought up, for when they got wind of what was going on in the brigade camps they promptly concluded that they were going to the border and they rejoiced accordingly. When they learned that eighteen miles would be about the length of the advance they were correspondingly downcast.

Gen. Carter in issuing the order simulated actual war conditions as nearly as possible. The camp knew that something was about to happen, but the puzzle was, what was it? The questions began at 3:25 P. M., when Aviator Frank Coffyn and Lieut. Foulois ascended from in front of Gen. Carter's headquarters' tent in the Wright aeroplane. The machine did not circle the camp as usual, but headed straight for the open country and disappeared. In half an hour it reappeared and Coffyn landed it in front of Gen. Carter's headquarters, and Lieut. Foulois delivered to Col. Mills, the Chief of Staff, a report of a supposed reconnoissance in time of war.

A little later Capt. Malin Craig of the General Staff was sending out the orders to the brigade commanders to get ready to move their commands. To-morrow morning, when San Antonio awakes, if the order works as is expected, there will be practically no soldiers left here. The troops will get under way about dawn, moving by brigades. To-night orderlies are rushing about the city giving word to officers to report back into camp, the result being many unfinished dinner parties and other social engagements.

It was announced to-day that fifteen more officers have been assigned to duty as aviators. The officers were asked to state their preference as to machines, and of the fifteen eleven selected the Wright and three the Curtiss, while one is undecided.

Wagons draped in the American flag and bearing big signs reading "Work for Peace in Bleeding Mexico" were driven through the streets of San Antonio this afternoon. Who made the plea for peace was not disclosed.

THROUGH CARS TO CALIFORNIA.
Yellowstone-Alaska-Grand Canyon. May and June. Raymond-Whitcomb Co., 225 Fifth Ave. Booklets. —Adv.

TO CHICAGO IN 16 HOURS.

New York Central Can Do It via Michigan Central, Says Vice President.

With the improvements which have been made on the New York Central system, including the abolition of the car ferry on the Michigan Central at Detroit, it has been made possible to put on a faster train to Chicago whenever the demand for something quicker than the Twentieth Century arises.

Vice President Carstensen has told friends recently that with a few hours' notice the Central could put on a sixteen-hour train to Chicago, via the Michigan Central.

MRS. CARNEGIE BETTER.

Was Attacked by Nose Bleeding at Baltimore Peace Conference.

BALTIMORE, May 3.—Unknown to her husband, who occupied a seat on the stage of the Lyric Theatre during the peace conference, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie was attacked by a hemorrhage from the nose in one of the boxes this afternoon. She was removed to an anteroom, and after receiving medical attention was able to go to her hotel.

Mrs. Carnegie was able to accompany her husband to Washington later in the day, and presently recovered.

CAPT. HOUGH'S WIFE SUES.

Seeks Divorce from Navy Surgeon on the New Hampshire.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., May 3.—Mrs. Mabelle Moore Hough, wife of Capt. Pennybaker W. Hough, a surgeon in the United States Navy, now with the battleship New Hampshire, has instituted suit in the Circuit Court of Elizabeth City County, Va., asking for an absolute divorce from her husband. The papers in the suit have not been filed with the clerk of the court, and Mrs. Hough's attorney declines to discuss the probable grounds of her action.

Capt. Hough is a graduate of the University of Virginia and is widely known in navy circles. Mrs. Hough was Miss Moore of Albemarle. She is now living in Richmond.

BLIND MAN AN ART CRITIC.

Makes Fun of Goliath's Whiskers in Kansas City's Library Gallery.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 3.—A blind man as a critic of art appeared at the Western Gallery of Art in the public library here yesterday, and in showing those in charge defects in various statues proved his knowledge. When he came into the building he asked an assistant to show him around, so that he could "study."

The first thing the blind man touched was a statue of David, with Goliath's head at the base. After carefully feeling the head of Goliath, he chuckled and said:

"Why, look at his whiskers; no one, even Goliath, ever wore whiskers parted in that fashion."

After criticising a few other statues he left refusing to tell where he lived, but saying his name was Jackson.

ARMY AIRSHIP WRECKED.

Lieut. Beck Has Narrow Escape in Descending When Engine Stopped.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, May 3.—First Lieut. Paul W. Beck, Chief of the Army Aero Corps, had a narrow escape from serious injury late this afternoon. The engine of the Curtiss aeroplane he was flying stopped when 800 feet above the city water reservoir, at the rear of Gen. Carter's headquarters, compelling him to descend.

He landed in a wilderness of mesquite and cactus on the banks of the reservoir. The planes and the wheels of the aeroplane were wrecked, but Lieut. Beck escaped without a scratch.

Yesterday Lieut. Walker, flying the same machine, fell over 150 feet, but was ten feet from the ground when the machine righted itself and he was able to make a safe landing.

$150,000 IN OPIUM BURNED.

Had Been Seized by United States Customs Agents on Texas Border.

EL PASO, Texas, May 3.—More than $150,000 worth of opium was burned yesterday under direction of Deputy United States Marshal H. R. Hillebrand.

The opium had been seized at different times by customs officers.

MAGRUE FREED BY DIX.

Not In Kentucky When Crime Madden Charged Was Done.

Enoch G. Magrue, a broker of 167 West Ninety-ninth Street, who was arrested on Saturday on a warrant indorsed by Gov. Dix, charging that he was a fugitive from justice in Kentucky, was released last night after a review and rehearing of his case by the Governor, who revoked his indorsement.

The proceedings against Magrue were instituted by John E. Madden, the horseman, who has been engaged in much litigation involving Mrs. Louis V. Bell, sister of Mr. Magrue, who obtained a divorce from Madden in 1906. Gov. Dix, in issuing the revocation of his extradition warrant, stated that the evidence showed Magrue was not in Kentucky when the alleged crime was committed.

RUSHING COURT HOUSE BILL.

Friends of City Hall Site Hope to Put It Through the Assembly.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—The Stilwell bill, which, if it becomes law, would result in the erection of the proposed new Court House for New York County in the City Hall Park, was handed down in the Assembly to-day after its passage in the Senate. In the lower house it was referred to the Cities Committee, of which Assemblyman James A. Foley, who represents the district of Tammany Leader Murphy in the Legislature, is Chairman.

Powerful influences are at work at the Capitol for the purpose of railroading the bill through the Assembly, but it should be said in justice to Tammany Hall that this scheme so far has received no encouragement either from Leader Murphy or from the men who most closely represent him here. Many of these legislators, if they are not subjected to undue importunities, would be glad to aid in defeating the bill.

It was learned to-day that the passage of the bill through the upper house had been accelerated by one of the Supreme Court Justices from New York County. This Judge brought word to the Capitol that Mayor Gaynor was heartily in favor of the plan of having the Justices, a majority of whom are known to favor the City Hall Park as a building site, carry out that plan. Mayor Gaynor, certain Senators were told, had promised to approve the bill if it passed both houses. It was on the representation that he was anxious to have the bill passed that it was rushed to third reading in the Senate on a busy Monday night.

DYSPEPTICS NEED Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Especially recommended for relief of sour stomach, sick headache, and nausea—an excellent appetizer. —Adv.

ANARCHY RULES MEXICAN STATES

Unless Diaz and Madero Agree Within a Few Days They May Be Unable to Restore Order

TROOPS SENT TO CUERNAVACA

Five Rebels to be Made Federal Generals One of the Reported Demands by Madero.

1,200 TROOPS DISAPPEAR

No Word from Force Sent Against Chietla—Fight Near the Capital Expected Hourly.

ZACATECAS IS IN STRAITS

Governor Orders Schools and Courts Closed—Rebels Make Levy on Ranch of a Frenchman.

By STEPHEN BONSAL,
Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

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MEXICO CITY, May 3.—All day long the rattle of firecrackers, sounding very much like that of musketry firing, has rung in our ears; but it is only the masons and bricklayers of the capital, who are celebrating Holy Cross Day in this way and with copious libations of pulque.

When it is recalled, and few forget it long, that we are living over a powder magazine which one drunken man can explode, it is discouraging to see the great number of drunkards who are staggering about the streets to-night and the comparatively few who have already gone to sleep in the gutters. Perhaps this is a case where there is safety in numbers.

Soldiers Start for Cuernavaca.

It is cheerfully admitted—in view of the straits to which the Government finds itself reduced and in appreciation of the emergency which may arise at any moment—that the Diaz Government has made all the response it could, and more than was expected, to the notes of the American Ambassador and the German Chargé d'Affaires demanding the protecting of their nationals who have been isolated in Cuernavaca by the advance of the insurgents. Two hundred and fifty soldiers were this morning detached from the slender force which is now defending the seat of Government and started in an armored car over the mountains to Cuernavaca. They went under the command of Col. Huerta, from whom I understand no news has been received since his departure. There is apparently little hope of their getting through.

Strong Searchlights Mounted.

To-night the field pieces of the garrison are in position as usual guarding the approaches to the city, and cavalry patrols are making their tireless circuits of the streets. Practically the whole garrison and every gendarme and every rurale is on foot or horseback. At the end of every street or avenue where it dies away into the surrounding country huddle a handful of soldiers.

Exceedingly powerful searchlights have been gotten into position to-day at four commanding points, and they are lighting up the environs as clear as day. One is at Contreras, another at Tizapan, a third sheds light from Penon, and a fourth is somewhere behind Chapultepec.

With all these precautions taken it seems unlikely that an attack from the outside would have the advantage of a surprise, but should the attack originate in the city it is difficult to say what would happen or how it could be faced.

Diaz Must Act Quickly.

Conservative opinion here to-night is that unless President Diaz and Gen. Madero get together on peace terms within forty-eight hours it will be too late, for their united forces would be far too weak to control the situation.

There is some discontent and even murmuring here among the Federal officers owing to the announcement—though it is by no means official—that one of the demands of the revolutionists is that five soldiers fro mtheir ranks, including Orozco, Francisco Villa, and Figueroa, shall have the rank of Generals in the Federal Army. It must be hard to have a man you have been chasing as a bandit for five months promoted over your head, but it has happened in Mexico and elsewhere before.

Robbery of Americans.

The occupants of the Pullman car who were robbed by insurgents on the Oaxaca express train last evening when near Puebla reached here this morning and were quite angry at their misadventure until they heard of the fate of their fellow-travelers near Cuernavaca.

It seems that the ordinary travelers in this case were let alone, but the occupants of the Pullman car, in which were four Americans, were relieved of

their valuables without any distinction as to nationality whatsoever.

The Associated Press announces here that the modified Mexican note reached Washington the day before yesterday. There must be some mistake, as the note left here on April 19. The note is practically as published in THE NEW YORK TIMES, except that, as I have already cabled, the allegation that American troops crossed the border and disarmed the Mexican soldiers is omitted.

ANARCHY ALL OVER MEXICO.

Even with Madero's Aid It May Be Impossible to Restore Order.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. From Another Correspondent.

MEXICO CITY, May 3.—There is no denying the fact that the situation in Mexico is more perilous than ever. This may be the proverbial darkness before the dawn, but a statement of the Foreign Office that Gen. Madero will be expected to restore tranquillity in the country tends to dispel the little remaining hope of the success of the peace negotiations. It is now certain that the situation is beyond the control of any party. Restoration of order in the country will be the work of months under any circumstances. Peace with Gen. Madero, however, would greatly simplify the problem.

That at least 2,000 rebels are camped within forty miles of Mexico City is the report brought by Carlos Carnes, a resident of this city, who returned to-night by automobile from Cuernavaca. The 400 Federals marching toward Cuernavaca are avoiding an engagement until the full strength of the rebels is ascertained.

One of the leaders of the rebels is Arriaga, formerly an employe of the National Packing Company and well known here. He knows Carnes and passed him through the insurrecto lines.

All the wires along the National line are cut, including the Associated Press leased wire.

A state of anarchy prevails in the interior of the States of Puebla, Morelos, Guerrero, Durango, Sonora, and Coahuila, and in sections of nearly every other State in the republic, with the exception of Oaxaca and Chiapas and the Federal District.

Conditions in the State of Zacatecas have become so bad that the Governor has issued a proclamation saying that on account of the looting of Government funds by the rebels and the impossibility of collecting taxes he can make no promises as to when the salaries of school teachers, Judges, and minor officials can be met. All branch offices of the rent-collecting department have been ordered closed and the courts and schools in the affected districts are now closed.

Prices Higher at Capital.

The Mexican Central Railroad to Cuernavaca is still out of commission, with the result that higher prices for vegetables and fruits are ruling here. An important feeder for the city markets, the town of Yautepec, Morelos, an important place near Cuernavaca, is in the hands of the rebels. Anarchy is reigning at Amecameca, a town at the base of Mount Popocatepetl, another resort that usually is especially popular at this time of the year. It fell yesterday.

Salinas, an important town near San Luis Potosi, is in the hands of the rebels.

Last night's mail advices from the north report a desperate condition in the rich Laguna district. The loss in cotton and guayule rubber will run into the millions, and Americans will be heavy losers. The Guggenheim smelters are doing nothing but keeping up their fires. The uncertainty of transportation stops ore or other freights from any part of the republic.

The cause of the explosion which delayed the Laredo train yesterday was dynamite in the coal. Every incoming train on any railroad is subject to search by the rebels for soldiers. The passengers are seldom molested.

Frenchman's Money Taken.

On account of damage to all the wires in Durango State the fall of the capital city has not yet been confirmed. Col. Triana, a rebel leader, has sacked the American mining town of Mapaml, but the American stores and interests were unmolested. Gen. Luis Moya has made a forced loan of 5,000 pesos from the funds of the ranch of Isidorio Samuels, a wealthy local Franchman.

There has been no word for two days in relation to Gen. Blanquet and 1,200 Federal soldiers who are in the interior of Puebla. They went to take Chietla from the rebels, and not even a courier has been sent since their departure.

News of an important engagement between the rebels and a Federal force sent to the relief of Cuernavaca is expected hourly. The proximity of the actual fighting to the capital city has caused more unrest here than at any time before.

The Minister of War denies vehemently a report from El Paso that soldiers have been smuggled through the United States to Juarez disguised as laborers.

The return of Gen. Reyes is the cause of much disapproval, as most people feel certain that he will use his influence with the Government for a finish fight. As the organizer of an army of proved success, however, his taking charge will strengthen the present disorganized Federal forces.

FALL OF MAZATLAN REPORTED.

A Thousand Americans Penned Up There—Attack on Nogales Planned.

TUCSON, Ariz., May 3.—A Mexican arriving from Guayamas on a delayed train to-day said it was reported when he left there that Mazatlan had fallen into the hands of the rebels. He said that the telegraph wire was working for a brief period and that the news of the capture of Mazatlan was flashed at that time.

NOGALES, Ariz., May 3.—It is believed that the rebels of Sonora are about to begin a campaign against Nogales, Mexico, across the international border from here. American officers report that 400 insurrectos are encamped two miles west of Nogales, and another band of equal size is three miles west of the United States Custom House. The insurrectos are evidently awaiting the result of the peace negotiations.

Should the rebels attack from both sides, as they are planning, the falling of bullets into a United States town, as in Douglas, Ariz., will be repeated. The Mexican town of Nogales is just across the line from Nogales, Ariz., and the two are, in fact, but a single town. A street marks the international boundary line. Nogales is the border terminus of the Southern Pacific Railroad lines in Mexico, and is an important port of entry.

CHILPANCINGO, Guerrero, Mexico, May 3.—Reports received by the Acting Governor of this State tell of the death of one Jefe Politico and the capture of another.

The Jefe Politico of Ometepeo, Manuel Garcia, was killed in an attack upon that town.

Alberto Jiminez, the Jefe Politico of Acapulco, started in pursuit of the rebels menacing the little port. He was accompanied by a handful of rurales. Both he and his escort were captured.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., May 3.—Refugees from Guayamas arriving here to-day say that when they began their journey 1,000 Americans were penned up in Mazatlan, unable to get away because of the severed connections of the railroad, and unable to get word to Washington to send a warship to take them away.

Mexican gunboats in Mazatlan Harbor prevented any egress by sea, while the rebels had the city surrounded on the land side when the last news came from the city. Wire communication with Mazatlan is interrupted.

An attack on Agua Prieta is expected within two or three days. If it is made this city will come under a fire from the rebels more direct than any heretofore experienced. The Federal garrison has so arranged its fortifications that an attacking force must fire directly into the people of the United States over the border.

Directly south of Agua Prieta the Federals have done most of their work, erecting heavy intrenchments with adobe barricades and sand bags. In the exact centre of the line of intrenchments they have erected an adobe blockhouse with a platform on which to mount machine guns. The attacking rebels, firing from any angle, will shoot directly toward Douglas, and only bullets stopped by the blockhouse itself or buildings in Agua Prieta, will fail to cross the international line.

United States cavalry officers are in possession of this information and Washington has been advised of the danger to United States citizens.

Reports were received to-day from the Mexican side of the line, based on what seemed to be good authority, that the rebel leaders of Sonora succeeded in getting two machine guns and a breech-loading three-inch field piece across the international boundary near here last night.

The guns came in over the Southern Pacific Railroad to Tucson, whence they were hauled in two wagons, with plenty of ammunition, through the forest and across the border line. It is announced that the rebels intend to use them in the next attack on Agua Prieta.

MADERO MEETS CARBAJAL.

Peace Conferences Begin To-day—Armistice Extended.

EL PASO, May 3.—Shaded from the sun's heat by a cottonwood grove at the foot of the barren hill over which the insurrecto army not long ago had threatened to make its way into the City of Juarez, Francisco I. Madero, Jr., the revolutionist leader, clasped hands to-day with Judge Francisco Carbajal, official peace envoy of the Mexican Government, thus inaugurating formal peace negotiations between the warring factions of the Republic.

As Judge Carbajal's credentials had instructed him to deal with Francisco I. Madero, Jr., as leader of the revolution, the two men met on neutral ground and talked alone for nearly an hour. They arranged the preliminary details of the first conference, which will begin at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Judge Carbajal first called on Gen. Navarro, the Federal commander of Juarez, accompanied by Señors Braniff and Obregon, who have acted as go-betweens in the negotiations. They proceeded by automobile to the meeting place, where Judge Carbajal and Señor Obregon alighted.

Señor Braniff continued over the loose sand beside the muddy Rio Grande to the Madero camp. A few minutes later Madero entered the automobile, wearing a felt hat, around which was a gaudy colored band, the revolutionist insignia. He was followed by a troop of cavalry, who escorted him to the meeting ground. Gen. Orozco and Col. Francisco Villar rode beside him.

On the meeting ground the entire escort dismounted and remained at a respectful distance while Judge Carbajal and Gen. Madero sat in the automobile alone, arranging details of the conferences that are to follow.

A squad of United States troopers basked in the sun near the water's edge across the international line and munched peanuts, idly observing the scene across the river.

It was arranged that the scene of the peace negotiations should be sacred to the envoys, no one else being allowed hereafter to come within a radius of 100 yards of the spot. Even Señors Braniff and Obregon, who are unofficial advisers to Judge Carbajal, each day will await the Judge outside the reserved space. Gen. Madero will not participate in the conferences, being represented by Dr. Vasquez Gomez, Francisco Madero, Sr., and Pino Suarez.

At the conclusion of to-day's meeting, which lasted one hour, Gen. Madero declared that he had examined Judge Carbajal's credentials and found them satisfactory in every respect. He also said he had exchanged "general impressions" with Judge Carbajal as to the procedure to be followed by the peace commissioners.

The three days' prolongation of the armistice went into effect at noon today. It includes Ojinaga.

Judge Carbajal was asked this morning what he believed were the prospects for peace.

"They are very bright," he said.

"Do you carry proposals to be made to the revolutionists or have you been instructed merely to transmit their ideas to the Federal Government for consideration?

"I have full power to act. I will receive the revolutionists' proposals and submit some that I have. It will be a continuous exchange of views until we arrive at a definite agreement. Of course that will have to be ratified by the Government."

Judge Carbajal is believed to have been instructed to deal with the grave question of Diaz's resignation in as diplomatic a manner as possible. He is believed to be ready to persuade the rebels that Diaz eventually intends to resign, perhaps within a short time, and that the appearance of a forced resignation would have a disquieting effect on the people.

Insurrecto leaders declare that the Federals have violated the terms of the armistice by bringing reinforcements into Juarez disguised as laborers. These men are said to have entered the United States by way of Laredo, and then to have crossed from El Paso into the Mexican City. Gen. Madero called the attention of Gen. Navarro to the matter in the following letter to-day:

"I am informed that during the armistice Federal soldiers disguised as workingmen have entered Juarez from the American side. At first I did not care to notice these rumors, but investigation shows the reports to have some basis, and I would appreciate an explanation."

Gen. Navarro denied the reports.

MEXICO CITY, May 3.—Ambrosia Figueroa, who is a brother of the head of the revolutionary forces in Guerrero and Morales, is here to arrange an armistice with President Diaz, having been summoned by the latter.

The War Department to-day denied the assertion of the rebels that Gen. Navarro had violated the armistice by moving soldiers disguised as workmen from the American side into Juarez.

Mosby Turned Over to Americans.

TECATE, Cal., May 3.—"Jack" Mosby, who was leader of a rebel band which marched north from Alamo to Tecate, Lower California, and who was badly wounded in a brush with Mexican rurales, was turned over to the United States troops here to-day by his own men. They did it to save his life, they said.

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING, entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL
FOR DINNER THIS BEAUTIFUL RESTAURANT OFFERS SERVICE OF THE HIGHEST EXCELLENCE A LA CARTE, OR IF DESIRED, AT FIXED PRICE $1.25.

AFTER NO TERRITORY IN PEACE AIMS--TAFT

Tells Baltimore Assemblage Our Efforts Are Hampered by Suspicious Nations.

CARNEGIE EULOGIZES HIM

Asks Our Politicians to Sink the Partisan in the Patriot—Gibbons and Hamilton Holt Speak.

BALTIMORE, May 3.—President Taft opened the Third National Peace Congress here to-day in the presence of a crowd that packed the Lyric to the doors. On the platform with the President were Cardinal Gibbons, Secretary of War Dickinson, Andrew Carnegie, Senator Gore of Oklahoma, Hamilton Holt of New York, and other well-known men.

The congress is held under the auspices of all the leading societies of America devoted to the settlement of international disputes by means other than war. During the sessions, which will continue until Saturday, some of the foremost men of this and other foreign countries will be heard, all arguing for one subject, the adoption of permanent peace by all nations.

The President expressed the belief that all who understood the situation are agreed that an arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain would be a step in the direction of universal peace.

"But," said the President, "it is a step. We are dealing with a world that is fallible. Reforms that are worth having are brought about little by little and not at one blow. I think that we will do better if we realize the difficulties there are to opening the gate of universal peace with one key and in one year."

The President declared that he did not wish to discuss specifically at this time the proposed treaty with England while it was still in the process of negotiation. But in the peace societies that exist throughout the country the President found a subject upon which he could talk without treading on ground that might be diplomatically dangerous. In the consolidation of the peace societies the President thought lay one means to the end for which they were all seeking.

We Seek No Territory.

This Government, the President said, was hampered in any attempt it might make to bring peace in this hemisphere by the suspicions of the other nations.

"There is not any desire for territorial aggrandizement in this country," said the President. "The people would not permit the Government to take any territory, if it would, or to interfere except to aid these foreign Governments and foreign people to maintain peace and order within their borders.

The President made no mention specifically of Mexico, but to those who heard him it was evient that the troubled situation there and the suspicion in the South American republics as to the intention of this Nation in regard to its Southern neighbors had inspired him. The President had been speaking of the recurrence of internal disturbances in countries not so well able as the United States to maintain order and peace, and had said that it was incumbent upon the great nations of "this hemisphere to exercise their kindly and peaceful influence as much as possible."

"We have had wars and we know the horrors and burdens they bring and would have none of them," the President went on. "But we have attained great prosperity and have been powerful in our community, and therefore on us is the responsibility for peace in our neighborhood and the burden of helping the nations that cannot help themselves, if we can do it effectively."

Andrew Carnegie eulogized Mr. Taft as the "great peace compelling ruler," who had laid the axe at the stronghold of international war. That stronghold, he said, lay in the fallacy that nations could not submit to arbitration questions affecting their honor or vital interests without losing their sovereignty, which only meant, however, their fancied dignity. The truth was that the nation which could not so submit every question was already bereft of sovereignty, which means power to do what it pleases.

"To President Taft's appeal to the world," Mr. Carnegie continued, "there came such response across the sea from the other branch of our English-speaking race as had never been made to any appeal before. The leaders of parties in Britain sunk the partisan in the patriot, touched by the President's appeal.

Party Issues Fade Before Peace.

"Here Britain knows nothing of party, for all parties co-operate, a sublime spectacle, proving that party issues fade in the presence of the high moral issue which leads nations to peace. What of our own statesmen, leaders of party? Are they to emulate their compeers of Britain? My prediction is that they will, and that our Republic will prove to the world that politics with us are only skin deep, and that our statesmen rise above party.

"I occupy a strange position; Britain is my motherland, the Republic my wife-land. I love them both, as mother and as wife, and to see my native and adopted lands in hand leading the world to peace would add a new charm to my life."

Cardinal Gibbons said he was persuaded that the signing of a treaty of arbitration between Great Britain and the United States would not only be a source of incalculable blessing to these two great powers, but would go far towards the maintenance of permanent international peace throughout the civilized world.

Hamilton Holt thus sketched the peace programme to be followed:

"First an unlimited arbitration treaty between Great Britain and the United States; second, a League of Peace; third, the Federation of the World.

"Those are the successive steps," he said, "toward achieving the end of wars and the lasting peace of mankind.

Birth of the United Nations.

"At present international law has reached the same state of development that private or municipal law had attained in the tenth century," Mr. Holt continued. "Nations to-day are in the same stage of development that the American colonies were at about the time of their first confederation. As the United States came into existence by the establishment of the Articles of Confederation and the Continental Congress, so the 'United Nations' at this present moment exists by the fact of The Hague Court and the recurring Hague Conferences, The Hague Court being the promise of the Supreme Court of the World, and The Hague Conferences being the prophecy of the Parliament of Man.

"Any League of Peace likely to be established in the immediate future must differ from all previous and present leagues, alliances and confederations in its total abstinence from the use of force. To project a League of Peace at the present moment, with a specially constituted international force at its disposal, would instantly beget suspicion, if not alarm, on the part of all nations not requested to join. They would consider it an alliance against themselves, and would very likely proceed forthwith to start a counter alliance to preserve the balance of power.

"With the idea in view, then, that the League of Peace shall not have any specially constituted army and navy at its disposal, I offer for whatever they may be worth, the following suggestions:

"First, the nations in the league shall refer all disputes of whatsoever nature to arbitration.

"Second, The Hague Court or other duly constituted courts shall decide all disputes that cannot be settled by diplomacy.

"Third, the league shall provide a periodical convention or assembly to make all rules for the league, such rules to become law unless vetoed by a nation within a stated period.

"Fourth, each member of the league shall have the right to withdraw on due notice.

"It is conceivable that such a league might in time reduce tariffs and postal rates and in a thousand other ways promote commerce and comity among the members.

"Surely the first step to bring about such a league is to conclude the arbitration treaty now being negotiated with Great Britain. As surely as daylight follows dawn it will be followed by similar treaties. Indeed it is by no means impossible that there will be a race between England and Japan on one hand and France and the United States on the other to see which can conclude the second model arbitration treaty of the world."

INTERVIEW NOT CORRAL'S.

Report That the Remarks Were Really Made by a Spaniard.

MADRID, May 3.—The interview attributed to Vice President Corral of Mexico, but since repudiated by him, in which he was made to say that the Mexican rebellion had been fomented by Americans, appears to have originated in remarks made by Inego Noriega, a Spanish capitalist, whose guest Señor Corral was at Colambres in Asturias.

After a consultation with physicians and possibly an operation in Berlin, the Vice President will return to Spain and again be the guest of Señor Noriega.

GAYNOR IS GRIEVED, BUT LETS HYDE GO

Continued from Page 1.

Street. With them in their new suite are Clarence B. Campbell and Warren L. Neu.

Quoting a Jubilant Cummins.

The authorities who are investigating the Carnegie Trust muddle were enlightened further yesterday about the occurrences of Aug. 22 last, the day on which City Chamberlain Hyde, Joseph G. Robin, William J. Cummins, and Joseph B. Reichmann conferred in Mr. Hyde's law office.

It was learned that directly after the conference Cummins made a few interesting remarks concerning Mr. Hyde to Assistant Postmaster Thomas Murphy, who had accompanied Robin to the conference and waited outside. According to the information that has reached the authorities Cummins was jubilant because Robin had agreed to aid the Carnegie Trust with a loan of $150,000, and said to Mr. Murphy.

"We are glad to know you, Mr. Murphy. The gentleman who has just been introduced to City Chamberlain Hyde has done a great night's work for himself. He has just made himself solid with the biggest Democrat in America—the man who owns the next President of the United States. You want to keep on terms of friendship with Mr. Robin, because he stands well with Charlie Hyde now. When Mayor Gaynor is elected President you can get a Postmastership, an Ambassadorship, or most anything you want."

Deputy City Chamberlain Walsh, whose name appeared in the list of twenty-three witnesses on the back of the indictment against Chamberlain Hyde, was before the Grand Jury again yesterday. Mr. Walsh told the authorities a few days ago that he could not remember the date on which Chamberlain Hyde instructed him to increase the city's balances in the Northern Bank. Yesterday he was also unable to fix the date.

Another Grand Jury witness yesterday was Jordan J. Rollins, of Rollins & Rollins, counsel for the State Banking Department in liquidation matters. Mr. Rollins, who was formerly counsel for Cummins, wrote the letter to Mr. Hyde, introducing Mr. Cummins as a man of high standing and business integrity and a close friend of Clark Williams, former State Superintendent of Banks.

Although no inkling of what Mr. Rollins testified to before the Grand Jury was to be obtained, it was learned that he wrote the letter of introduction at Mr. Cummins's request and that he did not know as much about the banker at that time as he did subsequently. He regretted having written the letter, regretted, in fact, ever having had any business transactions with Cummins.

Mr. Rollins explained that he had endeavored to help Cummins and his associates straighten out the financial tangle in which they found themselves, believing that they were acting in good faith, but that he had subsequently obtained information which led him to retire as their counsel.

Joseph T. Howell, the last President of the Carnegie Trust, who is at present in Nashville, Tenn., will appear before the Grand Jury to-morrow. His counsel, Paul D. Cravath, called upon District Attorney Whitman yesterday and assured Mr. Whitman that his client would be on hand and was quite willing to aid the prosecution in any way. Mr. Howell's testimony is expected to be useful in the investigation of the State Banking Department, as the authorities are anxious to learn from as many sources as possible just what assurances, if any, were given that Andrew Carnegie was willing to come to the aid of the Carnegie Trust in a last extremity. Mr. Carnegie says he gave no such assurances. State Banking Superintendent Cheney says such assurances were given.

Mr. Howell accompanied Supt. Cheney to Mr. Carnegie's house on the day before the Carnegie Trust failed. He also accompanied Mr. Cheney, together with Mr. Case of White & Case to the Waldorf-Astoria on the night of Jan. 6 to get from Mr. Carnegie his last word on the Carnegie Trust. The authorities wish to hear from Mr. Howell his story of what passed between himself and Mr. Carnegie. They also wish to hear from him what Mr. Cummins had to say about his "good friend, Charlie Hyde."

Should the process servers of the District Attorney's office succeed in locating the City Chamberlain's secretary, Mr. Smith, this morning, he will be taken at once before the Grand Jury and asked to explain his reported remark that the indictment of his chief was the result of a "political conspiracy."

Rollins & Rollins, counsel for the State Banking Department, appeared yesterday in the Supreme Court and asked that a day be named for the payment of the first dividend to depositors in the Washington Savings Bank, also for the hearing of rejected claims against the Washington Savings Bank. May 15 was named by the court. It is said that the first dividend will be about 40 per cent. Depositors are expected to realize ultimately about 50 cents on the dollar.

RECEIVER FOR CONDON.

Who Testifies That He Has Money a-Plenty, but Mustn't Show Favors.

Ralph J. M. Bullowa has been appointed receiver in the supplementary proceedings instituted by the Savoy Trust Company against Martin J. Condon, President of the American Snuff Company and a Director of the Carnegie Trust Company. The Savoy has a claim, as judgment creditor, for $20,295. The judgment was recovered on March 2 on a claim for money loaned to Joseph B. Reichmann on a note indorsed by Mr. Condon. The receiver is required to give bond of $5,000. Mr. Condon resides at Pelham Manor, Westchester County, N. Y.

In his examination Mr. Condon said that he had not paid the judgment because his property was under execution in an action brought by the Savoy Trust Company, and because he had promised his creditors to show favors to none. Condon testified that he owned five and a half acres at Pelham, in which his equity was $220,000, his home property at Nashville, Tenn., in which he had a $15,000 equity, and an automobile, and that $91,000 was due him from a brokerage account with Moore & Schley.

He declared also that he had 12,500 shares of stock in the Tonopah Mining Company, in which his equity was $50,000, a $40,000 claim for money advanced to the Vita, Colorado, Mining and Smelting Company, 16,000 shares of the stock of this company, and 1,000 shares of American Snuff Company stock, and that he drew, monthly, a salary of $30,000 a year from that company as its President, that he had $6,000 on deposit in both the Carnegie Trust Company and the Second National Bank, and that a demand note payable to Benjamin N. Duke for $28,000 fell due yesterday.

CHARGE A MONOPOLY IN SHOE MACHINERY

Western Manufacturers Tell Senate Committee They Are Helpless Because of Trust.

BAILEY FOR PROSECUTION

Tariff of 45 Per Cent. on Foreign Machinery Prevents Importation—Contracts for 17 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Senate Finance Committee held its first hearing on tariff matters to-day. The hearing related to the farmers' free list bill now under debate in the House, and reciprocity will not be taken up until next Monday. All the witnesses this morning were shoe manufacturers from the Middle West, and they agreed in their testimony that the industry was under the thumb of a trust controlling the shoe factory machinery.

This trust, they said, is the United Shoe Machinery Company of Boston. The duty of 45 per cent. on machinery for the manufacture of shoes kept them from buying their equipment abroad, they testified, while the iron-bound contracts into which the trust forced them made it impossible for them to get any machinery in this country unless they got it all of the trust. These contracts, according to to-day's testimony, run for seventeen years, and competitors are thus kept out of the business from an impossibility to find customers.

Seven shoe manufacturers appeared, representing houses in Chicago, St. Louis, and Milwaukee. Most of the talking for them was done by William D'Oench of St. Louis, and the suggestion was made that the testimony before the Finance Committee be later submitted to the Department of Justice for possible action at law. Other witnesses were F. F. Selz of Chicago, Jackson Johnson of St. Louis, Mr. McElroy of St. Louis, Mr. Fitzgerald of Milwaukee, and Mr. Florsheim of Chicago.

The hearing was primarily to show why the shoe industry should not be subjected to free boots and shoes as proposed in the pending House bill, but it soon became an inquiry into the shoe machinery monopoly.

At the conclusion of the hearing Senator Bailey said:

"I think that if these hearings are transmitted to the office of the Attorney General the United Shoe Machinery Company will have trouble on its hands."

Senator Bailey did not hesitate to declare that the contracts which the Shoe Machinery Trust virtually forces manufacturers to sign are invalid. He declared that the signature of such contracts in some of the States would be a crime.

The whole Finance Committee showed decided interest in the disclosures made.

If the temper displayed at the hearing to-day by Senators who were told about the shoe machinery company is any indication there will be strenuous demand in the Senate for prosecution of the United Shoe Machinery Company and for the testing in the courts of the validity of its contracts.

Mr. D'Oench explained that the United Shoe Machinery Company, which he said was a trust, controlled the industry. The American shoe manufacturers signed leases on the machinery of the company, and at the same time had to use the material furnished by the company. The company controlled the wire used in stitching shoes.

"The shoe machinery trust owns practically all the shoe machinery in this country," said Mr. D'Oench. Senator Heyburn, Senator Smoot, and others asked if it did not control the patents on the machinery in question, and if this control was not the basis of the alleged monopoly.

"The basic patents have expired," said the witness.

He then explained that the only way the American manufacturer could get shoe machinery was to lease it from the shoe machinery trust, which at the same time furnished the wire and other parts. Mr. D'Oench said as good machines could be got in Europe but there was a 45 per cent. duty on them.

Senator Simmons asked why not abolish the duty.

"That would relieve us very much," said the witness.

Senator Smoot then asked why the American shoe manufacturers did not buy English machines and pay the duty.

"Because the United Shoe Machinery Company would come into our plants and take every machine out."

The error charged to the Tariff Board in its compilation of Canadian and American farm wages by Senator Stone, and admitted by Senators Cummins and Smoot after a long battle in defense of the board's report, resolves itself simply in a queer difference over the meaning of an English phrase. As compiled by Prof. Emery, the figures showed that farm wages in the United States are much higher than in the provinces, and this Mr. Stone explained by saying that in giving the Canadian wages Prof. Emery had failed to count in board, which is always given the laborers free.

Prof Emery's authority was the same as that quoted by Senator Stone. By this authority the Canadian figures are listed, with board included, under a general heading, "Wages of Farm Help and Board," with a sub-head making it perfectly clear that board is included. Then in another column an estimate of the board is given, which, under direction from the Canadian Chief of Census, Mr. Blue, Prof. Emery deducted from the total in order to arrive at the cash wages for comparison with the cash wages in this country. Local authorities on the English language differ as to whether "wages, with board," means to include board or to list board separately, but, in the opinion of the tariff experts, that is the only question Mr. Stone really was discussing.

COWBOY SHOT BY FRIEND.

Done in Jest While F. Woodworth, the Victim, Was in Wild West Rig.

Playing with firearms was the cause of the accidental shooting yesterday of Frederick Woodworth, 21 years old, of 68 Rutland Road, Brooklyn. He is in the Kings County Hospital in a serious condition, the doctors being unable to find the bullet. Frank E. Bader, who confesses having fired the shot, is held in $2,000 bail for felonious assault.

Woodworth, who until a short time ago was a student in the Polytechnic Institute, returned Tuesday from a trip through Texas. He spent the evening with Bader, who is an old friend of his. Bader is the proprietor of a hotel at 504 Flatbush Avenue, and shortly after midnight proposed that they go around there. With the young men was Mrs. Lulu Bader, Frank's mother.

After staying in the hotel for some time Woodworth decided to call a taxicab and go home. He called up a garage on Nevins Street, of which William Rudd is the proprietor. Of late Mr. Rudd has had much trouble with fares in Flatbush and so decided to go with the chauffeur himself and see what the trouble was. Reaching the hotel, he saw Woodworth dressed in cowboy style and carrying a large holster. The gun he had left at home. In order to complete the Wild West effect, Bader gave Woodworth his gun. Rudd asked why he was dressed in such a style, and after joking about the matter remarked that he had a gun in his pocket far superior to the cowboy's. He showed a Colt automatic revolver. Bader took it and after releasing the cartridges he pointed it at Woodworth, thinking it was no longer loaded. When he pulled the trigger there was a loud report and Woodworth fell, with a bullet in his stomach.

After the shooting, Rudd said he had procured a permit to carry a pistol because his chauffeurs have been held up several times recently in Flatbush by their fares. He said the practice of fares of this character was to instruct the chauffeur to drive to some dark corner and then to point a revolver at him and rob him of whatever money he had with him. They would then get away by scaling fences or darting through cross streets.

CITY BREVITIES.

THE TIMES has received $1 from L. J. Goldstein for the Washington Place Fire Relief Fund.

The Aldermen's Committee on Buildings will hold a public hearing at City Hall next Wednesday afternoon on the proposed amendments to the Building Code, for the better protection of factory workers.

The Bowery Corps of the Salvation Army is celebrating its eighteenth anniversary with a ten days' campaign, closing with a rally in Cooper Union on Sunday evening, at which Commander Eva Booth will preside.

Mrs. Margaret Downie of 62 Sherman Street, Astoria, recovered a verdict of $6,000 damages yesterday for the death of her husband, Thomas M. Downie, who was crushed between the slip and a ferryboat on the Ninety-second Street Line.

The tenth anniversary of the Night Workers' Mass of St. Andrew's Church in Duane Street will be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral at 2:45 A. M. next Sunday morning. Archbishop Farley will celebrate the mass. Bishop McFaul of Trenton will preach.

Five *good* reasons why you should wear *Harris Glasses*. We assure you:

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CONTRACTOR KILLS LABORER

Chased by 200 Workmen Demanding Their Pay When He Fired.

Attacked by angry laborers, who were clamoring for wages due them yesterday, James Quinn, a contractor living in Flatbush, shot one of them, Louis Meria, an Italian, twice in the abdomen. Meria was hurried to the Cumberland Street Hospital, where he died. Reserves from the Flushing Avenue Precinct were called out to suppress the rioting.

Quinn had a force of Italian laborers employed in paving the streets at Flushing Avenue and Ryerson Street. There was some wages due most of them, it was said, and they were getting restless. Yesterday morning about 200 of them met Quinn, and told him they would not do another day's work until they were paid. Quinn told them they could stop work.

When they picked up stones and began hurling them at him Quinn ran to a tool house at Flushing Avenue and Ryerson Street, and locked himself in. More stones were hurled at the house. He finally opened the door, and pleaded with his men. They would not listen to anything that meant a delay in paying them. Then Quinn broke away and ran along Flushing Avenue.

The laborers chased him and were gaining on him, when he drew his revolver and fired two shots. The crowd scattered when they saw Meria fall to the sidewalk.

Quinn continued to run. The police looked for him all day and failed to find him. He lives in a fine cottage at 20 Kenmore Place, Flatbush. Meria lived at 508 President Street.

Advertisement of JOHN DAVID
Edited by Braunash

PENCIL STRIPES are written on the first leaf of Fashion's Book. They oscillate from a hair's to an inch breadth. Extremely new — immensely "chic." They drape with the smack of the "crack" tailor.

Made by Stein-Bloch Suits $25

Irish Homespuns, so recently "over" that you can almost catch the delectable brogue of the "little Green Isle." Half silk lined—wonderfully wear-withstanding.

Made by Stein-Bloch Coat and Trousers $25 and $30

Brilliant "blazers" for the courts, the links and the nets. Picturesque as can be and harmonizing capitally with blue sky and green field.

College Colors $8.50

Athletic Underwear of cool, soothing nainsook. Soft-feeling, free-draping and made to snicker at the rub-o'-the-tub.

50 Cents One Dollar

Pure Silk Socks—we said *pure*, not *poor*. Warranted puncture-proof for a quarter of a year. *Might* sell for $1—*do* sell, the pair, for

Men's 50 Cents Women's 75 Cents

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

"That feeling of nervous exhaustion has left me"

"No, Doctor, that trip abroad wasn't necessary. Shortly after I saw you I met a friend who urged me to try Sanatogen. He was quite enthusiastic about it, and I bought a box then and there. It agreed so well with me that I continued it, and now, after six weeks, you can see for yourself that I am ever so much better. Frankly, I feel quite fit again; that feeling of nervous exhaustion has left me, my appetite is good and my sleep quite normal. I feel a bit guilty though for not having called on you before."

"Well, well—you certainly look better. But there is no need to feel guilty. I know Sanatogen very well and thought of it at the time, but felt you were so near a collapse that nothing but complete relaxation could save you. Now I must admit I rather under-estimated the value of Sanatogen, and I am glad to know I can recommend it hereafter with even more confidence than before."

This dialogue is not wholly imaginary as the above letter from a distinguished playwright will testify. Every day, in every land, physicians see evidence of the remarkable revitalizing power of Sanatogen, of its wonderful capacity to impart strength, elasticity and resistive force. Everywhere, people who have experienced the benefits of Sanatogen are fervent in praising it, and Sanatogen is worthy of such fame. As a scientific combination of pure albumen and glycero-phosphate of sodium, it stands alone as the one food-tonic capable of conveying to the debilitated organisms the very essence, the very fibre of nerve strength and endurance.

We ask you earnestly to get acquainted with Sanatogen. Investigate our claims first, if you like, and we are only too glad to have you do so. Ask your doctor about it, and in any case write at once for our book, "Our Nerves of To-morrow," the work of a physician-author, written in an absorbingly interesting style, beautifully illustrated and containing facts and information of vital interest to you. This book also contains evidence of the value of Sanatogen which is as remarkable as it is conclusive.

Sanatogen is sold in three sizes: $1.00, $1.90, $3.60

Get it from your druggist—if not obtainable from him, write

THE BAUER CHEMICAL COMPANY
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Hon. Geo. C. Perkins
U. S. Senator from California, Ex-Governor of California, writes:
"I have found Sanatogen to be a very pleasant nutrient and tonic, and extremely helpful in conditions of nervousness and poor digestion."

John Burroughs
The distinguished naturalist and author, writes:
"I think that Sanatogen did me much good—it gave me much strength, steadied my nerves and greatly improved my sleep. It comes the nearest to being a remedy for old age I have yet struck, and I want to thank you for suggesting it."

Harrison Fisher
The well-known artist, says:
"I have used Sanatogen from the first of the year and find it a wonderful tonic. I am recommending it to my overworked friends."

David Belasco
The eminent dramatic author, says:
"It gives me pleasure to let you know the wonderfully beneficial results I have experienced from the use of your Sanatogen. It has a most invigorating effect upon the nerves and I heartily recommend it to all who, like myself, are obliged to overwork. After my personal experience I can readily vouch for its recuperative qualities."

Hon. W. R. Smith
Member of Congress, writes:
"I have taken Sanatogen with undoubted benefit and sincerely recommend it as a most excellent tonic and invigorating food, especially during periods of high pressure work. Sanatogen seems to possess the very desirable property of strengthening one's nervous system in a perfectly natural, yet most effective manner."

Hon. Wm. E. Chandler
Former Sec'y of Navy, ex-Senator from N. H., writes:
"Sanatogen is a pleasant nutrient for cases of impaired digestion. It strengthens without irritating and promotes vitality in feeble folk."

You'll Never Know Water's Delights—nor its Benefits —until you've tried

Still Rock

A natural, uncharged water from the famous White Rock Springs at Waukesha, Wis. Nature's own remedy for Kidney, Stomach, and Gouty Complaints

At all leading Grocers, Druggists, Restaurants, and Cafes

VOTE FOR REMOVAL OF 11TH AVE. TRACKS

Bill Giving the New York Central Six Months to Vacate Passes Senate by 36 to 4.

2,000 KILLED IN TEN YEARS

So Senator McManus Declares—Company Admonished to Come to Terms with the City.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—The Senate to-day by a vote of 36 to 4 passed the McManus-Boylan bill for the removal of the New York Central tracks on Eleventh Avenue in New York City. The measure, which would compel the company to remove its tracks within six months unless the company in the meantime should reach an agreement with the city for some plan which would effect the required change after the proposed law goes into effect, will go to the Assembly to-morrow, and it is expected it will be passed there before the end of the week.

The bill was opposed in debate by Senators Brackett of Saratoga and Hinman of Broome, both Republicans, who declared that it was unconstitutional in that it failed to provide for reimbursing the railroad company for loss of rights guaranteed under its franchise. The opponents also declared that, as the question of the validity of the company's rights in Eleventh Avenue was now before the Court of Appeals the Legislature should await a decision from that court before passing further legislation.

Senator McManus in support of the bill declared that the question of constitutionality as heretofore had been raised for the purpose of gaining delay. Two thousand women and children, he said, had been killed in "Death" Avenue in the last ten years and the situation demanded prompt action on the part of the Legislature. There should be no undue consideration of technicalities raised. He said that the railroad company had for many years fought every measure introduced with a view of giving the residents of Eleventh Avenue the relief they sought, and even now he declared the company was renewing its former practices in attacking the bill under consideration.

URGES ELEVATED FREIGHT LINE

Tomkins's Plan for Eleventh Avenue Meets with Some Support.

The Board of Estimate's committee on the track removal question held its final hearing at City Hall yesterday. For the first time in the sessions there was an expression of opinion in favor of Dock Commissioner Tomkins's plan from sources other than himself and the New York Central.

Charles T. Terry, representing the Contractors' Protective Association, spoke against the plan of the majority of the committee, which calls for the depression of the tracks from Sixtieth to Thirtieth Streets and their discontinuance below that point.

"The elevated structure cannot be objected to on account of its unsightliness," said he, "for the neighborhood is unsightly enough as it is. Furthermore, the majority plan would compel the Central to handle all its freight below Thirtieth Street by floats."

"The elevated suggestion is not a new one," put in the Controller. "It has been suggested for twenty-five years, and the people have always prevented its advocates from putting it up."

"But I think Commissioner Tomkins has shown that the general shipping welfare of the port will be improved by the elevated," continued Mr. Terry.

"All the railroads except the Central say that they do not want the elevated, and that they would not use it," replied the Controller. "Not even the Inter-State Commerce Commission can compel a railroad to use a line that it does not find convenient."

"When the New Jersey roads find that freight is being diverted to the Central they will be anxious to use the elevated, all right," said Mr. Tomkins.

"They are using floats now and are able to compete with the Central on account of the latter's high terminal charges," replied President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen. "It is quite clear why the Central wants, or is ready to take, the elevated. It is up against it. It is in the position of taking the lesser of two evils, realizing that the surface tracks must come up in the near future."

Robert L. Hoguet spoke in favor of the Tomkins plan on behalf of the Citizens' Union. He declared that the union favors it because it can be carried out more cheaply than the majority plan.

NEW CLUB FOR FINANCIERS.

It Is Called The Recess—One of Many Similar Organizations.

ALBANY, May 3.—The Recess, a lunch club recently organized by financiers in the Wall Street district, was incorporated to-day. The directors include: George F. Baker, Jr., C. Ledyard Blair, Walter P. Bliss, G. Louis Boissevain, Franklin C. Brown, Henry P. Davison, J. Horace Harding, Joseph W. Harriman, Oliver G. Jennings, Samuel McRoberts, John H. Prentice, Mortimer L. Schiff, William A. Tucker, and Cornelius Vanderbilt.

The financial district is already well supplied with clubs at which the powers of the Street may relax at midday. The Downtown Association, one of the oldest organizations of this sort, still flourishes in its own building in Pine Street, The Lawyers Club has been an institution for many years in the Equitable Building, and the Underwriters Club also in Pine Street is another old established institution.

When the Hudson Terminal Building was completed over a year ago a number of the leading railroad and industrial leaders, with Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation at their head, organized the Railroad Club, which occupies the upper floors of the building.

DIX PRIMARY BILL IN, STIRS UP OPPOSITION

Both Sides Find Much in It to Condemn and Freely Predict Its Defeat.

OBJECT TO FORM OF BALLOT

Preferential Places Given to Straight Party Candidates—State Convention Retained.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—The Dix direct primaries bill made its appearance simultaneously in both branches of the Legislature to-day. Scarcely had an outline of its provisions become known before predictions that it would be defeated became general.

By whom the bill was drafted is not known as yet. Gov. Dix, when asked this afternoon if the bill was his measure, replied:

"Well, it has my sympathy."

There were many lawmakers, some of the Governor's own political faith, who in conversation with friends declared that the bill would need all the sympathy it could get. The bill contains all the features of the Hinman-Green bill of tragic memory that were most harshly censured by the opponents of direct primaries. In addition it contains some features which no advocate of direct primaries could countenance.

The feature that in all probability will be most severely attacked is the primary ballot proposed. It is unlike that of any other primary bill ever introduced in this State or elsewhere in that it appropriates the party emblem for use above a strictly party column which has a preferential position. In this party column all the designations for office made by the Official Committee—a nominating vehicle which has been taken over from the Hinman-Green bill—are ranged in a perpendicular row, each in a place proportionate to the importance of the office. By merely making a mark in the circle under this emblem a voter without much exertion—mental or physical—can vote a straight party ticket with ease enough to gladden the heart of any political boss.

The bill provides that nominations, other than a party nomination, may be made by petition, but it has been pointed out by friends of direct primaries at the Capitol that it would be exceedingly difficult for any independent body of voters desiring to make a fight on any one of the candidates designated by the Official Committee to do so without placing an entire ticket in the field. For in the other columns the candidates are ranged not as in the party column according to office, but in the order that the petitions of the various candidates have been filed. And to still further favor the organization primary ticket the bill gives to the custodian of primary records, who very often holds his place by grace of a political boss, absolute power to put the most formidable of the opposing independent tickets in the most disadvantageous position on the ballot.

Senator T. Harvey Ferris of Oneida and Assemblyman George A. Blauvelt of Rockland introduced the bill. It provides for the direct nomination of all candidates for public office, except those voted for by the whole State, or for town, ward, and school district officers. The State convention is retained, but delegates to all conventions and members of the various party committees are to be elected at the primaries by the direct method.

In providing for the designation of party candidates by a party committee and in requiring an official primary ballot the Dix bill follows the provisions of the Hinman-Green bill of last year. It differs from the Democratic direct primaries bill presented to the last session of the Legislature by applying the direct primaries principle to New York City as well as to the rest of the State, and by making the primary ballot, prepared by a free and easy method at home, impossible. Under the Dix bill the name of no candidate can appear in more than one place on the official primary ballot.

The advantage of having the party emblem is one which has never been accorded in any previous direct primary bill introduced in this State. The Hinman-Green bill grouped all candidates for one office under one head, the organization candidate having the advantage of heading the list for each office. Last year's bill also required the voter to make a mark for each candidate voted for.

The Ferris-Blauvelt bill provides for the direct election of delegates to the State Conventions and of members of all political committees. Provision is made for one State committeeman from each Assembly district, making a State committee of 150 members. The seventh Tuesday before election day is fixed as primary day throughout the State.

To obtain a place on the ballot by petition a candidate must have the signatures of 5 per cent. of the voters. A candidate for election as State committeeman may be designated by an Assembly district committee. A member of a party committee at a meeting for the designaiton of candidates is entitled to one vote for his unit of representation, and an additional vote for each 2,000 votes in his district, as shown by returns from the last State election.

Throughout the State each election district is made the primary district, except in New York, where two continuous election districts are made a primary district. In State Conventions the eligibility of delegates is determined by the certificate of election or by a court order, doing away with the necessity of Committees on Credentials as the eligibility of delegates cannot be questioned.

Though the Democratic platform adopted at the Rochester Convention contained a most emphatic pledge for direct primaries legislation, and while the Republican platform adopted at Saratoga contained a similar promise, though less clear, many legislators to-day declared that in their opinion there would be no direct primaries legislation this year.

The Dix bill, it was pointed out by those who were procrastinating in this vein, contains no end of ammunition which can be used both by the friends and the opponents of direct primaries to make its passage impossible. In retaining the party committee feature of the Hinman-Green bill, the bill introduced to-day has brought into the primaries fight this year the issue that was seized upon with most advantage to themselves by the opponents of direct primaries, who declared that this merely would be the means of legalizing the political boss. The Tammany members are certain to oppose the extension of the direct method to primary elections in New York City, and the up-State legislators are ready to rise in revolt against the provision for State-wide registration.

The Dix bill is likely to draw the fire from all factions in the Legislature and from friend and foe of direct primaries alike. There are other direct primary bills introduced, some by Republicans, others by Democrats, and even the Independence League has direct primary bills up before the Legislature. It was said to-day that the Democrats will oppose the Republican measure, and the Republicans, with insurgent aid, will block the passage of the Democratic measure.

There is every evidence now that there will be a game of tag over direct primaries from now until the session adjourns without having accomplished anything in the way of direct primaries legislation, which, of course, is unpopular with the leaders of both the big political parties.

Confirms Dix's Recent Appointments.

ALBANY, May 3.—The Senate to-day confirmed the nominations of Thomas F. Burnes of Brooklyn as a State Tax Commissioner and Herman Ridder of New York and Simon Rosendale of Albany as Commissioners of the State Board of Charities. Several managers of State institutions, who were nominated recently by the Governor, were also confirmed.

CHARGES AGAINST McANENY.

Discharged Employe Complains to Gov. Dix—Regarded as Trivial.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—Gov. Dix to-night made public charges which have been made against George McAneny, President of the Borough of Manhattan, by Nathaniel B. Sawyer, a discharged employe, and Mr. McAneny's reply. The Governor as yet has made no disposition of the case, but the charges are regarded as trivial.

In a sworn statement Sawyer declares that a certain quality of oil had been purchased through the order of William R. Patterson, Assistant Commissioner of Public Works, and that as a result of the use of this oil the engine in the Hall of Records over which Sawyer had supervision was damaged.

Sawyer also says that he was compelled to take orders from Charles G. Armstrong, a consulting engineer, who had no official connection with any city department. Sawyer was removed on Aug. 1, 1910, on a charge of making false accusations against Mr. Patterson, a superior officer.

In reply Mr. McAneny says that Mr. Armstrong had been engaged as an expert on mechanical affairs and that Sawyer was a civil service employe and was dismissed on charges. Furthermore, if he felt aggrieved the matter could readily have been adjusted in a court by serving a writ of mandamus to compel his re-instatement, and that Sawyer had failed to take steps to obtain such relief.

In a statement issued in New York yesterday Borough President McAneny publicly answered the charges brought by Nathaniel B. Sawyer to the attention of Gov. Dix. Mr. McAneny characterized the action as "the old case of a man who has been discharged trying to get even." He gave out a letter he had written to Sawyer after he had filed charges against Sawyer G. Armstrong, a consulting engineer in the department, and W. R. Patterson, the Assistant Commissioner of Public Works, and pointed out that Mr. Sawyer had accused them of having "conspired to injure" him when, failing to find the incompetency and inefficiency that they expected to find in the management of the Hall of Records plant, they "manufactured the evidence of such incompetence and inefficiency" by doctoring one of the samples of the oil used so as to make it appear that Sawyer had tried to mislead Mr. Armstrong as to the quality of the oil.

FAVORS NEW LIABILITY ACT.

Constitutional Amendment Proposed by Legislative Commission.

ALBANY, May 3.—The fourth and final report of the Employers' Liability Commission was made to the Senate to-day by Senator Wainwright, Chairman of the commission.

It recommends the adoption of a constitutional amendment that will meet the objections which caused the liability law passed at last year's session to be pronounced unconstitutional by the Court of Appeals. The amendment introduced by Senator Bayne follows:

> The Legislature may impose such conditions on any contracts of employment as shall be designed to protect the health or promote the safety or wellbeing of any of the parties thereto, or the public, or to make provision for the payment of compensation with or without the right of trial by jury and with or without regard to fault, to employes injured by accidents of employment, or to persons dependent upon them, either by employers, or by employers and employes or otherwise, in such manner as the Legislature may prescribe and in the exercise of the powers herein conferred the Legislature shall not be limited by Article I., Section 18, of the Constitution.

Assemblyman C. W. Philips, a member of the commission, does not agree with the report in its entirety, and is preparing a supplementary report in which some of its features are modified substantially. He expects to introduce this on Monday night.

VETOES TERCENTENARY BILL.

Dix Refuses to Extend Time for Champlain Committee's Report.

ALBANY, May 3.—Gov. Dix has vetoed Assemblyman Foley's bill extending until 1913 the time for the final report of the Lake Champlain Tercentenary Commission and reappropriating for the commission an unexpended balance of $25,833.

When the commission was created it was provided that it should report to the Legislature of 1910. Last year the time was extended a year, and the Governor believes a further extension of time undesirable, as it probably would necessitate further appropriations.

The Governor also vetoed two Criminal Code amendments relative to admission to bail as undesirable.

IN AID OF BOXING CONTESTS.

Supervision by a State Athletic Commission in Senator Frawley's Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—Senator Frawley of New York to-day introduced a bill creating a State Athletic Commission to be composed of three members appointed by the Governor, which shall have sole jurisdiction over boxing and sparring exhibitions. It would be the duty of the new board to license clubs under whose auspices boxing exhibitions are given.

The bill limits contests to fifteen rounds each and declares that boxers shall use gloves of not less than eight ounces in weight. It is provided that the commission may prohibit the appearance in the ring of fighters found guilty of fake fighting. The bill also strikes out the provision of the penal law which prohibits public sparring exhibitions.

There is nothing in the bill to restrict the powers of the police to interfere if a boxing exhibition should become brutal.

TO FORCE KOENIG'S ELECTION

Said to be Purpose of Majority in Republican County Committee.

Collin H. Woodward, Vice President of the Republican County Committee, will confer with the insurgent "Old Guard" leaders at county headquarters to-night on the question of the selection of a successor to Lloyd C. Griscom.

The majority backed by Mr. Griscom and Herbert Parsons are still "standing pat" for the election of Samuel S. Koenig. Mr. Koenig himself said yesterday that he has no intention of quitting the race and the general disposition of the majority seems to be to force his election anyway. They are confident that they can easily outvote the insurgents and that the latter will hurt their own cause by making an open break.

The insurgents still insist that they have no candidate and that their objection is not to Mr. Koenig personally, but to the manner of his selection. It is known, however, that they are determined to defeat him if possible.

State Senator Newcomb, who, it is understood, has been behind the movement to make Mr. Woodward a compromise candidate, issued this statement yesterday:

"The adjournment of the Republican County Committee without filling the vacancy caused by Mr. Griscom's retirement was due, not to increasing strength in the element known as the 'Old Guard,' but rather to the refusal of some of the members of the committe usually grouped as 'progressives' to accept a programme which they considered nasty.

"It is probable that a time has arrived when thoughtful men will decline to accept or reject men and policies merely because they are respectively dubbed progressive or otherwise. If, for instance, in order to be progressive it is necessary to support such policies as the recall, the initiative, the referendum, and the abolition of Federal regulation over the election of Senators and Representatives in Congress, or if, in order to be progressive, it is necessary to oppose the renomination of President Taft, many persons, including myself, will decline to claim the title, however decorative it may appear.

"Acting temporarily as the spokesman of members of the County Committee holding these views, the hope is expressed that factional differences in the committee may be subordinated in the search for a proper person to head the committee. Unless this can be done speedily it will be best to elect Mr. Koenig."

HOE LIBRARY SALE CLOSE TO $900,000

Total from the First Part, Which Is Not Yet Exhausted, Will Be Around $1,000,000.

SHAKESPEARE FOLIOS SOLD

First Four Net $18,300—Letter from Poe Correcting Ideas of His Habits Sells for $1,700.

The Shakespeare four folios, eight of his quartos, and his poems were the chief features at last evening's session of the Robert Hoe library sale. Daniel R. Kennedy was the auctioneer. The folios brought a total of $18,300, as follows: First folio, 1623, $13,000, (Smith;) second, 1632, $1,350, (Dodd & Livingston;) third, $3,200, (Wallace;) fourth, $750, (Dodd & Livingston.)

The bidding for the first folio was chiefly between George O. Smith, Bernard Quaritch, Dodd & Livingston, and Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach. The record price is $18,000, paid at the William C. Van Antwerp sale in London in 1907, by Dr. Rosenbach, who subsequently sold the work to Harry E. Widener of Philadelphia for about $20,000. The present copy is not so good a copy as the Antwerp. Mr. Hoe bought it for about $3,000. It is the Syston Park Library copy.

Isaac Jaggard and Edward Glount printed the first folio in 1623. It consists of nearly one thousand double column pages, and originally was sold at £1 a copy. It is estimated that the edition numbered 500 copies. It is said that the number of copies in existence exceeds one hundred and eighty, of which one-third are in America.

Only fourteen copies are in what is known as a perfect state, with the portrait by Droeshout, printed, not inlaid, on the title page, and the fly leaf facing it, with all the pages succeeding it, intact and uninjured. J. Pierpont Morgan has one of these perfect copies.

A total of $18,610 was realized by the quartos. The highest prices for these were as follows: "Henry the fift," third edition, 1608, $800, (Smith;) "King John," second edition, 1611, $2,075, (Quaritch;) "Hamlet," third edition, 1611, $3,150, (Smith;) "Henrie the fourth," fifth edition, 1613, $2,500; "King Richard the second," fourth edition, 1615, $1,810, (Smith,) and "A Midsommer Nights dreame," second edition, 1600, $2,050, (Hill.)

The rare, collected edition of "Poems; Written by Wil. Shakespeare, Gent," London, 1640, went to Smith for $2,700. A letter of Cardinal Richelieu brought $220, (Quaritch,) and a letter of Sir Walter Scott $155, (Hill.)

The total for the day was $76,884, of which $26,001 was realized at the afternoon session and $50,883 last evening. The grand total to date is $855,074. Three sessions yet remain. The entire first part's sale will be about $950,000, according to present calculations.

Other lots that sold for $500 and upward were:

"Honoré Fragonard," by Roger Portalis, Paris, 1885, on Japan paper, $500 (Smith).

First edition of "A Feast for Wormes, Set Forth in a Poeme of the History of Jonah," by Francis Quarles, London, 1620, the author's earliest publication, $800 (L. C. Harper); a record price, this being the only copy mentioned in "Auction Prices of Books" and bringing only $28 at the Griswold sale in 1880, $21 at the Ives sale in 1891, and $70 at the Lefferts sale in 1902.

Rabelais's "Works," three volumes, quarto, Amsterdam, 1741, large Holland paper copy, $1,000, (Quaritch.)

Jean Racine's "Works," seven volumes, Paris, 1768, $780, (Smith.)

"Histoire du Canada," by Gabriel Sagard-Theodat, Paris, 1636, $500, (Dodd & Livingston.)

Saint-Pierre's "Paul et Virginie," on vellum paper, Paris, 1806, originally in the library of Napoleon Bonaparte, and presented by Joseph Bonaparte to Prince Anatole Demidoff for his Napoleon Museum at San Donato, with letter of the author inserted, referring to the work, $750, (Hellman.)

"Maps of England and Wales," by Christopher Saxton, London, 1579, a complete copy of the rare original edition, $900, (Smith.)

Rare first edition of Henry W. Longfellow's "Outre Mer," with a letter of the author inserted referring to the work, $1,175, (Hill.)

The London Times, in its report April 25 of the sale of the Hoe copy of the "Boke" of St. Albans, says: "Mr. Hoe in this, as with many other of his books, was sufficiently of a vandal to have the original boards covered with vellum removed, and the book rebound in what is called 'the Club Bindery.'"

The most notable feature of the afternoon session was the sale of two autograph letters of Edgar Allan Poe, the extraordinary price of $1,700 being paid by George S. Hellman for the more important one, which is dated Feb. 29, 1848, and is thought to be unpublished. In it Poe says, in reply to the assertion that his habits were "shockingly irregular":

"The fact is this: My habits are rigorously abstemious, and I omit nothing of the natural regimen for health, i. e., I rise early, eat moderately, drink nothing but water, and take abundant and regular exercise in the open air. But this is my private life—my studious and literary life—and of course escapes the eye of the world. The desire for society comes upon me only when I have become excited by drink. Then only I go—that is, at these times only I have been in the practice of going among my friends, who, seldom, or in fact never, having seen me, unless excited, take it for granted that I am always so. Those who really know me, know better. In the meantime I shall turn the general error to account."

He then gives a résumé of the points in his philosophical lecture, published in his work, "Eureka," outlining his system of cosmic philosophy, and stating that he is confident his theories will change the whole course of science and physics. He ends the letter with this line: "I say this quietly, but I say it." The letter really will change the future biographies of Poe, as it gives his own explanation of the charge of drunken habits made against him.

Mr. Hellman said that he bought the letter for a collector, whose name he was not at liberty at present to reveal. Walter M. Hill of Chicago was Hellman's chief competitor for the letter. He was bidding for a Western collector, whose name was also withheld. Poe wrote this letter a year after his wife's death, and while he was engaged to Mrs. Sarah Helen Whitman of Providence, R. I., which engagement she canceled two days before the intended marriage, on account, as she explained, of his habits. The following year, 1849, he died at the Marine Hospital in Baltimore.

The other letter, dated Philadelphia, Nov. 19, 1842, addressed to F. W. Thomas and relating to a Custom House position which Poe hoped to get from President Tyler, was knocked down to Mr. Hill for $300.

A copy, on vellum, of Pliny's "Historia Naturalis," folio, printed by Nicolaus Jenson in Venice in 1472, brought $2,725 (Smith.) It was formerly in the Sunderland library, and is extremely rare. A few leaves are discolored and a few are repaired. The price paid is a new record, this same copy bringing $1,100 at the Sunderland library sale in 1882. The Crawford copy in 1889 and the Ashburnham copy in 1898, each on vellum, brought respectively $595 and $950. Walter M. Hill obtained an editio princeps of Plautus's "Comoediae," Venice, 1472, for $725, also a record price. The Sunderland copy sold for $450 in 1882. The Hoe copy brought $180 only at the Thorold sale in 1884 and $75 at the Brayton Ives sale in 1891.

Bernard Quaritch paid $3,100 for an editio princeps of Quintilian's "Institutiones Oratoriae," folio, Rome, 1470, the first book issued from the press of Lignamine, and the only known copy on vellum. It is a new record, the price paid at the Sunderland library sale in 1882 being $1,450. The Wills copy sold in 1894 for $1,475.

$25,500 FOR LUTHER LETTER.

Epistle to Charles V. Said to Have Been Bought for Mr. Morgan.

LEIPSIG, May 3.—At a sale of autographs to-day a letter written by Martin Luther to the Emperor Charles V. was bought by a Florence dealer for $25,500. The purchase is said to have been made for J. Pierpont Morgan.

The letter, which is in Latin, is of great historical importance. It was written in 1521, in the course of the reformer's return journey from the Diet of Worms and, describing the proceedings, defended his attitude.

The epistle was intrusted to the imperial herald, who gave Luther a safe conduct through the Thuringian Forest until he was ostensibly taken prisoner for his own protection by the order of his friend the Elector of Saxony. The contents of the letter were such that none dared to deliver it to the Emperor, and a note to this effect was writen on the manuscript by the Emperor's archivist.

A letter written by Luther's wife, who was Katharina von Bora, a nun, who renounced her vows, brought $1,500.

BREAKING EXCISE GUARD.

Assemblyman McCue, a Saloonkeeper, Put Through Favorable Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—Several excise bills came before the Assembly at the long session to-day. A majority of these measures were introduced by Assemblyman Martin G. McCue, a liquor dealer in New York. One of the bills passed provides that the prohibition against issuing a permit to carry on traffic in liquors within 200 feet of a building occupied exclusively as a church or a school shall not obtain where liquor selling had been lawfully and continuously carried on prior to the time when the school or church was established.

Another bill, which passed by a vote of 81 to 47, provides that a plea of guilty on the part of a saloon keeper arrested for violation of the excise law, or a conviction where sentence has been suspended, shall not, as under the present law, be held to prevent the Excise Department from granting a new license to such an offender.

An attempt was made to jam through under a close call another McCue bill which amends the excise law so as to make it necessary for a saloon keeper, in order to obtain a permit to do business, to get the consent of two-thirds of the occupants of houses exclusively used as dwellings within 200 feet of his prospective place of business instead of within 300 feet, as under the present law. This fell fifteen votes short of the required majority.

Another McCue bill containing a "joker" which would make it unnecessary for a saloon keeper to see to it that his barroom is exposed to view from the street during forbidden hours was advanced to third reading without amendment by a vote of 72 to 64.

The whole strength of Tammany Hall was thrown in support of this and other excise bills which relax the provisions of the present law. All the bills have yet to pass the Senate.

Hoffestot Trial Set for Monday.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 3.—The trial of Frank N. Hoffstot, the wealthy banker and car manufacturer, on charges growing out of the recent Councilmanic graft scandal, this afternoon was set for next Monday, the announcement being made by Assistant District Attorney Warren I. Seymour.

DEPOSITORS SEEK DIX'S AID.

Want Official Inquiry Into Failure of the Union Bank of Brooklyn.

ALBANY, May 3.—Gov. Dix's aid was asked to-day by a large delegation of depositors of the collapsed Union Bank of Brooklyn to use his influence to bring about the passage of Assemblyman Goldstein's bill appropriating $50,000 for a legislative investigation of the Union Bank and any other State bank or trust company in process of liquidation which would warrant investigation in the committee's judgment.

Assemblyman Goldstein, as spokesman for the delegation, told the Governor of the failure of the bank in 1907, of its subsequent rehabilitation under the Presidency of Edward M. Grout, and of its reopening with the consent of Clark Williams, then State Superintendent of Banks. When it again closed in April, 1910, it had on deposit about $4,000,000, and not a dollar has been received by the depositors.

Clark Williams was criticised for permitting the bank to re-open, and Superintendent of Banks Cheney for allowing it to continue, while District Attorney Whitman of New York was praised for his "fearless and honest prosecution of the banking thieves that wrecked the Carnegie Trust Company and the Washington Bank."

Supt. Cheney, who was present at the hearing, was asked by the Governor if some of the real estate loans made by the bank were not excessive. Mr. Cheney replied that they would have been under present laws, but were not illegal at the time they were made.

Franco-American

BROTHS for INVALIDS

Regular in strength and flavor, the latter being such that the invalid partakes of the Broth with evident pleasure.

Beneficial to

Babies and Children

Write for Booklet

FOR SALE BY BEST GROCERS

SPECIAL for this Week **Brass Desk Sets 2.75**

Import Specialty Shop 6 W. 22 St.

PEASE PIANO

IF

you are fond of music; if you take pride in your home; if you want a never failing means of entertainment for yourself and friends

Then

you should investigate what the

Pease Player-Piano

will do for you; it is just as much a **man's** instrument as it is every one of the family; you have only to **feel** the music; the Pease Player is the means to **express** it; it is the most **natural** of players—there is nothing to confuse in its use, and, best of all, the piano itself is thoroughly worthy, a most important consideration in a player piano.

Our prices range from $475 to $750 for new players and from $375 up for good used players, and our music roll library is **Free** to our patrons—easy payments if desired—old instruments exchanged.

Write for player booklet and music plan.

PEASE PIANO CO.,

128 West 42d Street, near Broadway, N. Y.

Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Avenue — **Newark Branch: 10 New Street**

A sale that ought to be over in ten minutes!

200 Men's Auto Dusters (value 7.50) at 3.95

To-day and To-morrow

¶When you buy a 7.50 duster at Saks' you are getting the best value obtainable, because an Auto Apparel Department so pre-eminently in advance of all others can assure you of the finest at the lowest possible prices.

¶But when you buy a Saks' 7.50 duster for 3.95, you are buying the greatest duster value ever offered anywhere.

¶And to be perfectly candid with you, this sacrifice is more philosophic than philanthropic. For, you who drop in only long enough to buy one of these dusters for 3.95 will surely buy at Saks' again.

¶And many who come only for a duster will remain to buy a robe, a pair of goggles possibly, or one of our exclusive auto coats. And none but will remark the wonder of our auto apparel facilities and the magnificence of our stocks.

¶In any event, what are a few dusters between friends?

Mohair, Sicilian and Belfast linen Dusters. All double-breasted models, slash inlaid pockets, flap inlaid breast pocket, wind shields and large pearl buttons. The Irish Linen model has also a deep waist belt. Don't fail to get one of these splendid dusters, for they are great values at 3.95.

Wardrobe Trunks—at Saks'

¶In that tough and hide-bound world of fibre, steel and rivets, these two things have been established beyond all peradventure—

¶First, that the Wardrobe Trunk offers the traveler the greatest degree of comfort, convenience and utility—that it is literally a valet at his heels.

¶Second, that the greatest values, in the greatest variety of models, and in the greatest number of the finest makes of Wardrobe Trunks—are at Saks.'

¶They enjoy a monopoly of space in our entire Travel Department; they pyramid round steel columns, line the aisles, bank the walls, buttress the counters and even encroach upon the stairway! Nowhere else is there such a magnificent Wardrobe Trunk display or better values.

¶Just think of the advantage to you of selecting a Wardrobe Trunk from such an exhaustive stock as the following:

Mendel Wardrobe Trunks	**41 models**	**36.00 to 150.00**
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	**10 models**	**55.00 to 85.00**
Drucker Wardrobe Trunks	**10 models**	**45.00 to 75.00**
Likly Wardrobe Trunks	**6 models**	**38.00 to 65.00**
Murphy Wardrobe Trunks	**6 models**	**55.00 to 75.00**
Saks Wardrobe Trunks	**2 special models**	**both at 27.00**

And every other requisite of traveldom on a corresponding scale.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

$6.75 "SWAYCOUCH" HAMMOCK

Sold direct by the makers and delivery charges prepaid within 50 miles. Heavy duck; Maplewood frame laced with Manila rope; reversible padded mattress. Others ask $10 for similar hammocks. Order this best-of-all hammocks. Only a limited quantity at this price.

TRAVERS COMPANY,
73 Warren St., New York.
Telephone: Barclay 6370.

CHIROPRACTICE HIT BY MEDICAL SOCIETY

"Doctor" Alma C. Arnold, Its Exponent, Arrested for Practicing Medicine Without License.

GOT MUCH GOOD ADVICE

Mrs. Benzecry, Detective, Also Shed Tears When "Dr." Arnold's Electrical Finger Tips Pressed Her Nose.

Alma C. Arnold, C. D.—which is short for Alma Cusian Arnold, Doctor of Chiropractic Science—who has luxurious offices in the Nevada apartments at Seventieth Street and Broadway, was arrested on complaint of the New York County Medical Society yesterday on a charge of practicing medicine without a license. In the West Side Court she was held by Magistrate Murphy in $500 bail for examination.

The County Medical Society, through its counsel, Almuth C. Vandiver, obtained a warrant for her arrest yesterday morning from Magistrate Murphy on complaint of one of its investigators, Mrs. Frances Benzecry, known professionally as "Bell Homles," who says she went to Miss Arnold's apartments for treatment on April 25. On the door, she says, was a sign showing that the "doctor's" office hours were from 11:30 to 3 o'clock daily. She was met, she said, by a woman who introduced herself as "Dr. Arnold" when she asked for that person. Mrs. Benzecry says she told the "doctor" that she had been recommended to go there by a woman she met at a Turkish bath house. Mrs. Benzecry, who in the last few months has, for the purposes of the medical society, confessed to all sorts of ailments, from toothache to stomach trouble and worse, said she had injured her shoulderblade in a fall from a bicycle four years ago, and that the injury was bothering her now that Summer was approaching. She said she wanted to be cured.

Thereupon, according to her complaint, Mrs. Benzecry was told by "Dr." Arnold to uncover her shoulders, the Chiropractitioneress pressing her head forward and backward, and then pressing with each finger the glands behind Mrs. Benzecry's ears. Mrs. Benzecry said she was also pressed so hard about the nose that she shed tears, whereupon, she says, the Chiropractitioneress informed her that the pain was caused, not by the pressure, but by the electricity from the tips of her fingers.

Dr. Arnold, she said, told her the cost of the chiropractic treatment was $50, though she often got as much as $100. Later, said Mrs. Benzecry, she called her secretary, a Miss Radley, to whom Mrs. Menzecry says she paid $5 on account for the treatment, receiving a receipt therefor.

Besides the treatment, says Mrs. Benzecry, she got also much valuable practical chiropractic advice—among other bits, that stays were a worry unto the flesh and altogether injurious; that a biscuit and soft boiled egg was all the Chiropractitioneress ate from breakfast until supper, and that the patient ought to try that diet, too, only drinking plenty of water. She says the Chiropractitioneress impressed upon her that not food, but air, gives strength. She got a considerable amount of strength induced by air of the warm variety.

When she left, says Mrs. Benzecry, it was with the diagnosis that she had a functional trouble and that she would get stomach and intestinal treatment next time. She got also, she says, from the Secretary a booklet entitled "Cosmotherapy, Chiropractics, Hydrotherapy, Hygiene, and Dietetics, by Alma Cusian Arnold, President of the Columbia College of Cosmotheraphy, New York, and Director of the Healtharium, Washington, D. C." On the first page of the booklet was the picture of the Chiropractitioneress and Healtharium Director. The booklet informed Mrs. Benzecry and the rest of suffering humanity that the author herself was once a chronic invalid, but through scientific adjustment of the spine had cured herself, and was now desirous only of curing all the rest of the world by her simple, harmless, but revolutionary method of treating disease.

Only the plaintiff's side of the case was presented at the hearing yesterday, the defendant's being adjourned until Monday afternoon at the request of her counsel. John G. Dyer, assistant of Mr. Vandiver, conducted the case for the New York County Medical Society. According to Mr. Dyer, the Arnold woman has no license to practice medicine, the only diploma she holds being one granted by an "American College of Chiropractics" somewhere in the West. He said she could not build her defense on the plea that she was merely practicing as a masseuse, inasmuch as she had professed to examine, diagnose, and cure disease.

Dr. Arnold declared last night that she did not practice medicine, but rather a sort of massage, which she came here, she said, to teach to physicians, leaving her "healtharium" at Washington, where, she said, she treated sixty-five patients a day, including seventeen Congressmen and Senators.

In January, 1910, Capt. E. Burmeister, who commanded the steamship Hamburg on which Theodore Roosevelt went to Africa, died in her office after staying there about nine days. She said his death was due to arterial sclerosis complicated with pnuemonia, and that she undertook his cure only after oxygen treatment and all medicine had failed him.

Caronia In Through Heavy Weather.

The Cunard liner Caronia, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, had a stormy seven days' voyage. On the morning of April 27, she was lashed by a gale, which sent the high head seas tumbling along her decks. A sea struck and carried away one of the tall ventilators forward on the port side. It went crashing along the deck, bringing up with a bang against the deck house. As a precaution, all the forward ventilators were thereupon removed, and the openings covered with canvas.

A HARD ROAD TO PARIS.

Young Violinist from Illinois Reached His Goal, but Health Failed.

The search of Warner D. Miller, the twenty-year-old son of J. D. Miller, an attorney of Geneva, Ill., for musical education, brought him many adventures. He returned yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm, in bad health and mighty glad to be in America again.

The young man is a violinist of some attainment and his consuming desire was to study in Paris. On March 30, 1910, he left home without the consent of his parents and with only $30 and his violin. When he got here he had $12 left. At Harrisburg he was arrested for beating his way on the train and paid a fine to keep out of jail. For three days he wandered about this city trying to raise passage money by playing his violin and then shipped as a cattleman on the Atlantic Transport liner Minnehaha.

Tending cattle upon a rolling vessel was a hard task and it ended on April 18 when the Minnehaha was wrecked upon Scilly. He managed to get on the special train that took the passengers to London, arriving there on April 25. On the way Miller met a Belgian, who was broke and wanted money to get home. He divided his money with his new friend, buying two tickets to Brussels. Once there the Belgian refused to pay him back and threatened to turn him over to the police if he persisted in asking a return of the loan.

Young Miller decided to walk the 200 miles to Paris. With his violin under his arm he trudged the roads, sleeping in barns and begging food. That walk is still a nightmare to him. Twice he fainted along the road and finally he was taken ill. The last lap of the journey he made in a railroad car, being forced to pawn his violin in order to get to Paris. He arrived there on May 3, just a year ago.

In Paris he applied to American Consul General Mason, who communicated with Miller's father. The father wired back funds and permission for his son to study music. He studied under Dr. Shturtlers and Prof. Oberdoerffer, the first violinist of the Paris Opera. His health failed, however, and he was obliged to come home.

"I am going to take my son West," said his father, who met him at the pier, "a year on a farm will do him a world of good."

HIS SUICIDE UNEXPLAINED.

Duncan J. MacRae, Architect, Had a Fair Balance with His Broker.

Duncan J. MacRae, architect, 80 years old, committed suicide yesterday in his room at 23 Dominick Street. His landlady found him dead in bed with one end of a tube connecting with an open gas jet in his mouth. She said he had taken the room four months ago, but she had seen him only once during the time that he had remained in the house. He never allowed any one to enter his room while he himself was in it.

A letter was found in the room from Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, dated Dec. 17, 1910, acknowledging the receipt of a letter, and saying that Mr. Satterlee's failing eyesight was not due to defective lighting, but to overwork. The letter acknowledged the receipt of a kerosene lamp, which MacRae had sent to Mr. Satterlee.

Another letter was from Edwin S. Hooley, broker, 15 Broad Street. At the latter's office it was said that MacRae had made stock purchases there, always paying in cash. Mr. Hooley said that it could not be lack of money which had prompted MacRae's suicide, for he had a fair balance to his credit with the firm.

"I'M SHOT," HE TELEPHONES.

But the Surgeon Finds Later That a Watch Stopped the Bullet.

Charles Brown of 2,066 East Fourteenth Street, Flatbush, manager of the American Billposting Company, was in his office yesterday morning when George Weidemeyer, 44 years old, of 454 Vanderbilt Avenue, who had been working for the company for a month, came in. As he appeared to be intoxicated, Brown ordered him out.

Angered at the rebuff, Weidemeyer drew a revolver, pointed it at his employer, and fired. Then he fled. Brown, believing himself to be badly injured, walked to the telephone and called first an ambulance from the Kings County Hospital and then notified the police. Then he lay down on a lounge to await the ambulance surgeon.

Policemen soon joined him and for about half an hour, afraid even to remove his clothing for fear of further injuring him, they condoned with him on his injury. Dr. Lett found that the bullet had been stopped by his watch and hadn't even grazed him. Whereupon Brown danced for joy.

Weidemeyer was caught and arraigned in the Flatbush Police Court, where Magistrate Dodd held him for examination today.

FOUND BY THE LOST COLUMN.

Diamond Brooch and $10 Note Both Quickly Recovered.

Mrs. L. H. Harpootlian, 560 West 150th Street, has recovered through THE TIMES "lost" column a $3,000 diamond brooch lost by her on Saturday evening while returning from a dinner of the Armenian Association at the Hotel Brevoort.

Upon discovering her loss Mrs. Harpootlian advertised in THE TIMES. Monday brought her a letter from C. M. Sadler of 38 West Thirty-fourth Street, who had found the brooch.

The unusual finding of a lost $10 note is reported by E. C. Gray of 202 West Twenty-third Street. He placed an advertisement in THE TIMES, and yesterday he received a letter announcing that S. M. Ross of 235 West Seventeenth Street had found it.

Called to the Door and Shot.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 3.—Called to the door of his residence near Dresden, Weakley County, late last night, Jesse Workman, a well-to-do planter, was shot and killed. News of the murder was wired here this morning and State prison bloodhounds were sent to take the trail of the slayer.

DR. SCHECHTER BACK FROM LONG VACATION

President of Jewish Theological Institute Gathered Ideas for a Book While Resting Abroad.

JEWS IN NORTHERN AFRICA

Great Possibilities for Research in Bagdad, He Thinks, if Right Man to Make It Can Be Found.

Dr. Solomon Schechter, the President of the Jewish Theological Institute, who returned Tuesday night on the Berlin from an eleven months' vacation, said last night that he had been spending most of the time resting. His mind has been active, however, if his pen has not, and he has already thought of a subject for another book which is to deal with the Jew in Northern Africa.

Dr. Schechter also found that Bagdad is a city which offers great possibilities to an enterprising student for historical research.

While Dr. Schechter was in Africa, Cambridge University issued his translation of the remarkable manuscript containing a contemporary record of persons and events described in the New Testament. This work and the commentaries by Dr. Schechter therein contained was entitled, "Fragments of a Zadokite Work."

"What have I been doing?" repeated the doctor last night in answer to a question. "Why, nothing at all. I've been in England, Berlin, Paris, and South Africa, where I have a daughter living, but in all these places only for recreation and amusement. I am not so young as I once was and I needed a complete rest.

"No, I do not think I shall undertake a book again for some time. My work at the seminary will completely occupy me for several weeks to come. A book means a great deal of work, and I hesitate to attempt that at once.

"However, I have an idea that my next book may deal with the Jew in Northern Africa. Besides the fragments of the manuscript which was published last Winter Cambridge University has several thousand more manscripts in the Geniza collection which I obtained in Cairo, and while none of these equals in interest the fragment already published others touch on exceedingly interesting historical subjects, and from these I may select material for another book.

"As I say, this book will deal with the early migration of the Jew to Northern Africa, though it will be more or less limited to Cairo. Nothing remains unfortunately of the books of Alexandria. Excavations made there have yielded nothing. In the first place, the library was turned and then in succeeding centuries Mohammedan and Christian have vied with each other in turn in destroying each other's work.

"I think the most promising field for research is Bagdad, which is untouched. We all know of the civilization of Bagdad under the Califs, and yet little has been found of the literature of that people. If I were younger I should go there directly and see what could be done."

"I could easily raise money to pay for an expedition now, but where is the man? That is the difficulty—to find the man who could do this thing. You see, if the people of Bagdad have these books they do not know their value. Perhaps excavations would be necessary, but it is likely that old manuscripts exist here and there in old houses. Now, to procure manuscripts of this sort a certain kind of talent is necessary. The ordinary man would try to buy them. The moment an attempt of this sort is made the owner realizes the value of his wares. One must show an indifference and then make the man understand that the manuscript is of no value to him, whereas you will clean it up, mount it on glass, and eventually put it in a book which will bring glory to him.

"But tact is only one of the qualifications required. The main thing is that the man undertaking the research shall know what he is looking for. Everything is of interest, even bookbindings. For instance, I have found certain books, with particularly heavy covers, to contain between two sheets of leather, which formed one side of the binding, manuscripts used for padding. It was worthless manuscript to the maker of the book, but it may prove exceedingly valuable to me.

"Then there is the palimpsest, manuscript which has other writing over it, sometimes two layers. For instance, when the Greeks were in possession of Alexandria everything was in Greek. Later the Arabs came, and they rewrote across the Greek manuscript, because writing materials were exceedingly valuable. In instances of this sort it is often the lowest layer which is worth the most to the scholar, and, of course, it is all infinitely difficult to read.

"An interesting discovery has just been made in Germany which I learned of just before I sailed. A camera has been invented which will make a negative of writing which has entirely faded away—that is, if the slightest trace of an impression remains in the material on which the writing once existed. If this invention has really been perfected it will be of great value to me because many of the manuscripts in the Geniza collection have certain spots where the writing has disappeared. I am going to send a leaf of manuscript to Germany within a few days in order to see what can be done.

"But I really wish you would tell me what novels to read. In Cape Town there is a splendid library, and I have read a great deal. I have been especially interested in Anatole France. Now that I am back in America I want to read all the newest novels which are worth reading."

The doctor was not jesting. Novel reading is one of his favorite forms of recreation. The Cambridge University Library has the right of receiving all English novels as well as all other books holding copyright, and it was once jokingly proposed to call Dr. Schechter "Reader in Fiction in the University of Cambridge."

MUST SLICE BUILDING FRONT.

Judge Erlanger, While Issuing Order, Files Contrary Opinion.

In an order in which he records his disagreement with the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, which twice ordered that an injunction be issued to enforce building restrictions on West Twenty-sixth Street, Supreme Court Justice Erlanger directed yesterday that Eugene E. Hinkle cease to occupy a five-foot strip along the building line.

Engineers said that quite a problem is presented in obeying the order, which will shave five feet from the front of a twelve-story loft building. The injunction was granted to Rossanna Batchelor, who owns property 125 feet west of Hinkle's building. She and one other property owner refused to sign the almost unanimous consent to the erection of the building which violated a joint restriction agreed upon in 1849 by the then property owners.

When Miss Batchelor first brought suit for the enforcement of the restriction her complaint was dismissed. The Appellate Division reversed this ruling and ordered a new trial. On the second trial she was found to be entitled to nominal damages of $1 but not to an injunction. The Appellate Division reversed this ruling also and sent the case back to the Supreme Court with the direction "that the law as established by this court be followed."

Justice Erlanger, in his order, observes that the removal of the restriction which Miss Batchelor has sought to enforce would increase the value of her own property from $5,000 to $10,000. He adds:

"The five feet originally set aside for courtyard purposes is evanescent. Its original status is a thing of the past. Twenty-sixth Street, after a lapse of fifty years, has finally been forced into the pace which the march of industrial development has established, and, like other sections, is obliged to yield its former pretentious appearance to the rapid strides of commercial pursuits.

"The plaintiff has remodeled her investment for stores and lofts and removed every vestige of courtyard feature from the five-foot strip and constructed a vault with iron and bull's-eye glass covering, with iron hatchway doors for a freight elevator.

"Whatever the rights of the parties may have been while the section remained a high-class residential one, I think, in view of the radical changes during the past few years, that the owner of the dominant lot cannot claim the advantages which inspired the adoption of the covenant upward of sixty years ago. As I read the agreement, it was not intended to provide for a five-foot courtyard irrespective of the character of the buildings."

AFTER O'GORMAN'S OLD PLACE

Governor Not Yet Decided on Supreme Court Appointment.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—Gov. Dix has not yet had time to give serious consideration to the claims of several candidates for the seat on the Supreme Court bench left vacant when Justice James A. O'Gorman was elected to the United States Senate.

There are a number of such candidates, and among them is Daniel F. Cohalan, Tammany Leader Murphy's right-hand man. Among others who either have applied to the Governor for appointment or whose names have been presented to him by friends are Eugene A. Philbin, Abraham Benedict of the firm of Guggenheim, Untermyer & Marshall; George Gordon Battle, R. Burnham Moffat, Henry D. Hotchkiss, Robert L. Luce, Charles Blandy, and William H. Clare.

It was said at the Executive Chamber to-day that before making the appointment, Gov. Dix would consult the Bar Association, the New York County Lawyers' Association, and possibly the Justices of the Supreme Court in the County of New York.

George L. Fox Estate $1,567,932.

The estate of George L. Fox, lawyer and real estate operator of Williamsburg, who died recently, has been appraised and the report of Charles F. Murphy, appraiser in connection with the transfer tax, filed at the Surrogate's Court yesterday, values it at $1,567,932. The will made provision for one of the largest and most widely distributed gifts to charitable institutions that have been made in recent years.

FARMER SUSPECTED OF SLAYING EMPLOYES

Indiana Man Admits Killing One, but Accidentally—Cut Up Body and Buried It.

TWO FORMER HANDS MISSING

Son Is Poole's Accuser on Finding Kemper's Body—Fearing Mob, Prisoner Hides Under Auto Rig.

Special to The New York Times.

FOWLER, Ind., May 3.—John W. Poole, a wealthy farmer, who is guarded in jail here by fifty Deputy Sheriffs, to-day admitted that he killed Joseph Kemper, a farmhand, while shooting rabbits in December, 1909, and then cut his body to pieces and buried it with the refuse of a killing of hogs.

The body was found buried on his farm near here by his son, who accused him of the crime, and intimated that the elder Poole was guilty of other murders.

Poole was arrested at one of his farms north of Rensselaar, where he had been for two weeks. He was brought to Fowler in an automobile this morning, and lodged in jail. On the way he was greatly excited, and feared he would be mobbed when he arrived at Fowler. He lay on the floor of the automobile, and concealed himself with a rug. It was just before they reached Fowler that Poole first told the Sheriff and Marshal that he was responsible for Kemper's death. He said that on the Sunday of the killing he was climbing over the fence at the back of his house with a shotgun in his hand in pursuit of a rabbit. Kemper, he says, was standing near. Poole declares that in getting over the fence the gun went off, and that the full charge entered Kemper's head.

This part of Poole's story is discredited by Sheriff Shackelton, who says that all indications point to Kemper having been murdered in the kitchen of the Poole home. As to Charles Clark and Charles May, two other farm employes, who are missing and believed by many to have been slain by Poole, the accused man declared he knows nothing. He said they left his place of their own free will, and he had not heard from them since. This same explanation was previously given as to Kemper, Sheriff Shackelton said.

According to Poole's admission, Kemper's body lay for six days about the barn, hidden in hay sheds, after he was shot on Dec. 12, 1909. Poole decided finally that a hog killing would be a good time to dispose of the body, and digging a grave, he buried the body. Poole said he found the body had frozen stiff, and he hacked it to pieces with an axe so that it might be handled easier. The grave was dug in a cornfield at the spot where the body was unearthed yesterday afternoon. Poole declares he is innocent of the charge of murder, and he will make the plea that the shooting was accidental.

The exposure of Kemper's murder was made by Poole's son, Emory, aged 18, who says his mother and sister had cognizance of Poole's connection with the disappearance of Kemper, but have been restrained with threats of death from making their knowledge public. The daughter, Grace, is a student in Chicago.

Emory first made known his suspicions several weeks ago. He visited Indianapolis and interested a detective agency in the mystery, with the result that the elder Poole was arrested March 16, when a midnight search was conducted for the body. Poole was released, as nothing incriminating against him was then found.

Phillips Is Queens Under Sheriff Again

John M. Phillips, who resigned as Under Sheriff of Queens County when nine indictments charging him with grand larceny and forgery in connection with the graft hunt in Queens were returned several months ago, resumed his old place yesterday, taking the oath of office before Justice Kapper.

Two of the indictments against Phillips were dismissed on technicalities. He went to trial on two others, and in each instance Justice Maddox directed the jury to acquit, owing to a lack of evidence. The remaining five indictments were then dismissed. Edward Fitzpatrick, who served as Under Sheriff in the interval, resigned yesterday and has gone back to business.

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SPECIAL for this Week
Brass Desk Sets 2.75
Import Specialty Shop 6 W. 22 St.

BETWEEN OWNERS

Mr. John A. Eckert, Vice-President of the Underwriters Building Company, for whom we recently erected the Hilliard Building, wrote the following in reply to some enquiries about us from another Owner;

"The Thompson-Starrett Company, to whom we gave the contract for the construction of our building at the corner of John and Dutch Streets, probably has the best organization of any of the large builders. This organization assures the best work and the best service, and, we believe, the best prices under sub-contracts. In addition to this, we have found the Thompson-Starrett Company always courteous and extremely fair in the settlement of any questions which have arisen. *If we were to erect another building we would certainly give the contract to this Company.*"

The italics are ours and will suffice without further comment.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
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Fifty-One Wall Street

A New Book by the Author of
MARY CARY
and Mary Cary Is in It

MISS GIBBIE GAULT

By
KATE LANGLEY BOSHER

MARY CARY had to grow up. The rest of her story had to be written—and here it is. You remember her childhood days in Yorkburg. Since then she has been living in the West, and we meet her on her return, after several years, in this new story—"Miss Gibbie Gault." Most of the characters are new, and Gibbie Gault herself, who is linked to Mary Cary's destiny, is one woman in a thousand. At Yorkburg, in an atmosphere of rose-blossoms and sunshine, romance touches Mary Cary. She blooms into young womanhood, and looks on life—a little older now—with the same sympathy and sweet good humor as in childhood. Hers is a genuine heart story. Gibbie Gault's greatness of heart and quickness of temper—Mary Cary's shy but effective entry into Yorkburg's many interests—the Needlework Guild—the hundreds of incidents of Mary Cary's new life—and especially the One Great Interest—make this a story to read and to love.

Phone Your Bookseller!

It will be hard to buy this new book "Gibbie Gault," unless you do it at once. "Mary Cary" was published in February *last* year. It is still among the best sellers—has not been out of the list for these fifteen months, and "Gibbie Gault" promises even better things.

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All sizes and styles for Men, Women and Children
This Hosiery is Guaranteed for Six Months

Everwear Hosiery for Men
Egyptian Cotton—box of 6 pairs for..... $1.50 | Silk Lisle—box of 6 pairs for..... $3.00

Everwear Hosiery for Women
Egyptian Cotton—box of 6 pairs for..... $2.00 | Silk Lisle—box of six pairs for..... $3.00

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Egyptian Cotton—sizes up to 7½; box of 6 pairs for.. $1.50 | Egyptian Cotton—sizes 8 to 10; box of 6 pairs..... $2.00
(MAIN Building, Main Floor.)

Ask for S. H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

A Congress of the Blues

Special session to-day, in the windows of the five Brill stores.

The blue suit is a cool proposition.

It comes before you this year in a great diversity of shades—all very attractive. We're giving you an opportunity today to see the range, and to pick out the shade and style you like the best.

Navy, Oxford, coronation and Copenhagen blues; plain blue serges, pencil stripes, blue on blue; coat and trousers or three piece suits, two or three button styles; unpadded shoulders, soft roll front, or conservative models.

All wool, color-fast, hand tailored; in regular sizes, stouts and longs.

The best made suits in America at the prices:
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BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
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THERE IS ALSO SHOWN A COMPLETE LINE OF LACE SERIES, MANY IN EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS, AMONG THEM WIDE AND NARROW INSERTINGS, EDGES AND ALL-OVERS IN FILET, CLUNY, POINT DE VENISE, SHADOW MALINE AND EMBROIDERED TULLE.

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Place a thermometer in your refrigerator to-night. See if it does not read about 60 deg. F. It should read 40 deg. A refrigerator constructed along practical and scientific lines maintains the low uniform temperature of 40 deg. with the same consumption of ice that is necessary to obtain a temperature of 60 deg. in the ordinary cheap refrigerator. We can prove this by showing you a well-stocked, properly iced

BOHN Syphon Refrigerator

Our satisfied customers enthusiastically testify to the many exclusive advantages the Bohn possesses. It has been proved superior only after severe and exacting tests. No offensive odors and no contamination possible in the Bohn. Let us show you a style, size and price that will suit you. Call as soon as possible and look over our stock.

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IF YOUR DEALER does not sell Emperor Gold Label Shirts, send us your name and address direct and we will see that you are supplied.

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Natural Laxative Water

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Refuse Substitutes

Best remedy for

CONSTIPATION

'MILLIONAIRE TRAMP' WILL TRAMP NO MORE

E. A. Brown Says He Knows How the Other Half Lives and What to Do for Them.

SUFFERED WITH THE POOREST

Rich Cousin of the New York Central's President—Slept in Barns and Jails to Help the Homeless.

Edwin A. Brown, "the millionaire tramp," cousin of W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central, announced on his arrival at the Waldorf-Astoria last night that he would never wear overalls again. He is through seeing, as a part of the show, the seamy side of life, he says, and from now on, with the rich experience he has had in learning how the other half lives, he intends to carry on his work of impressing upon cities the necessity of providing municipal lodging houses, such as this city has, by other means than "living the dog's life" himself. He has no intention whatever, he says, of slackening his endeavors, but he now has seen the inside of prison walls in every section of the country, always on the sole charge of not having enough money to buy a bed, and sees no reason why he should suffer the "down-and-out" man's privation further.

Mr. Brown is a resident of Denver, where he is one of the city's largest real estate holders. With no thirst for greater wealth than he has, he has for years been trying to learn by actual experience the sufferings of men who are honest and willing to work, and of others who are shiftless and almost worthless, as a result, possibly, he thinks, of the Government's neglect.

Mr. Brown is known all over this country. His efforts as a "friend to the friendless" have been praised by President Taft, and one of the Denver man's treasured possessions is a letter from the President, inquiring about his experiences in helping the homeless men of large cities.

His First Job as a Super.

Mr. Brown has just completed a tour of the South.

"I had hitherto visited as a homeless man, seeking work and a temporary lodging, every section of the country except the South," said he in his room at the Waldorf last night, "and I felt that, though I had been through the horrors of the 'Bull Pen' of Denver, the jails at Pittsburg and other cities, and narrowly escaped the prison at Spokane by revealing my identity because I could not stand another such night as I had spent in Pittsburg, my experience would be incomplete until I had made a circuit of the South.

"I started in as a tramp or homeless laborer in Cleveland last Fall. I sought work everywhere, but was unable to find any until, seeing an advertisement in a paper for 'supers' in a show about to be put on, I applied at the theatre. The advertisement called for fifty men. Several hundred applied, and I was among those accepted.

"All the 'supers' were to be 'millionaire Senators' in the play, and I had been in the theatre only a short time when I found that hardly one of the 'millionaire Senators' had enough money to buy a bed for the night."

Mr. Brown's contention is that organized charity is good as far as it goes, but that it does not meet the demand of homeless men in a strange city for a place to sleep when the last cent is gone and no work is to be found. He thinks his experience in Cleveland fully bears this out, and confirms his opinion that cities themselves should handle the problem as New York has handled it.

Pay Was 50 Cents a Night.

"The next 'millionaire Senator' to me in the theatre," Mr. Brown went on, "was an old man. We were to be paid about 50 cents a performance, payable at the end of the week. When the first performance was over I asked the stage manager if he could advance me enough of the wages to buy a bed, as I was penniless. The old man asked him the same thing, but the stage manager said it was impossible.

"'Where will we sleep to-night?' I asked the old 'millionaire Senator.'

"'Well,' he said, 'the Associated Charities has a woodshed where we could get a bed and breakfast for two hours or splitting curly birch, but it is 11 o'clock now, and the place is closed for the night. We will have to go to the Highball Saloon and sleep on the floor. That's the only place I know of.'

"We went to this place under the hillside, and at the old man's suggestion we collected old newspapers from the trash cans as we went along the streets to cover ourselves up with as well as to lie upon. At the saloon we were admitted at midnight, and were ousted at 5 o'clock the next morning. We were unable to sleep for about two hours after lying down, because of loud conversation by those at the bar, and when the late drinkers had gone a small Irishman and a big Dutchman had a rough-and-tumble fight, and then there was a man on the verge of delirium tremens, who 'saw things' all night. You can see we didn't get much sleep.

Tom Johnson a Benefactor.

"'Where shall we wash up and get breakfast?' I asked the old 'Senator' after we had been put out.

"'Oh,' he said, 'we can get a cold wash-up in the city lavatory.' He led the way, and we were soon in a nice, clean place, where they gave us a fresh, clean towel and soap, and didn't ask pay for it. I had never seen anything exactly like that in any city I had ever visited, and I asked the old 'Senator' who had provided these things for the homeless man.

"'Tom Johnson,' he said, and he added that Tom Johnson, who was then living, had done a number of things to help the wayfarer. In fact, I myself saw plenty of evidences of Johnson's work for the unfortunate. Cleveland is full of nice three-cent luncheon places, the outgrowth in a way of the three-cent fares advocated by Johnson.

"After the wash-up the old 'Senator' suggested that we try the Charities' woodyard, and though we had had a supperless and sleepless night we were told that if we split curly birch for an hour we could have breakfast. There was no help for it, and weak as we were we had to do it. After more than an hour at work we were called to a breakfast of something like oatmeal soup and a piece of hard bread, and a black fluid which was miscalled coffee. There was almost no nourishment in it.

"For the next night the old man, unable to sleep in the saloon again, found a barn, and told me about it. We slept there, and I came near freezing to death. But I had seen enough to know that Cleveland was doing almost nothing for the homeless man."

When Mr. Brown was asked if he had any money concealed about him, he replied that usually on these trips he did carry money sewed in his clothing, but he added:

"You see, it didn't matter; I am quite well known along Euclid Avenue and could have turned in at almost any of the banks and got what I needed."

Mr. Brown found conditions even worse in Cincinnati, while Louisville, Memphis, Mobile, Houston, and Dallas, the last city he visited, and most of the other Southern cities are equally without facilities for sheltering the penniless stranger, no matter how worthy. At Houston Mr. Brown was directed to the Star of Hope mission when he applied to a policeman for lodgings, and arrested when he reached the mission. He was released only when he had revealed his identity to some newspaper men. His arrest, however, was due, he says, to a police blunder, and everywhere in the South he found the people deeply interested in a plan for helping the friendless man.

It is Mr. Brown's purpose to sail for Europe in a few weeks to learn how Germany has provided for the homeless, but he'll do no tramping there.

LAST FLYNN MAN SILENCED.

"Hydraulic Ram" Collins to a Desk—Flynn Glad He's Out.

The last member of former Second Deputy Police Commissioner Flynn's raiding squad was transferred yesterday. He is Lieut. John J. Collins and he was sent to do desk duty at the Liberty Avenue, Brooklyn, station.

Collins was head and front in all of the Flynn raids. He helped plan them, supervised them, and was present at every raid made by the former Deputy Commissioner. It was he who wielded the hydraulic jack when it was necessary to tear down steel doors. Because he was held in such high regard by Mr. Flynn it was reported when George S. Dougherty took office that Collins would be kept at headquarters.

John Hill, Jr., who was secretary to Mr. Flynn, resigned yesterday. It was said that Mr. Dougherty will soon appoint as his secretary a man formerly connected with the Pinkerton Detective Agency.

The Criminal Court Building was thronged again with gamblers yesterday when sixty-six men who were arrested for being in or maintaining gambling houses appeared before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions for pleading or for trial. Following the disagreement of the jury in the case of James J. Fest, who was tried on the charge of being a gambler, all of the sixty-six made up their minds to stand trial likewise. No more, it was said, will plead guilty and accept probation under the Second Deputy Police Commissioner. As Judge Rosalsky left Part I. of General Sessions, where the gambling cases came up originally, to be succeeded by Judge Mulqueen there was considerable anxiety among the fraternity regarding the attitude the latter would take. Judge Mulqueen soon set all doubts at rest, however, by announcing that he intended to carry out the methods of Judge Rosalsky. Judge Mulqueen announced that he believed his predecessor had made a study of the gambling situation and that he was prepared to parole all who pleaded guilty and at the same time mete out to those who stood trial and were convicted the extreme penalty of the law. When the indicted men in the gambling cases entered a plea of guilty Assistant District Attorney Brothers asked for an adjournment on the ground that he was not ready to proceed. Judge Mulqueen finally put the matter over for a week.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Former Deputy Police Commissioner William J. Flynn of New York came to Washington to-day to re-enter the Secret Service.

"I came down to see Chief Wilkie and Acting Chief Moran about going to work," said Flynn. "I have not been offered the job of Police Commissioner of New York and don't know that I would take it if I had the chance I wanted to get out."

FROM INDIA TO WASHINGTON.

Redfield, M. C., Cut Short World Trip on Hearing of Extra Session.

Among those who arrived yesterday morning by the Cunard liner Caronia was Representative William C. Redfield of Brooklyn, his wife, and son. Mr. Redfield cut short a tour around the world and hurried home to be in Washington before the end of the extra session to take part in the tariff and reciprocity fight.

"While I was in the Straits Settlement," said Mr. Redfield, "I heard a rumor that there was to be an extra session. I cabled home for confirmation and when I received an answer I decided to return at once. I made a special study of the tariff while abroad. I am a manufacturer, but one who does not believe in high protection. This is the platform upon which I was elected, and so I considered it my duty to return and take part in the session."

Mr. Redfield was in Agra, India, when he received the cablegrom from Russell B. Bedford, his business associate. He said he did not interpret the message as being either a suggestion or a command from the Democratic organization in Brooklyn. One result of his trip, he said, is a desire to bring to the public mind the necessity of restoring the American merchant marine to a place in the world's shipping. He said that from Hongkong to New York he did not see a vessel flying the Stars and Stripes.

BUILDING CONCRETE HANGARS

Those with Modern Clubhouse to be Features of Hempstead Aviation.

Fifty concrete aeroplane hangars, the first of their kind ever constructed, will be erected at Garden City, L. I., on the new Moisant Aviation School grounds. The Hempstead Plains Aviation Company, a corporation formed by the Moisant institution, placed a contract yesterday for the immediate erection of ten of these hangars and for ten more each month until the fifty are completed. They will be equipped with heating apparatus, electric lights, running water, and underground gasoline and oil tanks.

Room will be provided in each hangar for three monoplanes or for two biplanes. Sleeping quarters for mechanicians will be like Pullman car berths at the rear of the hangar.

Besides the concrete hangars the Directors of the Hempstead Plains Aviation Company are to erect a clubhouse, grand stand, and field stand. Work starts immediately, and contracts have been awarded for the harrowing and rolling of the ground, which began yesterday morning.

ACTRESS HAS HUSBAND JAILED

Since He's a Texan and She Wants Freedom, and He Can't Get Bail.

Trevor L. Corwell, manager of the Smart Set Musical Comedy Company, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff O'Donnell on an order signed by Supreme Court Justice Hendrick in the suit brought by Catherine Revare Corwell, his wife, and a member of the chorus of "The Newly Weds" company, for separation, on the ground of abandonment.

The order was based on the allegation that Corwell is a resident of Texas. In default of a bail bond, Corwell was lodged in the Ludlow Street Jail.

SNOW AND FROST UP-STATE.

Weather Bureau Says the Cold Wave Is from Alaska.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Practically the entire eastern half of the country was shivering to-day in the coldest weather, with one or two exceptions, that has ever been experienced at this time of the year. A cold wave from the frozen districts of Alaska began to move eastward last Saturday and by last night had enveloped the lake region, Middle Atlantic States, and New England in a blanket of frost. To-night it is predicted that frosts will continue in these regions and extend as far south as North Carolina and Memphis, Tenn. No immediate relief from the unseasonable cold is in sight.

ALBANY, May 3.—In New York State the coldest May weather ever experienced prevails to-day with the mercury hugging the mark at 26 above zero at Ballston. A heavy frost last night was followed by a light snowfall this morning.

In the lower Adirondacks there were flurries of snow, and in some places a heavy frost. Little damage was done, however, as the late Spring has held back the planting. A drop of 40 degrees in forty-eight hours is reported at Saratoga.

Loving Cup for Senator Roosevelt.

ALBANY, May 3.—A silver loving cup was presented to Senator F. D. Roosevelt to-night by the insurgents in the Legislature, who followed his leadership during the recent Senatorial struggle.

SOCIALIST FAILURE DENIED BY BERGER

Mayor Seidel's Administration Greatly Maligned, Says Milwaukee Congressman.

NO ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED

A Hobo Convention and a St. Louis Newspaper Started the Story, He Says—New Park Without Graft.

Congressman Victor Berger of Milwaukee, the lone Socialist member of the lower house in Washington, is in New York to tell his friends what he intends to do in the way of making laws during his first term in office. He would not divulge his secret to a TIMES reporter yesterday, saying that it wouldn't be fair to his constituents, who had paid as much as $5 to hear him talk on that very subject in Carnegie Hall to-night. He did, however, try to refute what has been said about the Socialists' administration in Milwaukee.

"I've got more enemies than any other man in Milwaukee," he cheerfully admitted, "but I've also got more friends there than any one else, and that's why I am the happiest man alive to-day."

"What do you think of Washington by this time?" was asked.

"Well," he said nonchalantly, "you know I'm on the Committee of the District, one of the four principal committees in Congress, and I know that town from one end to the other. I've been through every one of its 300 blind alleys, and I could say something if I wanted to, but I'm not in Washington for the purpose of muck-raking.

"As to my view of Congress, I want to say that my associates have had a lot of fun out of me with their jokes about my being the whole Socialist Party, a complete caucus, quorum, and the recognized leader, all in one, but they are just about through with all that, and I honestly believe that no other Congressman has been taken so seriously as I have been, and before my term is over they will see that it pays to take me seriously."

The interview took place in the Congressman's single room in the Hotel Manhattan, and every few minutes the telephone rang, announcing the arrival of a friend and the offering of congratulations. "You haven't any idea," he repeated on several occasions, "how many people want to see me. It's surprising."

"For Civil Service jobs?" was suggested.

"Ach," he replied in his German accent, "for everything under the sun. It certainly keeps one man busy attending to the whole party.

"But now I see what you are driving at," he continued. "You want me to say something about those Civil Service jobs in Milwaukee, and why it has been said that the Socialists' administration up to date has been a failure.

"That story originated with a paper in St. Louis, which sent a reporter to Milwaukee, and which then printed all those lies in St. Louis because the Socialists there were making such a rapid progress. Those charges were lies, and I can prove it. I will answer every one of them that you can state."

The Hobo Convention.

"How about your 30,000 men out of work?"

"That is an outrageous misstatement which resulted from a convention of the so-called Republic of the Unemployed which met in Milwaukee. A hobo genius got the idea that all the tramps of the United States ought to have a convention, and we threw the City Hall open to them. I was opposed to it at first, but only about 200 showed up, and so both Mayor Seidel and myself let them have full sway. The press took it up, and the number of unemployed, according to the press, grew from 200 to 30,000. Of course, there are always some unemployed in every city near the close of Winter, but we haven't any more in my city this year than it ever had before. If you had a convention for that class of people in New York you would get an exaggerated notion of your total number of unemployed also."

"How about this charge that Mayor Seidel's administration violated the Civil Service laws?"

"Absurd question," he remarked. "We have altogether 4,000 city employes in our city. When I left we had changed just sixty-two. Isn't that fair enough? Of course, we had to change most of the heads of the departments in order to promote our schemes of government, and we had to put all of the inefficient out, for obvious reasons. If the election had given the Republicans the reins after a long Democratic rule there would have been twenty times as many changes. The only claim they can make is that we did not strictly adhere to that clause in the charter which says that employes must be taken from among residents of three years' standing. We took our appointees from all over the country, getting the best experts in every line that we knew of. Hence we may have violated the letter of the law, but we did not violate the spirit, because we gave the people of Milwaukee the very best service on the market."

"The charge has been made that there was no market for school and other city bonds in your city. How about that?"

"That's an absolute lie. We got the best rates on our bonds that were ever received. And you ought to have seen those eager bidders. There were more than ever before—two whole rooms full, a tremendous crowd."

"And how about the high taxes?"

"That charge is the most foolish of all. The budget was completed before we went into office, and the taxes were not set by us. We will be responsible for the rate of tax next year, as based on the budget which we will make this year, but it isn't fair to blame us with what our predecessors did."

"Will the tax rate be lower next year?" the reporter asked.

"I can't promise that," the broad-shouldered Congressman quickly retorted, "but we'll make every dollar go its limit—that I know."

Socialists Not Repudiated.

"Wasn't the Socialist regime repudiated by your recent election of April 4, when your opponents elected two school Directors and a city Judge, and your party didn't win anything?"

"No, no, no," he replied. "You are not properly informed on the game of politics in Milwaukee, I see. The Socialists have a plurality of votes in my city, but not a majority. All the opposition fused against us. We had no less votes as a consequence, but we were beaten. But wait—some day we'll have the majority as well as the plurality, and then they can't even beat us by fusion.

"There are two more charges which you haven't asked about," the Socialist continued, "and we might as well wipe the slate clean. They say in Milwaukee that the 'Berger Park,' comprising about 500 acres in the north of the city, is one of our visionary dreams which will never be realized. I tell you that it will, and within the next year, and it will be the first $1,000,000 park ever laid out in the United States without graft. Even the opposition admits that we are honest, you know. The other charge has to do with another promise which they also call visionary, that of building a terminal for all the interurban and local street cars in the city. We won't promise that this year, that's true, but when our first tenure of office expires next year we expect to have another term of office, and then—then you'll see some wonderful things accomplished. Why, we aren't started yet."

At that moment the Congressman's friend, Earnest Poole, whisked the former away for dinner at his home, 130 West Eleventh Street. Later in the evening Congressman Berger addressed a labor union delegation in German in a hall on West Eighty-fourth Street. He said that he would be only a few days in the city, having come primarily to address the Intercollegiate Socialist Society in Carnegie Hall to-night.

Stern Brothers

Announce for To-day, Thursday,

A Noteworthy Offering of

High Cost Dresses

for Dinner, Reception, Theatre, Carriage and Street Wear, Copies of the Newest Foreign Creations,

of the most desirable materials, including Satin Striped Chiffons, Charmeuse, Meteors, Novelty Crepe, Embroidered Silk Marquisettes, Satin Striped Glacé Silks, Etc.,

at $39.50, 55.00, 68.00 to 95.00

Original Prices from $82.50 to 195.00

Stern Brothers

have in preparation for To-morrow and Saturday

An Unusually Important Sale of

Men's Furnishings

comprising large assortments of the most desirable class of

Negligee Shirts, Pajamas,
Night Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery,
Neckwear, Gloves and Canes,

at

Decided Reductions from Regular Prices

The two entrances on West Twenty-second Street will be found very convenient for Automobiles and Carriages.

West 23d and 22d Streets

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564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46TH AND 47TH STS.

Offer At Special Sale

Women's High-class Novelty Tailor-made Suits

Formerly $75 to $150— at $55 to $95

The late styles of Paquin, Poiret, Drecoll, Bernard, Beer, Francis and other noted Paris designers.

Materials embrace French serge, Scotch and English homespuns, worsteds, novelty mixtures and satins.

WIRELESS SELLING PROFITS.

United Employe Gives Amounts He Says the Officers Got.

Through the agreement of counsel to allow the testimony previously taken to be read into the record, the Government got its second trial of the officers of the United Wireless Telegraph Company under way yesterday before Judge Martin in the United States Circuit Court. The first trial was declared off because a juror asked an improper question.

Yesterday morning was given over to the reading of testimony previously taken, and in the afternoon the Government began to call witnesses. After getting into evidence, over the protest of the array of counsel for the defense, specimens of the literature sent out by the company while Col. C. C. Wilson and his co-defendants were running it, the Government produced a contract covering the sales of United Wireless stock, which the prisoners are charged with conducting through the mails with intent to defraud.

The contract, which was read to the jury, showed that W. W. Tompkins was to get 50 per cent. of all profits in the stock-selling campaign, and that C. C. Wilson, S. S. Bogart, F. X. Butler, and C. C. Galbraith were to share alike in the other 50 per cent. of the profits. Galbraith is not being tried with the other officers of the company, and it is reported that he will be used as a witness by the Government.

Arthur W. Marks, bookkeeper of the United Wireless and the New York selling agency through which the selling campaign was conducted, testified that between July 8, 1908, and December, 1909, officers of the United Wireless received the following sums under the contract: F. X. Butler, $8,312.50; S. S. Bogart, $8,312.50; C. C. Wilson, $1,125 and $8,315.50; C. C. Galbraith, $8,312.50.

No Release for Opium Sellers.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick refused yesterday to Max Williams, Albert Wilson, Daniel Martin, Paul Brandt, and Marie Weber certificates of reasonable doubt on which they might be released pending their appeal from conviction in Special Sessions for having operated an opium den in West Forty-fifth Street.

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Mantel and Hall Chiming Clocks

(Grand Prize, St. Louis, 1904)

are sold by all first-class clock dealers in the United States and Canada.

These clocks represent the highest standard; accurate clock works, rich dials, the very best chimes, assembled and regulated in artistic cases by skilled specialists.

Bawo & Dotter Patented Tubular Bells have no superior; they are made *exclusively* by the celebrated Bell Specialist, R. H. Mayland, for Bawo & Dotter under their own patent. We could find no better master of acoustics and tuning than Mr. Mayland.

Foreign Clockmakers do not produce or ship any Tubular Bells to the United States.

Each bell in our clocks bears the stamp "Pat. Dec. 4, 1900." **We shall be pleased to send you our Chiming Clock Booklet and the names of dealers in your locality upon request.**

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"SAVING"

If it is worth waiting a few days to save more than a few useful dollars, then it is worth remembering that MACY'S WHITE SALE is fixed for MONDAY, MAY 8TH.

BIG SALES NOW IN PROGRESS.
DIAMOND JEWELRY,
DRUGS and TOILET ARTICLES,
95,000 yds. of RIBBONS,
KAYSER SILK,
SUMMER FURNITURE.

We don't advertise our Rugs in huge type—
But the quality is there all the same—
And our prices are the lowest in the city
As in everything else.

ORIENTAL RUG SALE

Macy's Prices on Oriental Rugs Always the Lowest. 3d Fl.

We import direct through our agency in Constantinople

LARGE SIZE ORIENTAL RUGS
A few Specimen Values

SIZES.		SPECIAL.
AMRITZAR	12.3x15.0	$138.00
GULISTAN	11.9x15.3	$139.00
AMRITZAR	12.4x18.1	$168.00
BAGDAD	13.1x20.6	$168.00
BAGDAD	13.0x16.7	$174.00

AMRITZAR RUGS 10 Stitch

SIZES.	SPECIAL.
9.1x12.4	$84.00
10.0x12.8	$95.25
10.3x13.10	$106.50
10.2x14.3	$108.75
10.1x15.2	$114.75

FINEST PERSIAN KIRMANSHAHS

SIZES.	VALUE.	SPECIAL.	SIZES.	VALUE.	SPECIAL.
7.0x9.0	$198	$139.50	8.0x10.8	$258	$148.00
7.4x9.2	$224	$148.00	7.6x10.6	$258	$158.00
8.0x11.9	$288	$162.50	8.6x11.8	$290	$175.00
8.3x12.2	$294	$176.75	9.1x11.6	$315	$183.75
9.9x11.4	$330	$194.00	9.6x13.10	$396	$227.50

Many others in different sizes at proportionate savings

KURDISTAN and MOSSUL RUGS
VALUES $18.00 to $22.50
About 400 to choose from
At Three Prices
$12.48, $13.24 and $14.94

HALL RUNNERS
9 ft., 10 ft. and 12 ft. long.
3 ft. and 3 ft. 5 in. wide.
Limited Quantity
$19.94 and $24.74

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JAMES BUTLER CHOICE INC GROCERIES

Every purchase made at these prices saves YOU money and will give you perfect satisfaction.

Best Creamery Butter,	fresh from Western Creameries, lb..	25c
Belle Brook Print Butter,	in clean cartons, each.....	27c
New Potatoes,	the finest from Florida.....	6 lbs. 25c
East View Eggs,	Large, new laid, in sealed cartons only, dozen..	25c
Essie Sugar Corn,	Maine's choicest, 12c can, reduced to....	10c
Essie Tomatoes,	Finest fruit in largest 15c cans, each	12c
Saratoga Star Water,	ideal table beverage, large bottle.....	10c
Imported Ginger Ale,	Corry's Belfast.....3 bottles.	29c
Rose's Lime Juice,	makes delightful limeades, large bottle...	33c

Peaches

JAMES BUTLER CHOICE INC GROCERIES

California's Finest Essie Brand; large can, cut to..... 15c

Choice California East View Brand; large can, cut to.. 13c

EXCITING MORNING EXHAUSTS CAMORRA

Abbatemaggio, Confronted by Nicola Morra, Is Attacked by Cerrato Through the Bars.

SESSION HASTILY ENDS

Jurors Petition to be Taken to Naples —Would Cause Mobilization of 18,000 Troops—Fees to be Raised.

VITERBO, May 3.—Nicola Morra, denounced by Gennaro Abbatemaggio as one of the actual assassins of Gennaro Cuocolo and the latter's wife, faced his accuser in court to-day, and their exchanges provoked a scene so violent that President Bianchi was compelled to suspend the sitting.

As was the case yesterday, the informer and the defendant stood before the Judge's bench and appeared to be prevented from springing at each other's throat only by the intervening Carabinieri. Morra's associates in the prisoner's cage alternately cheered him and cursed his "traducer."

Again Abbatemaggio described the murders, indicating minutely the part taken by Morra, who frequently interrupted with denials. The accused first rejoined with ridicule, but anger soon possessed him, and the rising tide of invectives finally silenced the voice of the State's star witness.

"Your whole story is absurd," answered Morra. "If it were true I must have been an idiot, and if I were an idiot I would not have been chosen to organize a crime. The truth is that you are a miserable epileptic, now in an abnormal condition. I can prove my own assertions of innocence by witnesses who will be called at an opportune moment. I do not mention them now because if their identity were known to the Carabinieri the latter would intimidate them."

Then followed an oral duel between the informer and the accused man in which they exhausted their knowledge of the Neapolitan language in expressing their hatred and contempt of each other. As the combat raged the other prisoners behaved like mad men.

Antonio Cerrato, another of the alleged actual murderers, pried his head through the steel bars of the cage, attempting to reach Abbatemaggio, who turned and spat in his face. Cerrato tried to respond in kind, but his satisfaction was limited to soiling the uniform of a Carabiniere.

The priest Ciro Vitozzi, looking as though he was on the point of apoplexy, screamed at the informer: "Thief! thief! thief!"

The prisoners within the cage presented a sight horrible to look upon as they cursed, gesticulated, and beat their manacled hands against the steel bars in a paroxysm of anger. Unable to proceed the court declared a recess. Even then it was some time before the Carabinieri could calm the prisoners sufficiently to make it safe to take them out of the cage for luncheon.

The afternoon sitting was cut short through the illness of one of the jurors. Morra, who confronted Abbatemaggio at the morning session, also was absent on account of illness, the excitement earlier in the day having proved too much for him. He was said to be suffering from a violent fever. The court adjourned until to-morrow.

It is learned on excellent authority that the Italian Government feels disposed to grant the petition of the jury for a raise of stipend. Its personnel is considered exceptionally fine, and the Government does not care to subject the members to any unnecessary inconvenience or loss. Besides the foreman, Alessandro Marini, there are two other municipal councilors of means; three physicians, three landed proprietors, one capitalist, one State pensioner or retired official, and one university professor. The stipend of the jurors will probably be raised from 41 50c, or 90 cents a day each, to 71 50c, or $1.50, an entirely unprecedented rate.

On the other hand, the Government has been embarrassed by the petition of the jury urging the necessity of a visit to Naples for the purpose of studying the topographical problems at Torre del Greco, the Cupa Calastro, Bagnoli, and other places associated with the case.

The majority of the jurors have never been in Naples, and so are unacquainted with the peculiar environment of Southern Italy. But the Government is alarmed at the prospect, for, aside from the direct expense entailed by the excursion, the Ministry of War has declared that it would involve the mobilization of about 18,000 troops to insure the safety of the jurors and court officials while sojourning in Naples and its neighborhood. Senator Marini is persistent on behalf of his fellow-jurors, and the Government may reluctantly grant the petition. If it does the excursion will probably be made after the confrontation of Abbatemaggio by the prisoners and before the introduction of evidence.

If all the prisoners avail themselves of this privilege it will probably absorb all of May, or the same time it took them to plea. The order of the pleas is being followed—the active principals in the murders, the planners or directors of the murders, the instigators, &c.

Sometimes a prisoner comes in more than one category, as the case of Nicola Morra, alias "Red Sandy," 49 years of age, who confronted Abbatemaggio's yesterday. He is accused of having been present at the Camorra court, held at the Trattoria Ida, in Bagnoli, May 26, 1906, when the Cuocolos are supposed to have been condemned to death, and of there vehemently insisting that the wife should be killed. He is also charged with being one of the four who stabbed Cuocolo to death on June 5, 1906, and with being the man who paid 8 lire to the coachman who brought the assassins back from Torre del Greco to Naples. He is also the friend of Marie Stendardo, at whose house, 6 Via Guantai Vecchi, the double murder is said to have been planned.

Morra is mentioned at the very beginning of Abbatemaggio's "confession" in connection with the robbery planned by Cuocolo as "basista" at 5 bis Chiatamone, Aug. 7, 1905, when it is alleged Cuocolo attempted to divert some of the booty from the Camorra to himself.

WON'T ASK FOR TAFT SPEECH.

British Government Does Not Think President's Remarks Indiscreet.

LONDON, May 3.—John Norton Griffiths, Unionist Member for Wednesbury, who gave notice on Monday that he would ask Premier Asquith immediately to instruct Ambassador Bryce to cable, for the instruction of Parliament, a verbatim report of President Taft's recent speech in New York, received his answer to-day.

On behalf of the Premier, Thomas McKinnon Wood, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said he had found in the speech no reason whatever for making any representations to the United States Government.

John R. P. Newman, Unionist, wished to know if it was not the opinion of the Foreign Office that the expression of the President in urging the American editors to advocate Canadian reciprocity before a system of preferential tariffs had bound the British Empire together was "a blazing indiscretion."

"No, Sir," replied Mr. Wood. "I certainly would say nothing of the kind. I would think that a remark of that sort (Mr. Newman's) would be extremely improper addressed to a great and friendly country."

LAURIER TO GO TO ENGLAND.

Gets Promise That Crisis Over Reciprocity Shall Be Delayed.

OTTAWA, May 3.—As the result of a conference to-day between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and R. L. Borden, the Opposition leader, an understanding was reached which makes it practically certain that the Prime Minister, with Sir Frederick Borden and the Hon. L. P. Bordeur, will sail on the Virginian from Quebec on May 13 in order to attend the imperial conference and the coronation.

Assurance was given by the Opposition leader that there would be no obstruction of supply in the Commons during the Premier's absence, and that the political crisis threatened through the obstruction of supply and the forcing of an appeal to the country on the reciprocity issue would not eventuate during Sir Wilfrid's absence, if it comes at all.

The Premier's decision is in line with urgent requests which have come from Great Britain and a general sentiment among members on both sides of Parliament that from every standpoint it was desirable that Canada should be represented by its first Minister at both the conference and the coronation.

WOMAN ARRESTED AS A SPY.

Mlle. Thirion Accused of Obtaining German Mobilization Plans.

COLOGNE, May 3.—Mlle. Thirion, an attractive Parisian, resident here, was arrested to-day, charged with being a spy, and obtaining the secret mobilization plans of the German Army from an army officer.

The prisoner offers the romantic defense that she had asked for the plans in order to test the honor of the officer, who was a suitor for her hand.

Swiss Accept Carnegie's Offer.

BERNE, May 3.—It is officially stated that the Government has accepted, with cordial thanks, $130,000 in the form of United States Steel bonds from Andrew Carnegie for the purpose of establishing a Swiss hero fund.

FEAR DIGGERS TOOK ARK OF COVENANT

Riots in Jerusalem Follow Report That English Excavators Removed Sacred Relics.

AT WORK FOR TWO YEARS

Said to Bribed Guards of the Mosque of Omar, Dug Under It and Spirited Away Treasures.

JERUSALEM, May 3.—The inhabitants have been aroused to the point of rioting by the operations of a party of English archaeologists, who are accused of having excavated beneath the inviolable Mosque of Omar and removed relics reputed to include the Ark of the Covenant, the censer, and other sacred vessels which belonged to the tribes of Israel.

Azmy Bey, the Turkish Governor, was mobbed in the streets for supposed complicity in the profanation and hooted as a "pig."

The mosque has been closed and is closely guarded pending the arrival from Constantinople of officials of the Government, who will make an investigation.

The expedition worked for two years on a large scale, beginning at the village of Siloam, which lies at the southeast end of Jerusalem on the southern slope of the Mount of Olives overlooking the Valley of Kedron and the Pool of Siloam.

The explorers are credited with having excavated a passage from the Pool of Siloam toward the place where once stood Solomon's Temple, built in 1012 B. C., pillaged and restored, and finally destroyed by Titus A. D. 70.

Failing to reach the relics sought in this manner, the explorers, according to the alleged confessions of the guards of the mosque, bribed the guards, entered the mosque, and after digging on six nights spirited away the treasures, "the whereabouts of which," says an Arabic paper, "none knew except God and these English."

Mystery surrounds the expedition, whose operations have been of such magnitude as to make it evident that a large sum of money was invested. It is reported that wealthy Englishmen and Americans formed a syndicate, of which the Duchess of Marlborough (Consuelo Vanderbilt), was a member, on the strength of the discovery of the location of the relics by Scandinavian investigators.

LONDON, May 3.—The head of the expedition excavating in Jerusalem is Capt. the Hon. Montagu Brownlow Parker, brother and heir of the Earl of Morley. The syndicate which is financing the enterprise received letters from Capt. Parker describing the progress of the excavations in the neighborhood of the Pool of Siloam, at regular intervals up to a month ago, since when no word has come from him.

The latest information received was that the land in which the explorers searched for treasure supposed to have been buried by ancient Jewish kings had all been examined with the exception of a small portion, access to which was to be had only through the Mosque of Omar.

Before starting on their quest the explorers stated that they expected to discover among the rock tombs honeycombing Mount Moriah a manuscript which would set at rest all doubts concerning the resurrection of Christ. The party included Capt. Duff, a relative of the Duke of Fife; Major Foley, one of the Jameson raiders, and Capt. Wilson, who is related to Lady Sarah Wilson.

Neither the Foreign Office nor the Turkish Embassy has any advices regarding the reported trouble with the populace of Jerusalem.

HARD FIGHT TO REACH FEZ.

Rebels Followed the French Column to the Gates of the City.

FEZ, April 26 (Delayed in Transmission.)—Capt. Bremond's column arrived here to-night in good condition.

During the last four days of the march to the relief of Fez the column had been under a stiff running fight continuously. The rebel tribesmen followed the troops from the time they broke camp for a forced march to the city, harassing them all the way up to the very gates.

Confidence has been restored within the walls, but complete anarchy reigns outside.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, May 3.—George Boulard, who says he is a native of Boston, is imprisoned at Maracaibo pending an inquiry into the death of two companions, George Bradford, an American, and Armand Arens, a Canadian. The three men, who are supposed to have been wandering mechanics, were crossing Lake Maracaibo in a sailboat when the craft was capsized. Boulard managed to reach the shore, but the others were drowned.

GENOA, May 3.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern arrived here to-night from Corfu. The German Emperor and Empress landed and left here for Germany.

BALFOUR HELPS ASQUITH WIN

Unionists Do Not Vote Against the Preamble to the Veto Bill.

LONDON, May 3.—The Parliament bill, known also as the Veto bill, for the curtailment of the powers of the House of Lords, together with its preamble, today passed the committee stage in the House of Commons practically without amendment amid scenes of great enthusiasm.

The refusal of Mr. Balfour, leader of the Opposition, to vote against the preamble to the bill, declaring for the reform of the House of Lords, removed any danger that might have been apprehended from a revolt of the Laborites against the preamble, and this portion of the measure, the consideration of which was regarded as the most critical test for the Government, proved the easiest to carry.

The Unionist opposition to the bill has almost vanished. In place of the hundreds of amendments which threatened to delay the proceedings in the committee stage, only a few important ones, mainly in the direction of urging joint sittings or a conference of the two houses in cases of disagreement, will be moved in the report stage of the bill, which will, it is expected, occupy only two or three days next week.

An amendment that the preamble be eliminated, moved by George Nicoll Barnes, the Labor leader, who described that portion of the bill as inconsistent with all the pledges and tenets of the Labor Party, which wants a single-chamber Government, was defeated by 218 to 47 votes.

After the application of the closure and the rejection of another amendment without division, Mr. Balfour said he regarded the preamble as "indefinite and illusory," but he wished to see the Government carry it out. He hated some of it, but liked another part of it, and therefore would not vote against it.

Amid loud Ministerial cheers the preamble was then agreed to without division. On a motion that the bill as amended be reported, a division was challenged, and the motion was carried by 265 to 147 votes. The House then adjourned, the Government supporters giving vent to the wildest enthusiasm.

OFFER BY ROME TO US.

Municipality Would Give Permanent Site for Exhibitions.

ROME, May 3.—Harrison S. Morris, United States Commissioner to the International Exhibition here, and Mrs. Morris gave a farewell dinner to-night to Mayor Nathan, the Foreign Commissioners, the exhibition officials, and prominent Americans residing here.

Mayor Nathan expressed a desire that the American pavilion be left as a permanent site for any exhibit Americans may wish to make in the future. He said the municipality would donate the land on which the pavilion stands.

Mr Morris said he thought the suggestion would be gratifying to the United States Government, and he considered it possible that such an arrangement might be made, the cost being defrayed by the balance of the funds appropriated for the pavilion or by private subscriptions.

WANT WOMAN POLICE HEAD.

Boston Women Ask Foss to Appoint One or Call Out the Militia.

BOSTON, Mass., May 3.—Declaring that every man who has held the office of Police Commissioner here has been a failure, a committee of Boston women has petitioned Gov. Foss to appoint a woman Commissioner. The committee, headed by Mrs. Charlotte Smith, President of the Women's Homestead Association, says it represents 50,000 women.

If the appointment of a woman Police Commissioner is impossible, the committee wants women police inspectors, and if this is impossible they want the present police force increased, reformed, and regulated. Should this also be impossible, the women declare that the chief executive of the State should at once take steps to call out the militia to "suppress wickedness in Boston."

DIX ASKED TO GIVE PATRICK A HEARING

Counsel for Sing Sing Prisoner Sees Hope of Success in His Fight for Freedom.

NEW EVIDENCE FOR COURT

And an Array of Doctors' Signatures to Petitions in His Behalf—Governor May Look Into It.

George Francis O'Neill, personal counsel of Albert T. Patrick, returned last night from a visit to Albany, made in an attempt to persuade Gov. Dix to hear a personal appeal in behalf of Patrick before the case comes up before the Court of Appeals on May 17. Patrick has spent eight years in prison for the murder of the aged millionaire William M. Rice, and is now engaged in another vigorous fight for freedom.

Mr. O'Neill said he found the Governor so busy with legislative matters that no fixed date could be set, but he hoped the Governor would give Patrick a hearing in the near future. Clark Bell, President of the Medico-Legal Society, asked that May 17 be given as the date of the hearing before the Court of Appeals, and as Mr. Bell has done good work on the medical side of the famous case the date was accepted by the prisoner and his counsel.

"A number of important new points will be brought out at the hearing," said Mr. O'Neill. "A. H. Hamilton, the handwriting expert, who has testified in fifty-five murder cases, will testify to the genuineness of the 1900 will of Mr. Rice, thus taking away the motive for the crime of which Patrick was convicted. He will show that the old man wrote in two distinct ways, holding his pen and shading differently on different occasions. The handwriting exhibits for the people at the first trial were selected from one style of writing only. I am also prepared to show that important photographs among the exhibits were ingeniously misleading and were used to deceive all the courts and the jury.

"One trouble has been that there has been no co-ordination among the various sides of the Patrick case. This time everything will be brought together. Robert Moore, who conducted one of the former Patrick trials, has been called in because of his extended knowledge of some sides of the case, and will probably appear in the appeal.

"We will have the affidavit of Dr. Austin Flint, in which he declares his opinion from the medical side that Patrick was convicted unjustly. We have a petition to a similar effect signed by 3,500 physicians, and with more signatures coming in. There is also the affidavit of Prof. Larkin of Columbia University, the pathologist, and of Timothy Lehane, Coroner's physician. Prof. Larkin calls Patrick's conviction the 'crime of the century.'

"These last two gentlemen were concerned in the Ferrari case, in which an old man was murdered beyond doubt in just the way Rice was alleged to have been killed at the instigation of Patrick. The condition of the lungs in the Ferrari case was entirely different from what was found in the body of Rice.

"We have also a resolution passed by the New York State Embalmers' Association last month, in which they protest against the misinterpretation of the plain facts of embalming made at the Patrick trial. They join in the petition of the Medico-Legal Society that the Governor unconditionally pardon Patrick.

"Dr. George B. Miller, the Philadelphia toxicologist, has made a statement citing authorities to show how contrary to science was the evidence given at the trial in respect to chloroform poisoning.

"Finally we have the affidavit of Col. Church, editor of The Army and Navy Journal, who was head of the Grand Jury that indicted Patrick. He says that had he been in possession, when the Grand Jury was sitting, of facts afterward brought out, he would never have consented to the indictment.

"Altogether we are much encouraged, and it looks as if the long fight might be near ending in victory."

TO CONTROL CABLE RATES.

British Government to Have Power Over Companies' Charges.

LONDON, May 3.—In a statement issued to-night Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company, says that an understanding has been reached between the Western Union and the Anglo-American companies by which the cables of the two companies will be worked interchangeably, but that the details of the arrangement will not be made public until they have been submitted to the shareholders for ratification. He declares that the ownership of the Anglo-American Company will not be affected.

The conditions of the agreement, adds Mr. Vail, provide that the British Postmaster General will practically control the rates charged, thereby making it certain that they will be reasonable. The Post Office has under consideration a scheme for deferred service at modified rates.

The reported combination of the Western Union Company with the Anglo-American Company was the subject of an inquiry in the House of Commons to-day. The question was asked the Government as to what steps, if any, it intended to take to prevent the combination, "having regard to the experience of American methods in connection with other mergers and to the consequences which might follow from the transfer to an American combine of the control of one and perhaps two companies on which the United Kingdom depends for cable communication with North America."

The Postmaster General, on behalf of the Government, stated that it was taking measures to obtain power to protect British interests, and that cable communication with America would not be dependent upon any American combine.

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The National Post

The Magazine of National Importance

Issue of MAY 6

CONTENTS

The Crumbling House of Lords - - - - - by Walter Weyl
Illustrated with Photographs
Fire Peril in Factories - - - - - by Anna Strunsky Walling
Illustrated with Photographs
A Piccolo in a Garden (A Story) - - by Walter Prichard Eaton
Illustrations by Monte Crews
The Rube's Nutty Nine (A Story) - - - - - by Zane Grey
Illustrations by Rollin Kirby
The Spot Light - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Thrown upon Senator William S. Kenyon, of Iowa—Senator James A. O'Gorman, of New York—Carter Harrison, elected Mayor of Chicago Fifth Time.

Review of Events

What We May Expect from the Tariff Tinkers. President Taft's Dilemma Regarding Mexico. A Brief Review of the Revolution. Ministerial Insecurity in France. Senator Lorimer Still on the Rack. Spenders Versus Diplomats. St. John's Cathedral Dedicated. Germany and the Vatican. Pittsburg and Cincinnati Struggling to be Free. Recent Labor Legislation. The Missionary Celebration. The Progress of Equal Suffrage. International Polo Match. A Glance at Other Sports. The Bible Jubilee. The Historic "Seventh" Marches Again. The "Shewing-Up" of Bernard Shaw. As a Man Thinks. Costs and Causes of Vice. Roosevelt "Swings Around" Again. Russia Aggressive in China. Socialists Lose and Win. The Trial of the Camorrists. Electricity as a Substance. The Income Tax. The New Thames College.

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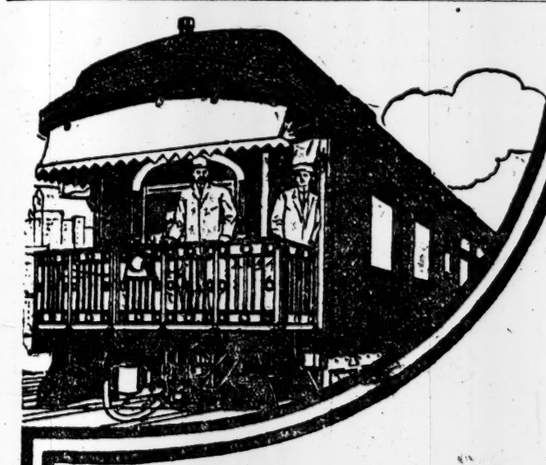

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NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

SACCHARIN LOWERS QUALITY OF FOOD

Popular Belief That It Is a Form of Sugar or Chemically Related to It Erroneous.

DECLARED AN ADULTERANT

Commissioner of Health Has Question of Local Prohibition of Its Use Under Advisement.

The condemnation of saccharin as an ingredient in food products by the Federal authorities has led to a good deal of discussion as to just what saccharin is. The impression has prevailed somewhat generally that saccharin is a sort of concentrated form of sugar, but as a matter of fact it has no relation to sugar whatever and is a coal-tar product, like phenacetine, anti-pyrene and aniline dyes. It is variously known to chemists as benzoic sulphinid, the imide of sulpho-benzoic acid, anhydro-sulphamido-benzoic acid and benzosulphonidum.

Incidentally it is absolutely indigestible and passes through the system unchanged.

The popular misconception as to the nature of saccharin is due to the cleverness of Dr. Fahlberg, the discoverer of its sweetening qualities, in giving it that name with a view to its commercial possibilities. The discovery of the compound itself is ascribed to Fahlberg and Prof. Ira Remsen jointly. Fahlberg was working in Prof. Remsen's laboratory in Baltimore when it was first produced. He happened to get his thumb in a solution of it and touching it to his tongue accidentally discovered its extreme sweetness. In its pure form this quality is 500 times that of sugar.

Dr. Fahlberg said nothing to Prof. Remsen of his discovery, but thought it over that night and the next day he resigned and subsequently obtained patents on the product, naming it saccharin. He returned to Germany, where he also took out patents, and began its manufacture for commercial purposes. By the time the patents had expired saccharin was much in use for sweetening canned vegetables, preserved fruits, syrups, sarsaparilla and other soft drinks, sweet pickles, cordials and wines. It has even been found in champagne. It is manufactured in large quantities by a number of firms in Germany and in recent years its price has been greatly reduced.

By a coincidence, when the pure food law went into effect and the Referee Board of Consulting Scientific Experts was appointed, its chairman was the same Prof. Remsen in whose laboratory saccharin was discovered. He is now president of Johns Hopkins University. Three matters were referred to the board, on all of which Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the Government chemist, had expressed unfavorable views. One of these was benzoate of soda, around which a controversy raged for months, and on which the board disagreed with Dr. Wiley. Another, still undecided, is the use of sulphur in preserving fruits and wines. The third was saccharin.

Used for Kidney Trouble and as an Anti-Fat.

An added importance was given to this subject by the fact that saccharin is often recommended to persons with kidney trouble as a substitute for sugar. It is also used in the same way by persons desirous of reducing their flesh. It is said to have been used as an anti-fat by a personage at that time occupying a very exalted station, who had much to do with the enactment of the pure food law, and he is said to have pressed for a determination of the question raised by Dr. Wiley's opinion. When the discussion over benzoate of soda was at its height some of the food manufacturers concerned were unkind enough to suggest that the Remsen board would decide against benzoate of soda but uphold saccharin because of Prof. Remsen's sentimental interest in its discovery. The board, however, has taken exactly the opposite position in respect to each.

Dr. Wiley's views as to the use of saccharin are expressed in his book, "Foods and Their Adulteration," as follows:

"The use of benzoic sulphinid, or, as it is commonly known, saccharin, in canned corn unhappily is too often practiced. This body, which has no relation chemically or hygienically to sugar, which is not a food, which is wholly indigestible and which the majority of experts regard as harmful to health, should never be placed in canned Indian corn, even if its use is stated upon the label.

"It produces an intense, but not agreeable, sweet taste and yet one which the unwary consumer would naturally attribute to the sugar present in the corn itself. Thus the consumer is deceived, and at the same time he is consuming a drug which has valuable uses in medicine, but which should only be administered with the consent and by the advice of a physician. Moreover, the name saccharin itself is misleading. It is an application of a word which by common usage is attributed to natural sugar substances to a substance which has no relation of any kind to sugar. The use of a word of this kind is evidently objectionable. The canner himself who uses this product often buys it under another name, which gives no indication of its true character.

"The use of saccharin as an imitation of the natural sweet of the pea is, unfortunately, very largely practiced and is open to the same objections. In canned tomatoes, also, saccharin is sometimes used as an adulterant to imitate the properties of pure sugar."

Medical Views of Saccharin.

Medical authorities say that saccharin is a useful drug in some cases, as it has some anti-septic qualities and restrains all ferments. Some physicians who were seen yesterday expressed skepticism as to the injurious effects of saccharin on the stomach, and said they had never observed such effects in cases where they had recommended it as a substitute for sugar. It was pointed out by others, however, that the board had confined its denunciation to the continued use of saccharin for a long time in quantities of over three-tenths of a gram per day. This would be equal, for sweetening purposes, to a quarter of a pound of sugar, an amount which few persons would require with their food.

The action of the board, therefore, seems to be directed entirely against its use in prepared foods. In its report the board says that use beyond the extent specified is likely to impair digestion and that the addition of saccharin as a substitute for cane sugar or other forms of sugar reduces the food value of the sweetened product and hence lowers its quality.

"Saccharin," it continues, "has been used as a substitute for sugar in over thirty classes of foods in which sugar is commonly recognized as a normal and valuable ingredient. If the use of saccharin be continued it is evident that amounts of it may readily be consumed which will, through continual use, produce digestive disturbances. In every food in which saccharin is used, some other sweetened agent known to be harmless to health can be substituted, and there is not even a pretense that saccharin is a necessity in the manufacture of food products.

"Under the Food and Drugs act articles of food are adulterated if they contain added poisonous or other added ingredients which may render them injurious to health. Articles of food are also adulterated within the meaning of the act if substances have been mixed and packed with the foods so as to reduce or lower or injuriously affect their quality or strength. The findings of the Referee Board show that saccharin in food is such an added poisonous or other added deleterious ingredient as is contemplated by the act, and also that the substitution of saccharin for sugar in foods reduces and lowers their quality."

Officially Pronounced an Adulterant

The order that follows is signed by the Secretaries of Agriculture, the Treasury, and Commerce and Labor, and declares that the Secretary of Agriculture "will regard as adulterated under the Food and Drugs act foods containing saccharin which, on and after July 1, 1911, are manufactured or offered for sale in the District of Columbia or the Territories, or shipped in inter-State or foreign commerce, or offered for importation into the United States."

This order gives the Secretary of Agriculture legal authority to proceed against makers or sellers of such foods after the date named. His authority, however, would not reach cases where the food is manufactured and sold in the same State. If saccharin is used by any of the makers of soda water syrups or soft drinks in this city, for instance, and is not shipped out of the State, they can be stopped only by the local authorities, in this case by the Department of Health.

Commissioner Lederle has issued no order as yet, but he is said to have the matter under consideration. It has been his policy to act in accord with the decision of the Government in such matters, as the city is not equipped for making the exhaustive investigation necessary before passing on the innocuousness or deleteriousness of substances which have recently been brought in question.

The department's authority, however, is not derived from the action of the Government, but from its own code. One of the provisions says food will be considered adulterated "if it contains any added poisonous ingredient or any ingredient which may render such article injurious to health, or if it contains any antiseptic or preservative not evident or not known to the consumer."

Upon the finding of the Government board, saccharin clearly comes within this description and the expectation is that steps will be taken to stop its use in this city.

HE LIKES CINCINNATI, SHE PARIS; THEY PART

Broker White, After Suing Olive Moore, Singer, Sees Her Safely Off to Europe.

WENT TO OHIO TOGETHER

Got Divorce Started and Returned Amicably to Same Hotel—He Plans New Marriage, It's Said.

Because she does not like Cincinnati and her husband doesn't like Paris, Mrs. Archibald S. White, formerly Olive Celeste Moore of the Bostonians, sailed for Europe yesterday on the Cunarder Mauretania after accepting service in a suit for divorce begun by her husband in Ohio on the ground of desertion and neglect.

Mr. and Mrs. White appeared to be on the most friendly terms when they parted after being married sixteen years. Rumors had been circulated among their friends for the last month that the couple had agreed to part, but it came as a surprise when Mr. and Mrs. White left the Hotel Plaza on Saturday and went to Cincinnati, where he filed the papers on Monday. She accepted service there and returned to New York on Tuesday with her husband.

On their arrival here Mr. and Mrs. White took up their quarters again at the Plaza. They had similar suites to those they had used before—that is, she occupied a parlor, bedroom, and bath on the twelfth floor, while her husband had a bedroom, with bath, on the same floor, but not adjoining.

Mr. White told the hotel people that he had come to New York to see his wife off, and they knew nothing of the divorce proceedings until it was published in the newspapers. The management of the Plaza denied emphatically yesterday that Mr. and Mrs. White gave a parting dinner to thirty of their friends on Tuesday night. Mr. White did not dress for dinner that evening, it was said, but retired after seeing his wife down to the Cunard pier, where she boarded the Mauretania. She slept aboard to avoid the early start, as the sailing time was 9 A. M.

Mr. White went down to see the ship off yesterday, but declined to make any statement to the reporters regarding his divorce proceedings. Mrs. White, when asked on the deck of the Mauretania about the divorce suit, said that while she and Mr. White were good friends, she would not live in Cincinnati and he, on the other hand, would not live in Paris, where it was essential, on account of her artistic temperament, she said, for her to reside.

The couple were married at St. Cloud, Minn., in 1895, when Mrs. White was a light-opera singer. She has lived for several years in Paris. It is reported among their friends that the divorce suit has been brought by Mr. White because he wishes to marry another woman who will be content to live in Cincinnati, and that that was the reason he recently bought the Alexander McDonald mansion, one of the show places of that city, where he is rated as a millionaire.

Mr. White is a member of the firm of White & Co., brokers, at 25 Pine Street. He is largely interested in several industrial corporations in Cincinnati and at present holds the contract for a $30,000,000 railroad terminal there. He pays frequent visits to New York and stays at the Plaza for several days at a time.

COURT HOLDS J. J SHUBERT

For Trial in Special Sessions—Charge, Striking a Chorus Girl.

After hearing much testimony during a period of several weeks, Magistrate Murphy in the West Side Court yesterday directed that a complaint charging assault upon Marie Barnett, a chorus girl, known on the stage as "Peggy Forbes," be drawn up against Jacob J. Shubert, the theatrical manager, and held him in $500 bail for trial in Special Sessions. The complainant was employed at the Winter Garden. She alleges that Shubert struck her after dismissing her, discoloring her eye and drawing blood. He denied this and asserted that she attacked him with a hatpin.

No Choice at Tacoma's Recall.

TACOMA, Wash., May 3.—The recall election for the offices of the four City Commissioners held here yesterday was not decisive, and another will be held two weeks hence, at which the eight high candidates will run again. All of the incumbents succeeded in qualifying.

"$10,000,000 BABY" SAILS.

John Nicholas Brown Is Old Enough Now to be Interviewed.

John Nicholas Brown, the "ten-million-dollar baby," with his mother, Mrs. John Nicholas Brown, sailed for Europe yesterday on the Mauretania. Mrs. Brown is taking her son, who is now 12 years old, for an extended trip abroad. The boy said before sailing that he looked forward with great interest to witnessing the coronation processions. He will have a splendid chance to review the pageant from the window of the house his mother has taken in London.

Young Brown, who is a plainly dressed democratic youngster, is much interested in ships and machinery. He confided to some of his friends that he hoped he would have a chance to see the interior of the Mauretania's engine rooms.

B. R. T. Confirms Amended Offer.

Col. Timothy S. Williams, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, sent yesterday to Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission and to Chairman McAneny of the Board of Estimate Conference Committee, a letter formally setting forth the modifications of his company's transit offer agreed to at Monday's conference. Col. Williams and the committee of his Directors will meet the Public Service Commission this afternoon in what is reported to be the final conference regarding the Brooklyn Rapid Transit offer.

SUIT OVER AN OPERATION.

Mary E. Gamble Blames the New York Hospital for Her Crippled Arm.

Mary E. Gamble, a former teacher of elocution, who was in San Francisco at the time of the earthquake, took the stand yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Giegerich and a jury in her $50,000 suit against the New York Hospital. She said that an operation performed on her without her consent had crippled her right arm.

The hospital's defense is that it had Miss Gamble's consent to the operation, that it was skillfully performed by a competent surgeon, and that following the operation she received the best of care and treatment.

ISELIN SUMMER HOME SOLD.

Yachtsman Parts with All View, a New Rochelle Show Place.

C. Oliver Iselin, the yachtsman, has sold his property All View at Premium Point, New Rochelle, to a client of Charles Field Griffin & Co.

On the property, which consists of about nine acres fronting on Long Island Sound, is a brick and marble mansion which was designed by the late Stanford White. It was built about twenty years ago and for years has been considered one of the finest country estates near this city. It is understood that the buyer will make extensive improvements.

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Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000

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April 27th to May 21st
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32 Years' London and Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

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WE direct particular attention to three lots that are especially suitable for refurnishing town or country homes, as the sizes are very convenient and the particular kinds of rugs are exceedingly brilliant and beautiful in design and color.
Fourth Floor.

Lot 1—Kurdish Shirvan and Beluchistan rugs, average size 3x5. Values up to $18.00; sale price..... $11.95

Lot 2—Genuine Antique Kurdish Bidjai and Mossoul rugs, from the south of Persia. Values up to $35.00; sale price $18.00

Lot 3—Genuine Antique Shirvan, Daghestan, Kurdistan and Mossoul rugs. Values up to $45.00; sale price..... $24.75

24 Hall Strips, 13, 14, 15 and 16 ft. long. A number of them are made of camel's hair. Some medallion, others small figures. 3 to 3½ ft. wide; sale price..... $49.75

Persian Serappi Rugs. Size about 9x12, exceedingly fine specimens, practically all geometrical designs, having a bold decisive Oriental appearance. Exclusive shops retail these Ghorevan, or so called Persian Serappi Rugs at $250.00 to $300.00..... $137.00 $250.00 values

DRUGGETS from East India. Practical, very durable and in exceedingly good taste. Their prices are very little above the average domestic rugs and remember, they are made by hand

Size 3x6 ft. Special at..... $6.50
Size 9x12 ft. Special at..... $32.50
Size 8x10 ft. Special at..... $26.00
Size 4x7 ft. Special at..... $10.50

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Today's Specials in the TEA ROOM and GRILL
Cream of Fresh Mushroom Soup
Lobster Patties
Fried Breast of Chicken, Cream Sauce
Old-fashioned Rice Pudding
Cinnamon Bun

The Gimbel Raglan Overcoat for Men
Is a New and Unusually Smart Garment

This Coat has been cut for comfort. We have profited by criticisms and study of the earlier Raglan, and competent critics have told us that it is the best Raglan Coat that they ever passed judgment upon.

There are several different models—from the ultra, large, roomy kind to some quite conservative styles. Designed and tailored expressly for us. Prices, $25, $30 and $35.

Of course, we are showing a stock of all kinds of Spring Overcoats, ranging in price from $16.50 to $40.

We also present to-day a special offering of

Men's $25 to $35 Silk-Lined Spring Overcoats And Raglans at $18

This is a collection of several hundred high-grade Overcoats, absolutely correct in style, and made for the present season's selling. Some are full silk-lined throughout. While all styles are not here in all sizes, there is a complete assortment of sizes from 32 to 46-inch chest measurement in the collection. Some are plain black; some are Oxford gray; and there are also many fancy overcoatings in the group. Formerly $25, $28, $30, $32 and $35. Now $18 each.
Fourth floor.

A Shoe Store That Is More Broadly Complete Than Any Other We Know

This is a many-sided shoe business, filling a new place in this great city of good shoe stores.

Nothing is of more importance to personal comfort than right shoes; and no one who is getting perfect shoe service will change shoe stores.

But there are a great many thousands of New Yorkers who are NOT rightly served with shoes. These we can aid to shoe comfort.

Some are wearing heavy, clumsy shoes, unnecessarily, to avoid pain. The Gimbel Arch-Ease Shoes give the same relief and comfort in most fashionable models—some even with high heels. We've added shoe art to orthopedic knowledge.

Some, who are wearing modish shoes, of unquestioned beauty and quality, are enduring pain and tempting deformity, because of their belief that such is the price they must pay for smart footwear. For these women we have a delightful surprise.

This shoe business has been organized and is managed by shoe experts with advanced ideas, as well as long shoe experience.

Our stocks are broadly planned to meet EVERY FOOT NEED.

We do not say: If you want style, you must endure the pinch.

Neither do we say: If you want comfort you must forego smartness and good form.

We have started where other shoe designers stop. We have taken the comfortable shoe and made it beautiful.

Or we have taken the stylish shoe and made it comfortable.

Then, we have not planned to put all feet into one group of shoes. We have right shoes for all sorts of feet—the thin, the fat, the bony, the long, the high arch, the low instep, the flat foot, the weak arch, the broad toe, or the narrow. It is a wonderful stock—planned to most broadly help the millions of shoe buyers.

142 styles in High Shoes for Women
81 styles in Low Shoes for Women
84 styles in Slippers for Women
65 styles in Shoes for Men
38 styles in Oxfords for Men
29 styles in Slippers for Men

Besides the hunting, fishing, riding and other sporting shoes.

The finest, handsomest, most stylish shoes are here, in every wanted sort, as well as the best-wearing shoes that shoe craft can produce—and best obtainable value always.

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Shoe Store, Second floor.

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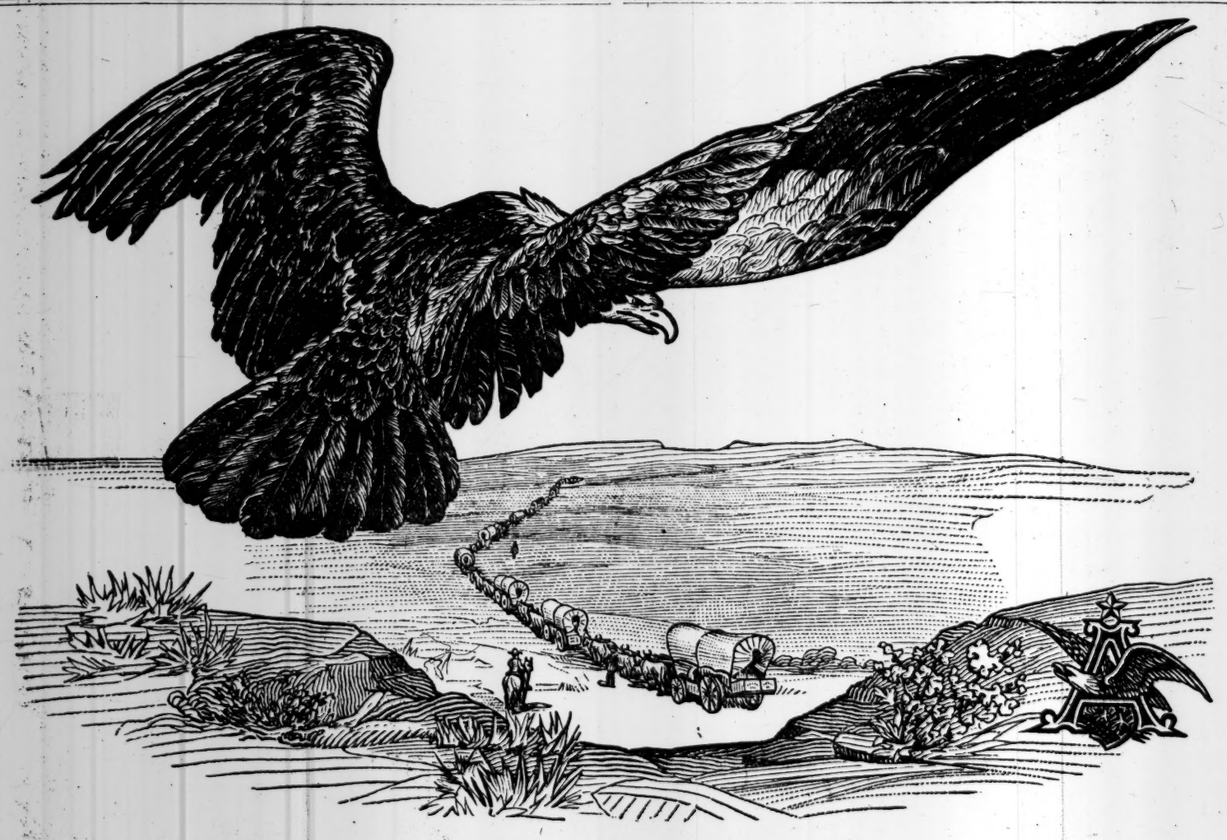
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.



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Bottled only at the
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and
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The invigorating Spring breeze with its tinge of chilliness reminds us that Lightweight Overcoats are in order—in fact they're always handy companions.

Our Spring Overcoats, including Raglans, have the right style and fit perfectly. And the large assortment we are showing of fancy patterns, Oxfords and plain black, affords ample scope for a satisfactory selection.

Spring Overcoats.....$16 to $42
Spring Raglans.....$30 to $35

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"Custom" Last Oxfords
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These stylish and perfect fitting Oxfords are faultless in finish and workmanship.

Offered in graceful models, both high and low cut.

Leathers, (tan and black) for all requirements.

Widths AA to E Sizes 2½ to 8
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The Martinolar Method is our method of fastening these teeth firmly in your mouth. There is nothing secret or mysterious about the method, the distinctive feature being in the mechanical construction of the work.

Patients come to us from every part of the country, and many voluntarily testify to the superiority of our work.

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In reply to yours of recent date, it gives me much pleasure to say that the teeth you supplied for me are entirely satisfactory and do their work almost as well as if they had grown in my mouth. My only regret is that I did not have them long ago. I tell this to my friends, adding that too much cannot be said in praise of the Martinolar Method, and as far as my experience goes, it certainly is all that you claim for it.
I shall be glad to have you use this letter or refer any one to me personally.
Yours sincerely,
MRS. W. WARDROP.

WE MAKE YOU THIS PROPOSITION: Come to our office for a free diagnosis and examination of your teeth. This will cost you nothing, either in money or obligation.

If you cannot call at once, send for our book,
"Martinolar Dentistry."
It is sent free on request.

The reading of this book has brought us patients from everywhere.

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KANSAS CITY, MO., 1024 Walnut St.

BRITISH POLO TEAM BEATEN HALF POINT

Mixed American, Reinforced by Capt. Wilson, Furnishes Challengers Good Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., May 3.—Riding their fast ponies to the limit, and executing every astute move known in British polo, Lieut. Palmes, Lieut. Edwards, Capt. Cheape, and Capt. Lloyd held safe their American competitors, Messrs. Brown, Beadleston, Stevenson, and Agassiz up to half time to-day, with a score of 4 to 3½, but after Capt. Wilson relieved Beadleston on the home team the Brown-Stevenson combination became so effectively reinforced that notwithstanding Lieut. Palmes's velocity and the English No. 2's valuable assistance, the American organization carried off highest honors and won with a net score of 6½, as against 6 earned goals on the English score board. One more goal would have been credited to the home team had it been possible for Brown to have reached the line five seconds sooner than actually happened.

The local organization opened strongest with Brown twice a visitor at the English goal. Then Capt. Lloyd rose to the occasion and registered first score for his side by a wonderful shot and despite determined opposition. Capt. Edwards was seen to best advantage in the fourth and fifth periods, and the opinion became general that he should be selected to back the challenging team when the final test matches occur this month. Lookers-on are busy making up their favorite English line-ups for the great struggle, and the majority seem to indicate preference for Palmes, Wilson, Cheape, and Edwards, because the cleverness of the English director in the middle of the team is carried so unostentatiously that only experts can realize that Capt. Lloyd is really a genius at picking up the ball, placing it for his "forward" and hovering around to counteract opponents driving shots.

In the latter half of to-day's game Capt. Cheape, while strong, could not withstand the Stevenson-Brown combination.

Stevens was positively ubiquitous, and demonstrated clearly that the committee was correct in deciding to increase his handicap rating from 3 to 6-goal standard. Operating vigorously in the middle of the American team, he frequently blocked Capt. Cheape's carefully calculated strokes, and was also quite on a par with the swift English "forward" at several stages of the game. His backhanders over his pony's quarters were remarkable. Alex. Brown, in fluttering silk, proved a veritable woodpecker today, and experts are agreed that he is an assiduous and speedy forward player always to be depended upon. He alternated with Capt. Wilson in forcing the ball into the enemy's territory, and finished the seventh and eighth periods unquestionably the most spectacular flyer on the field.

Mr. Agassiz, who it will be remembered played at back of the American team that won the first game at Hurlingham in 1902, over the Miller, Buckmaster, and Nickalls quartet, was hardly up to his old-time form to-day until the Englishmen settled down to real business in the fourth period. The clever Bostonian likes polo fast and furious, and the opposition can never be too strenuous for him or his ponies. Nobody got by him in the second, third, or sixth periods, and during the latter when Stevenson had broken a mallet and was trying to block Lloyd's placings with the bamboo, Agassiz plunged in and returned no less than three balls from the mouth of the goal. Capt. Cheape made up his mind to force down the barrier, however, and he ultimately got there by a very clever stroke, thus registering the fifth goal on the English score board. After Lieut. Palmes had scored in the seventh period their contract was filed and the attractive play thereafter came wholly from the American aggregation. For a thrilling wind-up, Mr. Brown got on the ball in midfield and drove hard to the southern goal, but time was up at his first stroke, and where the ball passed the line five seconds overtime had been accounted for, therefore the goal could not be credited.

Play will be resumed on Friday and continued Saturday and Sunday. The score:

ENGLISH TEAM.	MIXED TEAM.
No. 1—Lieut. Palmes.	No. 1—Alex. Brown.
No. 2—Lieut. Edwards.	No. 2—C. P. Beadleston (Capt. Wilson)
No. 3—Capt. Cheape.	
Back—Capt. Lloyd.	No. 3—M. Stevenson
	Back—R. L. Agassiz.

Goals.—First Period—Brown, 2. Second Period—Lloyd, 1; Third Period—None. Fourth Period—Edwards, 2; Brown, 1. Fifth Period—Edwards, 1; Wilson, 1; Brown lost ½ on foul. Sixth Period—Cheape, 1. Seventh Period—Palmes, 1; Brown, 1; Wilson, 1. Eighth Period—Wilson, 1. Net total—English, 6; Mixed Team, 6½. Referee—Robert Bullock.

ZBYSZKO LOSES MATCH.

Polish Wrestler Fails to Gain a Fall on Americus in St. Nicholas Rink.

Gus Schoenlein, better known as Americus, was winner in his handicap wrestling match against Stanislaus Zbyszko, the Polish champion, at the St. Nicholas Rink last night. By the terms of the match Zbyszko was to throw Americus once within an hour, and he failed not only to do this, but failed to secure a hold which threatened to result in a fall. Zbyszko was much heavier than his opponent, and also stronger, but the science of his smaller opponent completely offset these advantages. Americus was so proficient in defensive tactics that Zbyszko never had a chance to appear dangerous.

The second preliminary was a twenty-minute bout between John Niflot and Miles Sweeney, the Irish wrestler. Sweeney had the advantage of a few extra pounds and was stronger than Niflot, but the latter made up for this deficiency in strength by his knowledge of defensive tactics, and he was able to hold Sweeney off for the twenty minutes, and incidentally Niflot did considerable aggressive work, which forced Sweeney to work his hardest to escape a fall. Throughout the entire twenty minutes both men worked as if a championship depended on their efforts. Not a dull moment marred the contest. There was no loafing nor unfair wrestling, and both men were loudly applauded as they left the ring.

In the first preliminary a burlesque on wrestling, Young Monday and Frank Decker, went fifteen minutes to a draw, neither being able to gain a fall.

DEVINE STOPS RICE.

10-Round Bout at Sharkey A. C. Terminates in a Knockout.

Kid Rice, who started off at a fast gait against Mickey Devine last night in the star bout at the Sharkey A. C., was soon checked and put to sleep long before he had anticipated, which happened in the second session after he had been floored for three times from hard right-hand blows to the jaw. Devine at the start was very cautious, and is noted for his hitting ability, and let his opponent force the work from the tap of the bell, while he contented himself by taking a few hard ones in order to get a line on his man.

Young Reilly Loses on Foul.

Giving promise of being one of the best encounters ever seen between small boxers, the bout between Barry Hill, former amateur champion, and Young Reilly, terminated in the seventh round, when Hill was accidentally fouled and was unable to continue last night at the Princess Athletic Club.

Leo Houck Defeats Harry Lewis.

PARIS, May 3.—Leo Houck of Lancaster, Penn., the middleweight pugilist, won to-night from Harry Lewis, the American welterweight and welterweight champion of England, on points in a twenty-round fight.

Belmont's Sands of the Orient First.

CHESTER, England, May 3.—The Stewards' Three-Year-Old Maiden (at entry) Plate of 200 sovereigns, distance one mile and 120 yards, was run here to-day and won by August Belmont's Sands of the Orient. Quito was second and St. Fagan third. There were five starters.

GYMNASTICS BY SCHOOLBOYS

Lads of Allen-Stevenson School Show Proficiency—Talk by Dr. Anderson.

At the annual commencement gymnastic exercises of the Allen-Stevenson School, held yesterday in the Irish-American Athletic Club, Dr. William G. Anderson, director of the Yale gymnasium, handled some 500 of the fathers and mothers of the lads who participated in the function in a style which resembled verbal fisticuffs.

He admonished the mothers for having too many social engagements, and the fathers for an overabundance of business duties, which warranted their being almost unacquainted with their boys, and begged them to leave off a sufficient number of these cares in order to help work for the betterment of their offspring. His work at New Haven, said the doctor, had shown him that the father's only apparent care of the boy was to see that he got enough money to spend.

The athletic part of the entertainment consisted of boxing, Indian club swinging, wand drills, and tumbling. F. Martin had the better of W. R. Townsend in a two-round go, and Harold Helmuth and J. Bruch put up a capital exhibition of the art of self-defense in a bout which just bristled with fast work, at the end of which it was conceded that the former had what the sharps said was a shade.

J. Helmuth showed the effects of careful coaching in a tumbling act, which was voted first rate for a lad who weighed ninety pounds. W. R. Townsend was awarded three yearly cups for Indian club swinging, gymnastics, and character. F. Martin received a like number for proficiency with the rifle, boxing, and character. Louis Morris got a cup and a medal for boxing, and H. Solley two cups and a banner.

These lads have been under the gymnastic tutelage of Profs. Whewell and Muller for a year, and the work of the youngsters showed a finish that was surprising. The function was finished with a playlet in which the following lads took part: H. Bull, E. Robinson, E. Baier, Paul Parsons, C. Bull, J. Morgan, H. Solley, D. Sprague, S. Abbett, F. Lloyd, and L. S. Holland.

NEW SOCIAL AUTO CLUB.

Big Village Boosters Launched at a Banquet Last Night.

At a banquet held last night at O'Donnell's restaurant a new automobile organization was started and will be known as the Big Village Boosters. Since the breaking up of the Flat Tire Club and the Motor Racing Association there has been no automobile social organization, with the exception of the Automobile Club of America, in this city. The movement was started by several local automobile dealers, and among the Committee of Arrangements are A. G. Bachelder, James M. Carples, Fred J. Wagner, R. H. Johnson, Alfred Reeves, George H. Robertson, A. J. Inderrieden, William C. Poertner, E. F. Kerbel, W. J. Morgan, H. A. Bonnell, E. E. Schwartzkopf, and J. E. Plummer.

It is the intention of the new organization to secure suitable clubrooms on or near Broadway, and build up a strong social club. A meeting of those interested in the automobile industry in the Metropolitan District will shortly be held to complete details for the organization.

Joseph E. G. Ryan of Chicago acted as toastmaster at the banquet last night and John C. Wetmore was the guest of honor. He received a gold watch from his many friends along Automobile Row. Joe Ryan's witticisms and humorous remarks and Wetmore's description of his tour abroad formed interesting features of the dinner, while a vaudeville entertainment closed the affair.

Lehigh Athletes Win Dual Meet.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., May 3.—Having contested to a tie the last two years Lehigh's track team this afternoon defeated Haverford College 62 to 50. Haverford led up to the discus throw, which Bailey won, making the score a tie. A clean sweep in the two-mile race gave Lehigh such a lead that the locals were never headed. Lehigh captured all the points in the pole vault, 220 hurdles, and two-mile. Haverford made a clean sweep in the high jump. Each team won seven firsts. Murphy in the 220 dash clipped one-fifth of a second off the previous Lehigh record.

Princeton Freshmen Athletes Defeated

PRINCETON, N. J., May 3.—Owing to a marked superiority in the field events, Central High School of Philadelphia earned a victory over the Princeton freshmen to-day, 66 1-3 to 50 2-3. The tiger cubs won more first places in the meet than the Philadelphians, but lost out in second and third places. The performance of Hayes of Princeton in the half mile was the feature of the meet. Although never pressed, he won the race in 1:54⅘.

N. Y. U.-Stevens Meet Off.

Lack of a sufficient number of competitors for the various events scheduled caused an indefinite postponement of the New York University-Stephens Institute of Technology dual track and field games, which were to have taken place at Stevens Field yesterday in Hoboken.

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Case of 12 qts. 7.00
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LOCRI-OLD CALABRIAN, Red.
Case of 12 qts. $12.00

ALEATICO MORI-TOCCI, Red.
Sweetest dessert wine
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Superb table wine in barrels of 26 gallons, $32.50 per barrel.

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1 gall. can $4.00. ½ $2.10. ¼ $1.20.

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HENRY FARMAN TO INVADE AMERICA

French Aviator and Builder of Aeroplanes to Establish a Plant Here.

Henry Farman, the French aviator and builder of aeroplanes, has decided to establish a manufacturing plant in America for the purpose of building American-made Farman machines. It is expected that this move on the part of the Frenchman will have a marked effect on the progress of the industry. The Farman Company of America is the firm name under which the company will do business, and it has been incorporated under the laws of the State of New York with a capital of $500,000. The Directors of the company are Henry Farman, Baron Ladislas D'Orcy, and Alfred W. Lawson.

Alfred W. Lawson is President of the corporation. He has been an active figure in the aeronautical movement during the past three years. Mr. Lawson is a member of the Aero Club of America and is identified with a number of aeronautical organizations throughout the country. Baron D'Orcy, the Secretary of the company for the last two years, has devoted all his time to obtaining a thorough knowledge of both the scientific and economic principles of aviation, and has been a strong factor in the actual development of the aeronautical movement.

West Side Lightweights In Ring.

The lightweight championship of the west side will be decided to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink, when Jack Goodman and Tommy Maloney come together in the main event of ten rounds before the Twentieth Century Athletic Club. Considerable rivalry has existed between these boys and their following for some time, and many efforts have been made to get them together in the ring, but without success. The weight question has always proved the big obstacle to block the match, and it threatened to block this match until a compromise was finally agreed upon and an agreement drawn up, calling for 137 pounds, weigh in at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Both boys have been training hard, as a victory will mean much to either one. Charlie White will be the third man in the ring. The usual number of preliminaries will be staged, beginning at 8:30 o'clock.

Burns vs. Wagner at Brooklyn.

A bout which will eliminate at least one contender for the bantamweight title, now held by Johnny Coulon, will be staged to-night at the Whirlwind Athletic Club in Brooklyn, when Frankie Burns of Jersey City faces Young Wagner of New York in a ten-round bout. The last bout between the two resulted in a fast session, with honors slightly in favor of Wagner. Burns later figured in two bouts with Johnny Coulon, and received the popular decision in each. Wagner and Burns have since claimed the bantamweight title, but promoters were unable to get them together in the ring until Matchmaker Dick Curley arranged for to-night's bout. The usual number of preliminaries will precede the main event.

Bouts at Long Acre To-night.

Harry Stone, the Ghetto lightweight, and Frankie Fay of Glens Falls, will be the principals in the star bout of ten rounds before the Long Acre Athletic Club to-night. Fay has the reputation of being an aggressive fighter with two good hands, and capable of making Stone go at his fastest pace to win. Andy Cortes and George Hoey will clash in the six-round semi-final number, and three four-round bouts will precede.

Fighter Hank Griffin Dead.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., May 3.—Hank Griffin, well-known colored heavyweight pugilist, is dead at his home here after an attack of typhoid fever which lasted nearly a month. Griffin, who was 41 years of age, had been conducting a school of instruction in boxing and a gymnasium in Ann Arbor. He was best known for his battles with Jack Johnson and Jim Jeffries. He had three fights with the present heavyweight champion, getting the decision over Johnson in twenty rounds on one occasion, and later drawing with Johnson in fifteen and twenty rounds.

ROAD DRIVERS' PARADE.

Nearly 200 Teams Expected to be in Line Saturday.

Final plans for the annual Speedway parade and horse show of the Road Drivers' Association of New York were adopted last night at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the association at Durando's Speedway Hotel. The parade will start from 155th Street and Edgecombe Avenue at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon and proceed down the Speedway to Dyckman Street and return. President Joseph Gibbons and the officers of the association will review the parade from the grand stand at the lower end, after which it will disperse and informal brushing will follow. It is expected that nearly 200 teams will be in the parade.

The horse show will be held on the lawn near the grand stand. Over eighty entries have been received for the seven classes catalogued. Ribbons will be awarded to the first, second, and third in each class. The judges for the horse show will be Dr. H. D. Gill, New York City; George Coleman, Poughkeepsie, and Ralph Kelsey, Brooklyn. A big delegation of horsemen from Brooklyn, Jersey City, and Newark have notified President Gibbons of their intention of taking part in the parade. After the horse show a luncheon will follow at Durando's Hotel.

Mayor Gaynor was expected to review the parade, but Secretary Semon read a letter from the Mayor at the meeting expressing regret that a previous engagement would prevent his accepting the invitation of the Road Drivers.

During the meeting several of the by-laws of the association were amended and the Brush Committee reported a big entry list for the first weekly Spring brushes of the association Wednesday.

NOTES FOR THE GOLFERS.

One of the best fields ever received for a Spring tournament under the auspices of the Garden City Golf Club will gather about the first tee to-day. The home talent will be ably represented by Walter J. Travis, Fred Herreshoff, the metropolitan champion; John M. Ward, and Robert C. Watson. Oswald Kirkby, the Englewood title holder, also will be there, and so will A. W. Tillinghast, the Philadelphian, who was runner-up in the Atlantic City tournament last week.

Women members of the Englewood Country Club took part in an eighteen-hole medal-play handicap yesterday afternoon. When the last score had been turned in a new winner was discovered in Miss Kruse, who had a card of 104, 15—89. Mrs. M. D. Paterson, playing from scratch, made the round in 107.

Vorhis to Coach Wesleyan Eleven.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 3.—"Larry" Vorhis, Pennsylvania State College, 1910, has been engaged to coach the Wesleyan football team next Fall. Vorhis was football coach at Wesleyan last Fall.

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11-12-13—$300 Twin Stone Diamond Rings, 1 Karat each.
14-15-16—Symphony Grand Graphophones.
17-18-19—Library Suites.
20-25—$125 Solitaire Diamond Rings.
26-28—Handsome Diamond Lavallieres.
29-30—Diamond Set Gold Lockets.
31-40—Handsome Brass Beds, Spring and Mattress.
41-45—Diamond Set Scarf Pins.
46-50—Diamond Set Gold Bracelets.
51-100—Handsome Solid Gold Watches.
101-200—Pearl Mounted Le Maire Opera Glasses.
201-250—3-Piece Quadruple Silver Plated Tea Service.
251-300—Sterling Silver Mounted Writing Desk Outfit.
301-400—Sole Leather Travelling Bags.
401-500—Handsome Sole Leather Suitcases.

Do you know what river or lake this picture represents? Historical Question: How did it get its name?

501-600—Two Pair each Imported Handmade Lace Curtains.
601-700—Silver Mounted Toilet Sets.
701-800—Heavy Mercerized Portieres.
801-900—45-Piece English Flo. Blue Dinner Service.
901-1,050—Sterling Silver Mounted Silk Umbrellas.
1,051-1,150—No. 3 Premo Cameras.
1,151-1,250—Mission Library Lamps.
1,251-1,350—Silver-Mounted Manicure Sets.
1,351-1,400—Handsome Brass Umbrella Stands.
1,401-1,600—Solid Gold Stick Pins.
1,601-1,800—Gold Fountain Pens.
1,801-2,000—6-Piece Vanadium Steel Kitchen Sets.

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Ten-day trip to Bermuda, accompanied by a chaperon, for each of the six boys and girls, under 15 years, who show greatest originality and ingenuity in arranging their sets of solutions.

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New York American

GIANTS BAG SEVENTH GAME FROM SUPERBAS

"Bugs" Raymond Outpitches "Nap" Rucker, Brooklyn's Star Boxman.

THE SCORE.

New York	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—3
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Snodgrass, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Murray, rf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	0	12	1	0
Bridwell, ss	3	1	1	5	5	0
Devlin, 3b	4	1	2	2	2	0
Wilson, c	3	0	1	2	2	1
Raymond, p	4	0	0	0	4	0
Total	32	3	6	27	17	1

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Myers, cf	4	0	0	2	0	1
Tooley, ss	2	0	0	0	3	1
Daubert, 1b	4	0	1	7	0	0
Hummel, 2b	4	0	0	5	1	0
Wheat, lf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Coviaton, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Zimmerman, 3b	3	0	0	0	2	0
Bergen, c	2	0	1	9	1	0
Rucker, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Total	28	0	4	27	8	2

Two base hit—Devlin. Three base hits—Devore, Snodgrass. Sacrifice hit—Rucker. Sacrifice fly—Doyle. First base on balls—off Raymond, 5; off Rucker, 3. First base on errors—New York, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Struck out, By Rucker, 8; by Raymond, 2. Stolen base—Coulson. Double play—Doyle, Bridwell and Merkle. Left on bases—New York, 6; Brooklyn, 7. Time of game—three hours. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Doyle.

Brooklyn is sure to finish among the first eight in this year's pennant race. That is about all the consolation the fans from the other side of the river found yesterday at the close of the game between the Superbas and the Giants, which ended 3 to 0 in favor of the boys from Manhattan. It was the seventh clash between the rival teams from the Greater City since the season opened, and they all resulted alike, except for the size of the score. The Giants' trip to Pennantville would be one long sweet song, without even a discordant note, if all the teams were like Brooklyn.

Arthur Raymond, the pitcher that hangs around the well, was chiefly responsible for the Giants taking that seventh ride over the prostrate Superba form. The big fellow was up against some high class pitching by Brooklyn's star side-wheeler, Nap Rucker, and he pitched just enough better than the southpaw to deserve the verdict. For the Giants' sake it is a good thing that Raymond was in such fine form, for the men behind him looked like anything but fence breakers before the delivery of Rucker. "Bugs" made his usual trip to the water bucket every inning, smacked his lips as if he liked it, and trotted back to the centre of the diamond to pitch the kind of ball that is expected under the burning sun in July rather than under yesterday's weather conditions. A delayed March breeze blew across the field, at the same time taking care to circulate freely in the grandstand, where 2,000 real fans shivered.

Raymond didn't know the meaning of the word trouble during the full nine innings. He did not break into the strike-out column very heavily, but his delivery was puzzling enough to keep Brooklyn's hit allowance uncomfortably thin. He allowed just four bingles to the Dahlenites, none good for more than a single sack, and no two in the same chapter. Three of the Superbas raised some dust between first and second bases, but none of them rubbed elbows with Arthur Devlin down around the final turn.

Rucker did about all that could be expected from him to boost Brooklyn, but he had to bow with his mates to the superior twirling. Nap allowed the Giants six singles, which were bunched in only one inning—the seventh. Half of the allowance came in rapid succession in this one chapter, and the other three arrived at far separated intervals. Only five of McGraw's men got as far as second, four reached third, and three counted. Nap had his sassy benders working nicely and eight of the McGrawites were mowed down at the plate.

Both teams did some fancy fielding. Zimmerman starred for the home team with stabs of hot drives by Devlin and Merkle, which robbed each Giant of a hit. Coulson and Wheat smothered a pair of difficult drives in the outfield. For the Giants Murray contributed the fireworks when he raced back to the fence in the fourth inning and prevented Silent John Hummel from joining the two-base hit class.

The Giants won on the first out of the game. Devore, the first man to face Rucker, drove the ball to the fence in right centre field and sprinted around to third. Doyle hit a long fly to Myers and Devore scampered home. The Giants didn't see first base again until the third, when Wilson drew a pass. Rucker fanned both Raymond and Devore, and Doyle forced Wilson at second. Merkle reached first with two out in the fourth on Tooley's error, but died stealing. Bridwell walked for a starter in the fifth, but Devlin filed to Coulson, and Wilson and Raymond fanned. Snodgrass tripled with two gone in the sixth, but Murray filed to Coulson.

The seventh was the big session. Merkle went out on a one-hand stop by Zimmerman and Bridwell singled past Hummel. Devlin doubled to right and Bridwell dusted to third. Wilson's scorcher past second base scored both runners. Wilson reached second on Myers's fumble, Raymond fouled to Daubert, Devore walked, and Doyle ended the inning by fanning. The Giants did not see second base in the last two chapters.

The Superbas were remarkably tame. In the second inning Wheat reached the midway on his single and Coulson's out. Bergen got over the same route in the third, when Raymond wisely ducked a liner, and Rucker followed with a sacrifice. He also dropped anchor at second. With two down in the fourth inning Coulson singled and stole. In the nine innings first base was the yard limit for the Dahlenites.

Tenney Makes Five Hits.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—Boston won the final game of the series here, 4 to 3. The visitors hit Beebe's curves hard, eight of their safe hits being for extra bases. Tenney made five hits, including two doubles, in as many times at bat. Boston scored the runs which decided the game in the fourth inning on a base on balls to Goode, Sweeney's double, and Pfeffer's drive, which bounded into the left field bleachers for a home run. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Clarke, lf	5	0	0	5	0
Tenney, 1b	5	1	5	9	1
Herzog, ss	3	0	1	1	5
Ingerton, 3b	4	0	0	0	5
Miller, rf	5	0	1	0	0
Goode, cf	3	1	1	4	0
Sweeney, 2b	4	1	1	3	2
Graham, c	4	0	2	4	1
Pfeffer, p	3	1	1	1	2
Total	36	4	12	27	14

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Titus, rf	2	0	1	1	0
W'ch'ce, rf	1	0	0	3	0
Knabe, 2b	4	0	1	3	5
Lobert, 3b	5	0	1	1	1
Magee, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Paskert, cf	3	0	0	0	0
Lud'us, 1b	2	0	1	12	1
Doolan, ss	3	0	1	2	3
Dooin, c	4	0	0	4	4
Beebe, p	3	1	1	0	0
*Walsh	1	1	1	0	0
Total	32	3	8	27	20

*Batted for Beebe in the ninth inning.

Errors—Sweeney, Knabe, Lobert.

Boston	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—4
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hits—Tenney, (2,) Miller, Graham, (2,) Sweeney, Walsh. Three-base hits—Herzog, Beebe. Home run—Pfeffer. Sacrifice hits—Paskert, Herzog, (2,) Sacrifice fly—Knabe. Stolen base—Tenney. Double play—Sweeney, Herzog and Tenney. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Pfeffer, 5; off Beebe, 3. First base on errors—Boston, 2. Struck out—By Beebe, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnstone.

Cardinals Lose in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 3.—The St. Louis team to-day made its first appearance in Pittsburg, and was beaten, 8 to 4. Harmon was wild. Pittsburg was never in distress. Leifield began for Pittsburg, and pitched good ball until the eighth inning, when he was hit for a single and three doubles in succession, giving the visitors three runs. After two men were out in this inning Leifield was taken out and Nagle substituted. He faced four men and struck out three. Score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	0	1	0	2
Leach, cf	3	1	1	5	0
Clarke, lf	3	1	1	2	0
Wagner, ss	1	1	0	1	0
Miller, 2b	4	1	1	2	3
Hunter, 1b	4	3	3	6	2
Wilson, rf	4	0	2	0	0
Gibson, c	4	1	1	10	1
Leif'd, p	2	0	0	0	1
Nagle, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	8	10	27	11

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hug'ns, 2b	5	0	1	1	1
Ellis, lf	5	0	0	3	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	1	2	1	1
Kitchy, 1b	4	2	2	7	0
Evans, rf	0	0	0	1	0
McIver, rf	4	1	2	1	0
Bres'h'n, c	4	0	3	5	3
Oakes, cf	4	0	0	2	0
Hauser, ss	3	0	0	3	2
Harmon, p	3	0	0	0	1
†Bliss	1	0	0	0	0
Geyer, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	4	10	23	8

*Batted for Harmon in eighth. †Byrne out. Hit by batted ball.

Errors—Wagner, (2,) Harmon.

Pittsburg	1	0	0	3	0	0	2	2	0	—8
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	—4

Two-base hits—Byrne, Clarke, Hunter, Wilson, Konetchy, McIver, Bresnahan, (2.) Home run—Hunter. Sacrifice hit—Wagner. Sacrifice fly—Clarke. Stolen base—Hunter. First base on balls—Off Leifield, 2; off Harmon, 4. Struck out—By Leifield, 6; by Nagle, 3; by Harmon, 3; by Geyer, 1. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 3; St. Louis, 8. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Hits—Off Leifield, 10 in 7 2-3 innings; off Nagle, 0 in 1 1-3 innings; off Harmon, 7 in 7 innings; off Geyer, 3 in 1 inning. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and O'Day.

Luck Favors the Cubs.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Pitcher Suggs's generosity in free passes, coupled with an error and opportune hitting, gave Chicago the first game of the Cincinnati series to-day, 6 to 2. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b	3	1	1	2	4
Sh'kard, lf	3	0	0	2	0
Hofman, cf	4	1	2	2	0
Saier, 1b	4	1	1	13	1
Schulte, rf	4	1	1	2	0
Zim'rm'n, 3b	5	1	1	0	4
Tinker, ss	3	0	2	0	4
Archer, c	2	0	0	4	1
Brown, p	3	1	1	2	2
Total	29	6	9	27	16

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Beacher, lf	4	0	0	0	0
Egan, 2b	4	1	1	3	2
Bates, cf	4	1	3	1	0
Downey, ss	4	0	1	2	3
McLean, c	4	0	1	8	1
Suggs, p	3	0	1	0	7
*Altizer	0	0	0	0	0
†Beck	1	0	1	0	0
Total	35	2	9	24	16

*Ran for McLean in ninth inning.

†Batted for Suggs in ninth inning.

Errors—Saier, Tinker, Egan.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	—6
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Bates, (2,) Hofman. Three-base hits—Hoblitzel, Zimmerman. Sacrifice hits—Beecher, Zimmerman, Archer, (2.) Hoblitzel. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; Cincinnati, 8. Stolen base—Evers. Bases on balls—Off Suggs, 9. Hit by pitcher—Evers. Struck out—By Suggs, 3; by Brown, 3. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

MANAGER McGUIRE RESIGNS.

Capt. Stovall to Lead Cleveland Club Until New Manager Is Selected.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 3.—James T. McGuire, manager of the Cleveland American League Baseball Club, resigned to-day. In a letter to C. W. Somers, President of the club, he states that disappointment at the team's showing this season and a desire to give the management an opportunity to obtain a manager who may be able to get better results are the reasons for his resignation.

President Somers announced that George Stovall, Captain and first baseman of the team, would take charge of it until a new manager is selected. He said that McGuire would continue with the club as scout.

McGuire was manager of the Boston American League team from June 7, 1907, until Aug. 28, 1908, on which date, being released, he joined the Cleveland Club, which was making a fight for the pennant, to act in an advisory capacity to the manager, Napoleon Lajoie. During the early part of 1909 he acted as scout. When Lajoie resigned as manager in August, 1909, he rejoined the club, and on Aug. 21 was made manager.

The team finished in sixth place in 1909. Last year it finished fifth. With the exception of a few veterans, it is made up almost altogether of young recruits. It has been handicapped by sickness and injuries, and recently experienced a big loss through the death of Addie Joss, who was counted on to be the club's star pitcher.

McGuire was long noted as a big league catcher, serving with the Brooklyn National Club in the zenith of his career.

South Atlantic League.

At Macon—Columbia, 6; Macon, 5. Second game—Macon, 8; Columbia, 3.
At Jacksonville—Jacksonville, 5; Charleston, 4.
At Albany—Albany, 5; Augusta, 4.
At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Savannah, 1.

Southern League.

At Montgomery—Montgomery, 6; Mobile, 0.
At Atlanta—Atlanta, 5; Memphis, 1.
At Birmingham—New Orleans, 8; Birmingham, 1.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 7; Nashville, 2.

Connecticut League.

At Springfield—Springfield, 2; New Britain, 0.
At Bridgeport—Bridgeport, 3; Waterbury, 2.
Other games postponed—cold weather.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 6; Indianapolis, 1.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 3; Louisville, 1.
At Kansas City—Toledo, 9; Kansas City, 7.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 9; Columbus, 9. (Thirteen innings.)

New York State League.

At Albany—Albany, 3; Troy, 1.
At Scranton—Binghamton, 6; Scranton, 5.
At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 18; Elmira, 4.
At Syracuse—Syracuse-Utica game postponed. Cold weather.

Tri-State League.

At York—Harrisburg, 3; York, 1.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 11; Trenton, 6.
At Johnstown—Johnstown, 4; Altoona, 2.
At Lancaster—Reading, 3; Lancaster, 1.

New England League.

All games postponed on account of cold weather.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Boston. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia, 13; New York, 4.
Boston, 6; Washington, 3.
Detroit, 5; St. Louis, 2.
Cleveland, 8; Chicago, 7.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 3; Brooklyn, 0.
Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Pittsburg, 8; St. Louis, 4.
Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 2.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Toronto, 22; Newark, 2.
Baltimore, 10; Montreal, 2.
Buffalo, 3; Jersey City, 3.
(Eleven innings; darkness.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	16	2	.889	Chicago	7	8	.467
New York	8	6	.571	Philadelphia	7	8	.467
Boston	8	8	.500	Cleve'nd	7	11	.389
Washington	7	8	.467	St. Louis	4	18	.235

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	13	4	.765	Cincinnati	4	7	.364
New York	10	5	.667	Boston	6	12	.333
Pittsburg	9	5	.643	St. Louis	3	8	.273
Chicago	10	6	.625	Brooklyn	4	12	.250

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Providence	8	2	.800	Buffalo	5	6	.455
Rochester	7	3	.700	Montreal	4	6	.400
Toronto	7	4	.636	Newark	3	8	.273
Baltimore	6	5	.545	Jersey City	2	8	.200

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Boston at New York.
Philadelphia at Washington.
Chicago at Cleveland.
Detroit at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

EASTERN LEAGUE.
Buffalo at Jersey City.
Toronto at Newark.
Rochester at Providence.
Montreal at Baltimore.

ATHLETIC BATSMEN ON WILD RAMPAGE

Fusillade of Seventeen Hits Defeats Yankees by a Score of 13 to 4.

THE SCORE.

Philadelp'a	0	3	0	3	0	0	2	8	2	—18
New York	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Strunk, lf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Oldring, cf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Collins, 2b	5	1	2	3	2	1
Baker, 3b	5	0	1	3	2	0
Davis, 1b	4	2	1	6	2	0
Murphy, rf	5	1	1	1	0	0
McInnes, ss	5	3	3	3	2	0
Livingstone, c	5	2	3	5	2	2
Coombs, p	4	2	2	1	3	1
Total	41	13	17	27	13	4

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Wolter, rf	6	1	0	3	0	0
Bailey, rf	2	1	0	0	0	0
Daniels, cf	3	1	0	3	0	0
Chase, 1b	3	1	1	9	0	0
Hartzell, 3b	4	0	1	3	2	0
Cree, lf	3	0	2	6	0	0
Gardner, 2b	4	0	0	0	4	0
Johnson, ss	3	0	0	2	2	0
Sweeney, c	3	0	0	4	2	1
Fisher, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
*Elliott	1	0	0	0	0	0
Quinn, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	4	4	27	12	1

*Batted for Fisher in the seventh inning.

First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; New York, 1. Two-base hits—Livingstone, Cree, Oldring, Collins. Three-base hit—Chase. Home runs—Davis, McInnes. Sacrifice hits—Oldring, Daniels, Chase. Sacrifice fly—Strunk. Stolen bases—Strunk, (2,) Coombs, (2,) Wolter, Baker, Cree, Johnson, Oldring. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 4; New York, 5. Bases on balls—Off Coombs, 4; off Quinn, 1. Struck out—By Fisher, 1; by Coombs, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Coombs, (Sweeney.) Hits—Off Fisher, 11 in 7 innings; off Quinn, 6 in 2 innings. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Mullen. Time of game—Two hours.

The Philadelphia Athletics flayed the Yankees into submission on the Hilltop yesterday by a fusillade of hits all over the plateau, until Fisher and Quinn the New York pitchers, were about ready to be rushed to an emergency hospital. The score was 13 to 4, the numerous counts of the Newlyweds coming as a reward for the season's most violent outburst of titanic bat wielding. Harry Davis, in the seventh inning, crashed the ball into the new centre field bleachers for a home run. It was a Herculean drive, Daniels colliding with the stand and being temporarily disabled in his game attempt to reach over the seats and pluck the floating sphere. Jack McInnes, the youthful Gloucester whaler, also pummeled a home run to a mysterious corner of left field in the ninth inning. Every mother's son of the world's champions laced the ball safely, a few of them indulging in the diversion so much that after a while it became a habit.

For the first three innings the Yankees nipped the best curves that Jack Coombs had to offer, but suddenly the collegian got the ball spinning at unhittable tangents, and from the third inning to the end of the game the Yankees didn't get a hit. The relentless batting of the champions took much of the fight out of the Yankees' behavior, and they put up the mildest encounter of the cold, young season. The teams' fielding was shaky and uncertain, and some of the enemy's welts went for hits which would have been cut down under normal conditions.

The sun field caused a lot of trouble. The glare mingled in the gaze of Wolter so badly in the second inning that he lost one of McInnes's drives, and when Wolter retired in the third inning with a twisted ankle Bailey found the same trouble in the sun garden and let "Rube" Oldring have a two-bagger on a ball that is ordinarily caged with little effort.

Sweeney had a bad day behind the bat. His watchfulness over the bases was not acute, and the Athletics galloped the paths at random. Livingstone and Coombs worked a double steal twice, and neither of these runners ever won any medals as sprinters. The Yankees conducted the afternoon campaign listlessly and swallowed defeat without even making a face at the bitter medicine. The weather was delightful arctic. Ear-laps were put up at the rear of the grand stand to carrom off the wintry blasts, and one spectator who sat near a crack in the stand was frost bitten.

The only unusual thing that happened was the unpardonable act of Eddie Collins in being caught trying to steal a base. This sort of thing calls for some action by the proper authorities. Things have come to a pretty pass when the wigwag system of the Athletics fails so utterly. It looks as if there was signal tipping going on. That's what it looks like.

The catastrophe happened this way. Collins pumped a two-bagger to left field in the eighth inning. He looked at the bench for instructions—you know that's the way they play this "inside ball" nowadays. Connie Mack rubbed his eye and twitched his ear. That meant for Collins to look and listen. See? He took a lead of thirty feet. He was then sixty feet from third. Close scrutiny shows that it took just 3,987,564 seconds for the ball to travel from Jack Quinn to Sweeney and from Sweeney over to Hartzell at third. Connie Mack tipped over a cup of water which was the signal for Collins to tear up the trail to third. If Collins had traveled the required sixty feet in 2,99,873 seconds, instead of eighty-nine one-hundredths slower than that, Hartzell would never have tagged him with the leather. As it was, Collins was nailed sliding in, by a margin of three and thirty-seven one-hundredths city blocks. How the king-pin base traveler of the American League could ever have timed his flight so carelessly is a colossal puzzle to mathematicians.

The Yankees got started well. Wolter walked, stole second, and Daniels struck out. Chase hit a three-bagger which stopped short against the centre field bleachers and scored Wolter. The ball was relayed to Collins, who made a wild throw to third base to stop Chase, and Hal went right on home. The merry patter of the bat against Ray Fisher's curves began in the second inning. Murphy and McInnes got singles, Livingstone got a two-bagger, and Strunk a measley bunt, but all this shaken well before using gave the Athletics three runs. The Yankees stretched one run in front in the third inning on Wolter's pass, with Bailey running for him, an error by Coombs on a fumbled bunt, two unselfish sacrifice hits by Daniels and Chase, a single by Hartzell, and Birdie Cree's double—all this concentrated itself into two runs. That was the end of the Yankees' share of the run getting.

But watch the Athletics. The fourth inning marked the elaborate continuation of the plastering of Fisher's pitching. Three singles by Livingstone, Coombs, and Strunk, a double steal, and Oldring's double gave three more runs. Davis's home run in the seventh was the means of contributing two more to the grand total, and five resounding hits off Jack Quinn gave three others in the eighth inning, while McInnes's homer in the ninth inning added the last two. That's the bitter end.

Detroit Keeps in Winning Stride.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 3.—Detroit won again to-day, defeating the locals 5 to 2. Willis, a Three I League recruit, made his debut with the locals and was hit hard. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf	3	1	0	5	0
Bush, ss	4	1	3	2	2
Cobb, cf	3	0	1	3	0
C'w'ford, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Del'h'ty, 2b	3	0	2	0	4
Mor'ty, 3b	4	0	0	2	4
Gainor, 1b	4	1	1	14	0
Stanage, c	3	1	1	7	2
Lafitte, p	4	1	1	0	3
Total	32	5	10	27	15

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hoffm'n, cf	2	0	2	0	0
Austin, 3b	3	0	0	0	2
Murray, rf	3	1	0	1	0
Laporte, 2b	4	0	0	3	7
Stephens, s	3	0	1	5	6
Wal'ce, ss	3	0	0	4	4
Ne'n'm, 1b	4	1	0	12	0
Shotton, lf	2	0	1	2	0
Willis, p	2	0	0	0	0
Gregory, p	0	0	0	0	1
*Criss	1	0	0	0	0
†Williams	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	2	4	27	20

*Batted for Willis in seventh inning.

†Batted for Gregory in ninth inning.

Error—Jones.

Detroit	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0—5
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—2

Two-base hit—Lafitte. Three-base hits—Gainor, Delehanty. Sacrifice hits—Austin, Wallace, Hoffman. Double plays—Delehanty, Bush, and Gainor; Stephens, Austin, and Laporte. Passed ball—By Stephens. Stolen bases—Bush, (3,) Delehanty, Jones, Cobb. Wild pitch—Lafitte. Bases on balls—Off Lafitte, 5; off Willis, 3; off Gregory, 1. Struck out—By Lafitte, 1. Hits—Off Willis, 8 in seven innings; off Gregory, 2 in two innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Detroit, 4. Time of game—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

Red Sox Best in Cold Weather.

BOSTON, May 3.—Playing in severe cold, Boston won from Washington to-day, 6 to 3. Street was injured by a foul tip and McBride left the game after objecting to a close decision. Pape was given varying support. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	2	1	1	0	0
O'dner, 2b	3	0	1	3	2
Sp'ker, cf	2	1	2	1	0
Lewis, lf	2	0	0	0	0
Engle, 3b	4	1	2	2	0
Yerkes, ss	2	1	0	4	5
Wi'ams, 1b	4	1	2	8	2
Nun'ker, c	3	0	0	8	0
Pape, p	4	1	1	0	3
Total	28	6	9	26	14

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	3	1	1	0	0
C'roy, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Lelivelt, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Elfeld, 3b					
ss	2	1	2	1	3
McBride, ss	2	1	0	1	2
S'm'lot, 1b	4	0	0	14	1
Gun'h'm, 2b	4	0	2	2	2
Street, c	2	0	1	2	1
Groom, p	1	0	0	0	0
†Gessler	1	0	0	0	0
Gray, p	1	0	0	0	6
Ainsmith, c	2	0	0	3	0
Milan, lf	0	0	0	0	0
‡Henry	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	6	24	16

*Elberfeld out for interference.

†Batted for Groom in fourth inning.

‡Batted for Gray in ninth inning.

Errors—Gardner, Engle, Yerkes, Pape, Milan, Gray.

Boston	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	—6
Washington	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Elberfeld, (2,) Speaker. Three-base hit—Williams. Hits—Off Groom, 5 in three innings; off Gray, 4 in five innings. Sacrifice hits—Speaker, Lewis, McBride, Hooper, Yerkes, Nunnmaker. Stolen base—Milan. Double plays—Yerkes, Gardner, and Williams; Nunamaker and Yerkes. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Washington, 7. First base on balls—Off Pape, 4; off Groom, 1; off Gray, 4. Struck out—By Pape, 8; by Groom, 1; by Gray, 2. Wild pitch—Groom. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

Naps Win a Close Battle.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 3.—Cleveland defeated Chicago 8 to 7 to-day. With the score tied in the ninth and the bases filled, with two out, Olson's error saved Dougherty and allowed Lord and Zeider to score. Young was knocked out of the box in the third. Scott became wild in the ninth, and when the bases were filled Walsh took his place. Hits by Olson and Lajoie then gave Cleveland three runs and the victory. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf	2	2	1	2	0
Olson, ss	4	1	2	3	1
J'kson, cf	5	1	3	2	0
Lajoie, 1b	4	1	2	7	0
East'y, rf	4	1	1	7	0
Stovall, 1b	3	0	1	7	1
Turner, 3b	4	0	0	2	4
Land, c	3	0	0	2	4
Gregg, p	2	0	0	0	3
*Griggs	0	0	1	0	0
†B'm'ham	1	1	1	0	0
Total	32	8	10	27	14

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, 3b	4	3	1	1	3
Zeider, 2b	4	2	1	2	3
J'nson, cf	2	0	0	1	0
Ch'lan, cf	3	0	1	0	0
D'gh'ty, lf	5	1	1	1	1
Bodie, rf	4	1	2	0	0
T'nehill, ss	4	0	1	6	3
Collins, 1b	4	0	0	13	1
Sullivan, c	3	1	1	1	0
Young, p	1	0	0	0	1
Scott, p	2	0	1	0	1
Walsh, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	7	9	25	13

*Batted for Land in the ninth inning.

†Batted for Gregg in the ninth inning.

‡One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Olson, (3,) Jackson, Lord, Zeider, Chelnard.

Cleveland	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	—8
Chicago	3	0

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PRESERVE CITY HALL PARK.

The encroachment of the Legislature and the judiciary upon the principle of home rule for cities bristles in every clause of the Stilwell bill, railroaded through the Senate on Tuesday without debate or opposition. The bill commands the Board of Estimate of this city to pay, at the behest of the Supreme Court Justices who compose the Court House Board, for the erection of a County Court House in City Hall Park, where no new building ought ever to be placed.

The provisions of this bill are amazing in their impudence and effrontery. The Board of Estimate is the properly qualified authority for the determination of what moneys the city shall spend upon its public buildings. The well-defined policy of this city is to place no more public buildings in its parks. Invasion of City Hall Park with the vast winged building of the County Court House would not only ruin that park and destroy the effect of the beautiful City Hall, but would prevent forever the development of a noble civic centre, as planned and approved by the best architects in this country, on the blocks north of Chambers Street.

The Stilwell bill has been framed in rough disregard of the best advice and the most skilled views and opinions of men who are regarded as experts in city planning, men who are now being listened to by the preparers of plans for improvements in the architecture of 110 cities of the United States, Canada, South America, France, Germany, and England, which will be represented on May 15 at the coming conference in Philadelphia. The framers and instigators of the measure are flying directly in the face, not only of the experts, but of prevailing public opinion in this city, which has been abundantly manifested. They seek to make worse the original defects of the city's arrangement. We are trying to get more small parks, and to restore the City Hall Park to its original state of beauty. They are trying to deface it. It is the costliest land they could take. No better evidence of this can be afforded than the fact that the city could not, and would not, sell an inch of it to any private purchaser for any price that could be named. But splendid sites outside the park are to be had at reasonable prices. Not only the site in the park, but the encroachment upon it would be extravagantly costly. The old Courts Building would have to be torn down pending the erection of the new one, and the courts scattered for an indefinite period of years in quarters costing upward of $250,000 a year.

Judges, whose business it is to judge and not to execute, are charged in the Stilwell bill with the execution of this monstrous project. Who hatched it out? What influences caused its introduction to the Senate, and its approval by that body in silence and without hearing afforded to the representatives of civic organizations and of public opinion in this city?

PAYING M. P.'S.

In the debate on the Lords Veto bill, which passed its last reading in committee on Tuesday, a curious incident arose. Lord ROBERT CECIL, who has made himself very annoying to the Government by his keen parliamentary tactics and his vigorous criticism, moved as an amendment that no bill for paying members of Parliament, or increasing their pay, should be regarded as a money bill. This amounts to saying that as to such bills the Lords would retain a qualified veto.

Naturally Mr. ASQUITH rejected the amendment, and a lively debate ensued. The question is a burning one, and not without its embarrassing complications. The Labor Party, now compelled to support their own members, strenuously demand payment from the Treasury. They are all the more insistent, because of the recent judgment that the trade unions cannot assess members for the payment of representatives, and enforce the assessment by ordinary union discipline. The Irish party also support the policy of payment, their members also being dependent on subscriptions to the party chest in almost all cases. All the Conservatives and a large portion of the Liberals, who still cling to the notion that the House of Commons is "the best club in London," and that membership in it is a certificate of social superiority, are opposed to making members "hirelings." As to general popular feeling it is, perhaps, fairly expressed by the remark of one of the Conservative journals: "There is no evidence that the country has the smallest desire to pay men for doing no better for what they now do for nothing."

FIRE INSPECTION.

There is an objection in practice rather than in reason to the advocacy at the Charter hearings by Director WILLIAM H. ALLEN of the Bureau of Municipal Research of a requirement making it the duty of the Fire Commissioner, under penalty of removal or suit for criminal neglect, to inspect all the buildings in which numbers of persons live or congregate. The Charter merely "empowers" the Commissioner to inspect such buildings. It should, indeed, be his imperative duty to cause their inspection up to the limit of the means afforded him. But what if his appropriations should be cut off? Mayor GAYNOR has just vetoed the Aldermen's amendment to the Building Code which requires that the Borough Superintendents of Buildings inspect all manufactories quarterly; the Mayor suggests that the Aldermen and the Board of Estimate first "consider the question of increasing the number of inspectors," and, further, "provide means which would enable all Borough Presidents to pay the increased staff."

A more practicable and effective provision than that which Director ALLEN suggests would be the one proposed by Commissioner WALDO: Give responsible officials the power to close buildings which they find to be dangerous. This is as necessary a police measure as the empowering of the Board of Health to establish a quarantine against infectious disease. With such active, zealous, and vigilant agencies as the fire insurance companies and the employers' associations at work in this city, it is not probable that the power would be abused. The fear of owners of factories and other crowded buildings that they might be closed at any time, if inspection revealed their failure to comply with the fire laws, would be wholesome and salutary. The requirement would tend to make the law effective, whether the appropriations for the inspectors be big or little.

THE STRIKES.

Each of several strikes now in effect has the capacity of developing more trouble than we have experienced altogether in connection with recent May Days. There is a spirit of unrest and antagonism which is characteristic of periods when prices have risen to such an extent as to cause a reconsideration of the reality of the appearances of prosperity, and a revision of the relations of the elements of production and distribution. In adjusting these conflicting interests the dominant consideration ought to be, and ultimately will be, the welfare of everybody, that is of the entire community as distinguished from the interests of any single class.

The interest of everybody is that production of goods shall be as large as possible, so that there may be a larger distributive share. This conflicts with the desire of capital that profits shall be large and costs small. Also there is a conflict between the interest of labor, as seen by itself, that the processes of manufacture and distribution shall be carried on for the production of wages, and the interest of the general consumer that production of goods is more important than the distribution of wages. It is this aspect which is uppermost in the recent labor situation, and which arrays labor against both employers and consumers. Indeed it would not be difficult to show that the demand of labor for the same wage and shorter hours is contrary to the interests of labor itself in its capacity of consumer of products. It needs no argument to prove that the demand of organized labor that unorganized labor shall not work arrays labor against itself, and subordinates the interest of the many to the interest of the few. Probably labor cares nothing for such considerations. Yet there may be a chance that labor does not care because it does not appreciate to what an extent it is levying forced contributions to itself at the expense both of the profits of capital and of the distribution of the products of labor.

In 1910 there were lost in this State through strikes 5,595,384 days. Nine-tenths of this loss of labor was realized in this city, and in many cases the question of conditions of employment was subordinated to privilege in employment for a minority, which was enforced by methods contrary to law. Labor may regard the loss of wages as less important than the supremacy of trades unionism, but it cannot expect the rest of the community to sympathize with objects which so greatly lessened the production of goods, and increased the expense and difficulty of administering the Government. It is possible to make an exacter statement of the burden which organized labor is laying upon the general community in the trade which is conspicuous for its demoralization at this time. There was a decline in the building trade of the United States of 15 per cent., and a fall in construction expenditures in the three leading boroughs of this city from $23,338,650 to $11,768,330 for March alone. It is this trade which is most disturbed in Chicago, and for similar reasons. Questions of hours and wages are pressed in some cases, but there are also many questions of jurisdiction of jobs, and of priority of employment for unionists. Construction has become so difficult and costly that men are unable to buy houses as they did, and would like to, and builders dare not build. Such conditions are not advantageous to labor itself, whether labor be used to mean working people or trades unionists. The Engineering News keeps a record of conditions in all the trades, and states that bricklayers now get 70 cents an hour for 44 hours weekly, against 30 to 40 cents for 59 hours in 1881. It is precisely this trade which is most inefficient in its work, and the most stubborn in resisting every effort to organize the trade to produce goods instead of wages, even at an increase of earnings for itself.

No one will object to short hours and high pay as desirable in themselves, but labor has no right to indulge itself in such respects by imposing conditions of equality regardless of efficiency. If labor were as industrious and efficient as it might and ought to be it would supply the funds which might both provide the wages extorted and supply consumers' demands at prices which could be afforded. But when one-tenth of the workers impose demands that nine-tenths shall not work on terms acceptable to them, and that the one-tenth shall receive leisure and wages above their earnings, there is an uneconomic depletion of the capital funds available for expenditure. The problem of the moment is to stimulate consumption by reducing costs and prices. Opposed to this demand stand the unions demanding that production shall be costly, and that they shall enjoy an ease which they have not earned. The economic effect is the same whether industry is paralyzed by a statute of a trades union or a capital trust or a Legislature commanding what cannot be afforded. In either case production is prostrated, the flow of wages is checked, and the production of goods is reduced. The labor union's part in producing hard times is worth the consideration of all classes, and especially of those willing to work for what can be paid, and kept from work by labor's mistaken views of its own interest.

THE SENATE AND RECIPROCITY.

The Senate Finance Committee will begin to-day its hearings on Canadian reciprocity. Mr. PENROSE of Pennsylvania is the Chairman of the committee and he can be relied on to represent the interests of the extreme protectionists. But the committee is far from being under his control to the extent that it was formerly under the thumb of Mr. ALDRICH. The feeling among the supporters of the reciprocity agreement as well as in the immediate administration circles is that, though the process will be a long one, the necessary legislation, as it passed the House, will finally be adopted.

The evidence grows constantly in volume and force that the country is behind the President in this matter. The attempts to arouse party feeling in opposition have failed miserably. The feeling among all rational Republicans is that Mr. TAFT has greatly strengthened himself and the party by his reciprocity policy. He has, in a measure, spiked the enemy's guns. He has made a substantial contribution to the fulfillment of the promises of the campaign of 1908. It is true that in doing so he has aided in taking the tariff out of politics, but all sensible party men, with their eyes open, see now that the tariff of 1909 was a mighty bad thing to have in politics from the party point of view, and they are glad to have its prominence and its influence lessened.

Still back of this feeling is the conviction of the business men of the country that reciprocity is absolutely necessary to the prosperity of our industries, the productive capacity of which has long since outgrown the demand for home consumption. This point is well set forth by Mr. H. E. MILES, the extensive manufacturer of agricultural implements and machinery of Racine, Wis. He shows how little we have succeeded, compared to other nations, in getting our share of the world's trade:

> There are only four great manufacturing nations in the world—England, France, Germany, and the United States. In volume of product, the United States is far and away in the lead. Outside these four nations there are one and one-half billion human souls who look to these nations for their manufactured supplies. The rewards offered in this world trade are beyond comprehension. They are to be measured in money, in intellectual advancement, in national spirit, in heightened civilization, and yet in this world trade the United States has, until now, refused to participate. We have made our tariffs not protective, but prohibitive in the majority of items, and in many ways we have served notice upon the nations that it is our policy to restrict international trade, rather than to promote it.

The total production of mine, soil, and factory in the United States is of the yearly value of....	$26,000,000,000
The production of manufacturers only is about.	15,000,000,000
Of this $15,000,000,000 of manufactures we exported in the year 1907-8 a total of.....	1,082,000,000
Of this $1,082,000,000 the greater part, or 63 per cent., consisted of crude and semi-crude materials to the total of.....	680,000,000
There is left as our exports of more highly finished manufactured products	402,000,000

This is only one-sixtieth of our total production, and about one-fortieth of our manufactured product.

Such facts, broadly stated, significant as they are, do not directly appeal to public sentiment, but when a policy is offered by which our trade can be immediately and profitably extended across the borders of Canada, our next door neighbor, the multitude "take notice." And the Senate is hearing from them. The country accepts the tedious delay with patience and almost in indifference, because the result is felt to be certain.

THE TIMES presents its compliments to Col. WILLIAMS, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, and begs to assure him that he is right in his statement that the subway offer of the Interborough Company provides, as does the offer of Col. WILLIAMS's company, for a sinking fund upon the amount invested by the Interborough in subway construction. That this is a fact appears from the official text. The summary of the Interborough's offer which THE TIMES consulted made no mention of this sinking fund deduction from profits.

Results of tests published this week by State Chemist THOMAS CONKLING show that one of the springs at Saratoga, Hathorn No. 1, which was injuriously affected by the suction of carbonic acid gas pumped for years from the mineral springs basin, is regaining its medicinal properties and its pristine vigor. The pumping has been stopped. There seems to be no loss in the perennial supply of gas and healing waters in the mineral spring area. The exhausted springs will again rise naturally, and their scientific management under the State Reservation Commission will abundantly justify the labor and expense to which the State is being put in restoring Saratoga to its preeminence as an American health resort.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Left Unexplained by Too Many Explanations.

Two explanations, widely different, but each plausible, of the much-discussed "crime wave" appeared in the columns of this paper yesterday. One of them came from a correspondent. He admitted the existence of the wave and ascribed it to the necessity of earning, or at least getting, in new ways enough to live on that has been imposed by "reform" upon a large number of men hitherto employed in tolerated industries of a more or less aleatory character.

Driven out of the gambling houses and off the race tracks, these men, according to this authority, have been forced into burglary and highway robbery, since they had as little training as inclination or competency for honest work, and hunger has given them the courage required for kinds of theft ruder than those to which they have been accustomed. Whether our correspondent thought this outcome of reform its condemnation, and a sufficient reason for unreforming, he did not say. Perhaps he has not yet quite made up his mind on that point, as it is a rather puzzling one.

The other theory came from Mayor GAYNOR. He also, though we seem to recall frequent and vehement denials from him that there is or ever has been a "crime wave," admitted that there was one now. He did it in his address to his new Second Deputy Commissioner of Police, telling that distinguished detective that, as criminals from all over the country had been attracted here by the far-flung rumor that they could in this city carry on their operations with impunity, his job would tax all his abilities for some time to come. In other words, the Mayor thinks that the stories of a "crime wave" that didn't exist have created one.

This, too, as we have said, is plausible, but it is not very convincing, since its acceptance involves the assumption that there was no foundation for the original complaints of crime rampant. In making that assumption the Mayor must be credited with sincerity, but he has a sharper eye for conspiracies than most of us possess. Why he should think that any part of New York's population large enough or important enough to deserve his attention has plotted against him or his administration—has wanted it or him to be anything but brilliantly successful or was sorry when he and it promised to be so—is a mystery which we are so hopeless of solving that we will not even tackle it.

It Might Be Done Voluntarily.

Among the bills just introduced in the Assembly is one providing that every telegram shall be marked by the transmitting company, conspicuously and plainly, with the hour as well as the day when it was filed for sending, and with the time of its arrival at the office whence it is to be delivered.

We were not aware that the public had made any passionate demand, or even a mild one, for a law of this kind, and therefore, speaking from a general dislike for the multiplication of legislative interferences with and restrictions upon the dealings of man with man, the proposed statute might be called unnecessary, which is much the same as calling it bad. Still, there is no denying that almost everybody that gets a telegram would almost always be pleased—would sometimes be benefited and never injured—if it bore on its face exact information as to when it was filed in the transmitting office and when received at that of delivery.

Thus would a clearer knowledge be obtained of the efficiency shown by the telegraph company, and, in case of any delay, the placing of the responsibility for it would be rendered easier. The telegraph company may not be eager thus to facilitate the keeping of tabs on its service by its patrons, but for not doing so it has few avowable excuses—none that we can think of—and there would probably be wisdom as well as a certain graciousness in voluntarily giving this information instead of waiting for compulsion or in one way or another preventing its exercise.

Already less is charged for the transmission of dispatches at the company's convenience, instead of promptly, and the suggested innovation is a fairly logical sequence of that highly popular discrimination. It really does seem that when we pay a price for speed we ought to know, not only that we get the speed, but just how much of it we get.

Day or Night Removal.

At first thought there was certainly not a little of attractiveness in the recently made suggestion that instead of removing ashes and garbage in the daytime this work should be done at night. It is a troublesome and unpleasant task at best, and to free it of all its obnoxious features is probably impossible, but to perform it under cover of such mitigated darkness as the city streets provide would at least much decrease the number of people who have to see this too intimate detail of municipal housekeeping, and that would be in itself an advantage.

We must not be too squeamish, however. Without any question the best time to remove this detritus is the time when it can be best done, and there is no doubt that in her address on the subject, delivered before the Woman's Health Protective Association, Mrs. FLORA SPIEGELBERG presented a long list of reasons, all pretty good ones, why the scavengers would work under greater difficulties at night and therefore would do their work less efficiently than at present. As their efficiency with all the help that daylight can give them is far from perfect, a change for the worse would be a calamity indeed.

But the advocates of night removal also have their facts and their arguments, many of them impressive, and the two sets must be balanced with care and patience before any approach to a final decision is made. Probably a good deal of the stuff now carried away could advantageously be destroyed or reduced to an inoffensive and harmless condition at or near its place of origin. Therein may lie the ultimate solution of the problem, for if nothing except ashes had to go to the city dumps most of the present difficulties would be decreased and many of them would be abolished altogether.

NEW YORK'S BLIND SCHOOL.

Says It Was Not Properly Represented at Blind Workers' Exhibition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Those who directed the Blind Workers' Exhibition at the Metropolitan Opera House are being somewhat led astray by their enthusiasm and their apparent lack of information on the actual status of the education of the blind. The case of the adult blind is and has ever been a great and as yet an unsolved problem. But in the education of the blind of school age much has been done for many years, and we may be proud to say that America, and in particular New York State and city, have been leaders in this grand work. The age is long past when, as President Taft said, "we class them without thought among the helpless and necessary objects of charity and segregate them from the world at large, put them in expensive asylums, furnish them with food and clothing, and then, with a sigh, consign them to a life of hibernation, of deadening monotony, of helpless and aimless existence within a windowless tomb."

In our own city, since 1831, the New York Institution for the Blind, at Thirty-fourth Street and Ninth Avenue, has been quietly and unostentatiously giving to the blind children of the city and vicinity the same education as that provided for the seeing children in the public schools throughout the State, and an additional training in music and certain branches of manual training, which is not given to their seeing fellows. The work shown at the Metropolitan Opera House is the commonplace at the New York Institution for the Blind. And one who knows is obliged to wonder why, with this school, which has for years been recognized as a leader among institutions for the blind in our own city, it should have been thought necessary to import pupils from Boston and Philadelphia. Graduates of this school were among those exhibiting, but no official recognition was given the school. Why not? Perhaps because this institution's policy is not one of self-advertisement. The fact, if it be a fact, that the managers of the Blind Workers' Exhibition are ignorant of the work at the New York Institution for the Blind, does not reflect with credit upon their knowledge of the actual status of the education of the blind.

JOHN LAURENCE ROGERS.

New York, May 1, 1911.

POLITICAL HOUSEKEEPERS.

Women Would Prevent Killing of Children in the Streets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial in to-day's issue of THE TIMES I learn that when women have secured the vote "they will be relatively no better off than they are now." In the very next column is set forth the appalling fact that "twenty children were killed in the streets of Manhattan during the month of April." My knowledge of women leads me to believe that the vast majority of them would feel not only relatively but absolutely benefited could they prevent such murders.

Is it not true that men on the average lay the emphasis on the protection of property, while women, knowing the cost of creating a human being, lay the emphasis on the protection of life? If this protecting maternal side of humanity had had a hundred years of training in government, surely regulations would have been devised by this time to prevent the slaughter of children in our streets.

The meagre provision for recreation for city children is a disgrace to civilization. Empty lots remain empty, few schools have roof play grounds, no public buildings have any, no churches. Here could be made acres of safe places for games, but our non-maternal, ever-wise, always judicious, never hysterical, calmly farseeing, invariably logical, obviously sole and natural rulers of the State permit these spaces to be wasted in spires and gable, monuments to maimed and murdered children.

It would rejoice my very soul to organize a campaign to bring out the mothers' vote in support of the plans to protect child life which good women now often suggest in vain. It would be magnificent to be able to back such women up with a constituency of voters instead of helpless talkers.

Parade? Of course, we will, and not only on May 6, but again and again, if only to show our banner with these words, "We prepare the children for the world; we ask to help prepare the world for the children."

HARRIOT STANTON BLATCH.

New York, May 3, 1911.

First Step in Suffrage States.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to Miss Chittenden's letter in to-day's issue of your publication comparing the laws affecting women in New York and Idaho, I would suggest that possibly the fact that women now have the vote in Idaho will eventually lead to a radical change in the laws of that State. Those laws, as they now stand, were not made because women have the ballot, and I should think it was high time they did have it—though I am not a suffragist.

An influence that is drawing the sympathy of many away from the antis is the futile reasons they give for withholding suffrage from women. Their strongest arguments are what has not been accomplished where women have the ballot, (and in some cases what they consider the resulting evils,) but they don't seem to realize that the ultimate end is not effected with the accomplishment of the first step.

EDITH HALLOCK.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 2, 1911.

Women's Finesse in Politics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems strange that the advocates of votes for women do not make use of the strong argument for their case which is furnished by the delightful exhibition of practical politics in the annual elections of the D. A. R. at Washington. Nothing could show more conclusively their familiarity with all the machinery of political manipulation and their fitness to manage campaigns in the most approved style. Numbers of them must be already qualified for positions as ward bosses. Are they not carelessly overlooking here an important supply of ammunition? E. N. S.

New Haven, Conn., May 2, 1911.

A Machine for It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Answering "A Lump of Conceit," in these days of modernity it is not necessary for women to qualify as expert pencil sharpeners—there is a machine in use at present for this very purpose. Am not a suffragist by any means, but simply couldn't stand this "Lump of Conceit." JEANNE G. ADELMAN.

New York, May 3, 1911.

The Sympathetic Friend.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If "Veritas" will be and do all the acts that he is looking for in one individual, to the world in general, I think he will find that he has not one but many true friends. COMMON SENSE.

New York, May 3, 1911.

CLOSE VOTE ON INCOME TAX.

Massachusetts Rejects Proposed Amendment by 11 to 10.

BOSTON, May 3.—By a close vote the Massachusetts State Senate to-day refused to ratify the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for an income tax. The vote was 11 to 10, with nine pairs. The measure recently passed the House by an overwhelming vote.

The vote on the measure was almost strictly on party lines, one Republican voting with the Democrats in favor of the measure, while all the votes cast against it were Republican.

The amendment has been approved by the Legislatures of thirty States, and only five more are needed to make the requisite three-fourths of the forty-six States.

The names of the States which have definitely pronounced themselves in the affirmative on the amendment and of those that have voted against it are as follows:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Maine,	South Dakota,
Ohio	Nebraska,
Michigan,	Kansas
Indiana,	Oklahoma,
Illinois,	Texas,
Kentucky,	Colorado,
Maryland,	Montana,
North Carolina,	Idaho,
South Carolina,	Nevada
Alabama,	California,
Mississippi,	Oregon,
Missouri	Washington,
Iowa,	Tennessee,
Wisconsin,	Arkansas,
North Dakota,	Georgia.

NEGATIVE.

Louisiana,	New Jersey,
Massachusetts,	Rhode Island,
New Hampshire,	West Virginia.

Of the ten remaining States, the Legislatures of Vermont, Wyoming, Utah, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, and Delaware have taken no action. The lower house of Virginia has rejected the proposed amendment; the New York Senate has approved it; it has also passed one house in Florida and in Minnesota.

LORIMER CASE UP TO-DAY.

La Follette Wants Senate, Not Committee, to Act on Inquiry Resolution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—The Committee on Audit and Control of the Contingent Fund of the Senate to-day unanimously voted a favorable report on the La Follette resolution re-opening the Lorimer case and appointing a select committee of five new Senators to conduct an investigation. In making the report public, however, the committee was careful to explain that it had not gone into the merits of the question, but had confined its attention to the question whether or not the Senate had the funds necessary for the investigation.

This report evidently contemplates the second reference of the resolution to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, which last session voted Mr. Lorimer a clean bill of health. Mr. La Follette, however, is expected to fight that reference when the matter comes up to-morrow, and to try to get the Senate itself to act on his resolution without further consideration by a standing committee. Precedents vary on this subject, but the balance is toward a further reference to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

On that committee are still nine Senators who voted for Mr. Lorimer at the last session. Without counting the other members who may or may not be divided, there is still a majority in the committee in favor of Mr. Lorimer's right to his seat. A reference of the Lorimer resolution to the committee is expected either to relegate the matter to the committee pigeon hole, or at least to delay action for some time to come.

DUVEENS PAY $1,180,000.

Settle Customs Fraud Suits, but Do Not Avoid Prosecution.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Government accepted to-day $1,180,000 in compromise of the suits against Duveen Brothers, the New York art firm accused of customs frauds. John B. Stanchfield and other attorneys for the Duveens, who contended that the Government should give up books and papers seized in the raid on the Duveen establishment, lost their point.

The books and papers will be retained for evidence in a criminal action. Two of the Duveens now under indictment are out on bail and not in the United States. It is the announced intention of the Treasury Department to prosecute them if they ever come within the jurisdiction of the courts of this country.

The settlement in the Duveen case involved the largest sum collected in any of the customs cases with the exception of the sugar frauds.

United States District Attorney H. A. Wise announced yesterday that the criminal trials of the Duveens would be held next October. Henry and Benjamin Duveen are both in England at present, under $75,000 and $50,000 bail respectively. Louis J. Duveen and Joseph J. Duveen, who were also indicted, were allowed to plead guilty and pay fines of $10,000 each some time ago. They were out of the country when the indictment was found last Fall and could not have been extradited if they had not chosen to return voluntarily.

The settlement money has been on deposit with the Sub-Treasury here since the settlement offer was recommended for acceptance in Washington by Mr. Wise.

CONTINENTAL NOTES NO GOOD

Owner of a $40 One So Learns When He Asks Real Money for It.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—A $40 note authorized by the Continetal Congress was sent to the Treasury to-day by a man who asked real money for it. He was told it was worthless.

Specimens of Continental money come in from time to time. None of those issues was ever redeemable by the United States as reorganized under the Constitution. Between 1790 and 1797 the Treasury did pay $1 in specie for $100 in Continental currency.

The old notes have only a historic value now.

Taft Honorary Head of Unitarians.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—President Taft to-day accepted the honorary Presidency of the American League of Unitarian Laymen.

UNION OF ALL NATIONS.

Would Word the Anglo-American Pact to Permit It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have discussed the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty with Hamilton Holt, Walter J. Bartnett, and other parliamentarians of the World Federation League, and find them a unit for the following programme, which it is hoped will meet with the approval of THE TIMES and its cordial indorsement:

Let the treaty be known as the international peace treaty, drawn exactly as at present, with the slight changes in phraseology to make it of general application. But let it wind up with a clause that shall make it final and effective in the elimination in due time of the greater part of the war expenditures that are the curse of the present competitive system, viz.: When a sufficient majority of the powers have ratified this treaty a convention shall be called to establish a permanent court of reference; to arrange for the policing of the world by an international force, and the abolishment of the then unnecessary armaments.

It would seem that the treaty drawn in this way would meet all possible criticisms of the Anglo-American pact and provide for a speedy and effective international union for the maintenance of peace and the administration of justice and the utilization of the world's revenues for the enrichment of each nation. If President Taft will say the word unquestionably Mr. Carnegie would co-operate with him with all his enthusiastic personal and practical support, and it would only be a matter of months to establish the world union.

HENRY G. GRANGER.

New York, May 3, 1911.

PARK INVASION PLAN STIRS UP ARCHITECTS

Stilwell Bill, Giving City Hall Park for Court House Site, Took Them by Surprise.

PLAN FIGHT BEFORE SENATE

Upper House Asked to Grant Public Hearing—Bill Puts Site Selection in Justices' Hands.

Architects and civic societies throughout the city are greatly aroused over the possibility of the erection of a new County Court House in City Hall Park. The Stilwell bill, passed by the Assembly on Tuesday without an opposing vote, directs the Board of Estimate to carry out the will of the majority of the Supreme Court Justices in the matter, and architects declare that the Justices are committed to the City Hall site.

Architects declared last night that until ten days ago they were in ignorance that such a measure was before the Legislature. They were under the impression that the idea of erecting the Court House in City Hall Park had been abandoned, and that everybody interested in the prospective Court House was in favor of one of two sites which had been selected elsewhere by the Board of Estimate.

The report from Albany that the Stilwell bill had passed the lower house has now stirred them to action. The New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, which took an active interest in last year's campaign against the City Hall site, has appointed a committee, with Grosvenor Atterbury as Chairman, to design plans for preventing the bill from becoming a law. The committee went into session yesterday afternoon in the office of Grant La Farge. The architects were unanimous in condemning the bill, which they declared took the matter of the selection of a Court House site entirely out of the committee appointed for the purpose by the Board of Estimate and placing it in the hands of the Justices of the Supreme Court.

At the conclusion of the meeting the architects sent a telegram to the Senate at Albany, protesting against the passage of the bill, and requesting a public hearing in order to sound public opinion in the matter. They are convinced that if they can get a public hearing the bill will never get through the upper house. The architects would not express an opinion as to whom they believed to be responsible for the bill, but they said that it was significant that none but the Supreme Court Justices could really benefit by its passage. An architect expressed himself on the measure thus: "The majority of the Justices are in favor of the City Hall site because they are anxious for a new Court House. They have waited such a long time for the new Court House that they are afraid if it is not erected in City Hall Park it will be a long time before there is a new Court House, as a suitable site cannot be obtained without a considerable outlay of money, and they take the stand that when the city has such land ready for the purpose it should use it for economical reasons, if for no other."

A Justice of the Supreme Court said he did not care to be brought into the controversy. He added, however, that his colleagues had had no hand in fathering the bill, and that it was ridiculous to suppose that because several of his colleagues might favor the City Hall Park as a site for a Court House the bill had been introduced in the Legislature. He supposed that the legislators at Albany thought that the City Hall Park was as good a place as any for the Court House and for that reason the bill had been introduced.

The architects and civic societies object to the City Hall site on many grounds. An objection advanced yesterday was that the erection of a large Court House in the park, which is small, would take up so much space that many people would be deprived of the pleasure of sitting in the park. Another objection was that a large Court House would have the effect of dwarfing the City Hall, which is regarded as a splendid type of architecture of its kind.

In discussing the matter, Grosvenor Atterbury said:

"I am informed on unquestionable authority that the committee of the Board of Estimate to which the matter of the County Court House was opened last Spring has been actively considering several locations outside of City Hall Park with a view to purchasing a proper site for a new Court House. As Mayor Gaynor predicted last Spring, the city is to-day—owing to the readjustment and increase of assessment values—in a position to make such an expenditure. Therefore, there is still less excuse than ever for the sacrifice of the park and City Hall.

"On equally good authority, I understand that both the Court Board and the Justices have also known of the active consideration of these places as a site for their building. They have, furthermore, I believe, expressed their satisfaction with at least one of the alternative sites thus considered. This is true, likewise, of those who were most active in opposing the sacrifice of the City Hall Park a year ago, and who have kept in touch and from time to time have been consulted in the matter.

"Knowing in this way of the active consideration of a site satisfactory to all concerned, and also understanding that the Judges and the Court Board were also not only fully informed, but approved of the committee's plans, those of us who have tried to emphasize the public opposition to the use of the City Hall Park have made no vigorous protest against the bill recently introduced at Albany.

"This bill, passed by the Assembly yesterday, according to the newspapers, sweeps the Board of Estimate entirely out of consideration, delegating to a committee of the Justices themselves the extraordinary power to use the City Hall Park and the city's funds carte blanche in whatever way and to whatever extent they see fit. In view of the whole situation, it is hard to believe that the Justices of the Supreme Court are responsible for the Stilwell bill.

"Even if they elected to incur themselves the onus of opposing the public protest that last year caused the city authorities to reconsider, they would scarcely choose for doing this and incidentally sweeping out of power completely the Board of Estimate at the moment when a satisfactory site for the building is under consideration by that body."

The committee of the Board of Estimate, appointed to select a site for the new Court House, is made up of Controller Prendergast, President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, and Borough President McAneny. The committee will hold a meeting to-day for the purpose of discussing the Stilwell bill. Controller Prendergast, when told last night of the action of the architects against the bill, said he had no comment to make. Mr. Mitchel said that the selection of a site was a delicate matter, and that until he had time to inform hifself more fully in regard to the provisions of the bill he did not feel he could discuss it.

DISAGREE OVER GLOVER WILL

Jury Split on Suit to Break Will of Slain Laundryman.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 3.—A disagreement was reported in the Supreme Court to-day by the jury that has been hearing evidence in the contest over the will of Clarence F. Glover, the murdered Waltham laundryman.

The Glover will contest came as a sequel to the sensational trial and acquittal of Hattie Le Blanc, a French-Canadian servant in the Glover family, for Glover's murder.

Clarence F. Glover was murdered in November, 1900. A few months before his death he made a will, naming his wife, Lillian M. Glover, and one of his five brothers, Seymour Glover, as the beneficiaries. Four other brothers, who were not remembered in the will, protested its allowance in the Probate Court on the ground that Glover made his will under threats and undue influence exercised by his wife. The Probate Court allowed the will, and the four contesting brothers appealed the decision to the Supreme Court.

The estate, it was stated in court, is valued at between $40,000 and $50,000.

SUNDAY NIGHT PLAY FORBIDDEN BY POLICE

Julius Hopp to Ask for Injunction to Prevent Interference with "Clouds" at the Lyceum.

FOR WAGE EARNERS' LEAGUE

Cropsey Heeds Protest of Dr. Grannis Against Sabbath Performance, but Vaudeville Shows Are Given.

The Police Department has forbidden the presentation of the play, "The Clouds," that was to have been given at the Lyceum Theatre on Sunday evening before members of the Wage Earners' League and the Theatre League. In fact, the play was scheduled for last Sunday, but was postponed a week to permit of more rehearsals, but it is possible that no performance will be given this week. The objection is not to the play itself, about which the police are said to know nothing, but because, it is alleged, the performance would be in violation of the Sunday theatre law.

Julius Hopp, who is at the head of the movement to present "uncommercial" plays with special audiences on Sunday nights, announced last night that he intended to fight the decision of the police, and that he has engaged as his attorney Harry Wandmacher of 42 Broadway, who has been instructed to apply for an injunction restraining the police from interfering with the performance on Sunday night. Mr. Hopp explained that it was the intention to sell none of the tickets for the performance to the general public, but to dispose of them only to members of the two leagues, and that there was no expectation of making any money out of the production. The highest priced seats were to be 50 cents, and none were to be sold at the box office.

"A few days ago I received a letter from Dr. Grannis, Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance," said Mr. Hopp, "in which the reverend doctor protested against the production of any play on Sunday evening on the ground that such a production would be against decency and morality. I wrote back and called his attention to the various burlesque and vaudeville shows that are given on Sunday under the name of 'sacred concerts,' and asked why he should object to a high-class play given before a special audience. I told him it was none of his business.

"He then complained to the police, and Commissioner Cropsey ordered Capt. McNally of the West Forty-seventh Street Precinct to notify me not to produce the play on Sunday. Yesterday I called upon Commissioner Cropsey, and asked him why I could not put on this play when so many other theatres were allowed to remain open. He gave me an evasive answer, but he did not withdraw the order. Then I engaged the lawyer, who is going to apply for an injunction. If the injunction is granted the performance will be given Sunday night, but, if not, it will be called off so far as the Lyceum Theatre is concerned, for I have agreed with Daniel Frohman not to attempt to put on the play if there is danger of police interference.

"Further, if the injunction is granted, I intend to call a mass meeting to protest not only against the forbidding of a production for which no tickets are sold publicly, but also against the stupid laws and the interpretation of them."

"The Clouds," which Mr. Hopp hoped to produce, is a drama from the Bohemian, and belongs to the modern type of plays. He called it an "uncommercial play," because it was of the type that would probably prove unprofitable from a box-office standpoint if it were put on for regular performances. Only members of his two organizations were to have tickets, and these leagues were both organized, he explained, before the question of giving special Sunday performances came up.

It is probable that the injunction will be asked for to-day.

WINTHROP GARDINER WEDS.

New Yorker Married to Miss Isabel T. Lemmon of Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 3.—A marriage of widespread interest in society which occurred in Baltimore this evening was that of Miss Isabel Tasker Lemmon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Southgate Lemmon, to Winthrop Gardiner of New York, son of the late John Lyon Gardiner of Gardiner's Island, and Mrs. Gardiner. Owing to the mourning of the family of the bridegroom the wedding was a small one.

The ceremony was performed at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Lemmon, 221 West Lanvale Street. The Rev. William M. Dame of the Memorial Protestant Episcopal Church officiated. Miss Elizabeth Herbert Lemmon, sister of the bride, a débutante of next season, was maid of honor. Lyon Gardiner of New York, brother of the bridegroom, was best man. There were no other attendants. A small reception followed for the members of the families and intimate friends only.

The bride is a granddaughter of the late Col. Richard Dulany of Welby, Va. She is one of eight attractive sisters and the fourth bride among them. The oldest sister, formerly Miss Fannie Lemmon, who married several years ago immediately after making her début, is Mrs. Nathaniel H. Morrison of Plainfield, N. J.

Harrison-Leverich Wedding Plans.

The marriage of Miss Gertrude Riker Leverich, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Leverich of Corona, L. I., and John Triplett Harrison of Baltimore, Md., will take place on Saturday, June 17, at 12:30 in the Union Evangelical Church at Corona. The Rev. Dr. William Jay Peck will officiate.

Miss Leverich will have as her attendants her cousin, Mrs. Philip Van R. Schuyler, as matron of honor; Miss Frances Leverich Riker, her niece, a daughter of Mrs. John L. Riker, as flower girl, and the bridesmaids are to be Mrs. S. Hinman Bird, Miss Rosalie Elliman, and Miss Ethel Sloan, all of New York, and Miss Katharine B. Jones of Baltimore.

Col. George C. Treadwell to Wed.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gibson of West Virginia announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Laura Gibson, to Col. George Curtis Treadwell of Albany, N. Y. No date has been set for the wedding.

MORRILL—HARRINGTON.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Morrill of Roxbury, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marion Morill, to Frank Trammel Harrington of this city. Mr. Harrington is a graduate of Georgia University.

Miss Morill's father was once one of America's greatest ball players, and was captain and manager of the Boston team.

Mr. and Mrs. Nixon's Theatre Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon gave a theatre party last night, taking their guests afterward to the Ritz-Carlton for supper. The party occupied four boxes at the Comedy Theatre where William Collier is appearing in "The Dictator." Among the guests were Ambassador and Mrs. David Jayne Hill, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Gary, Judge Day, Henry W. Taft, Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt, and T. Sandford Beaty.

I. T. Burden, Jr., Leases Home for Bride.

I. Townsend Burden, Jr., whose marriage to Miss Florence Sheedy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Sheedy of Denver, Col., will take place in Denver on June 17, has just leased for a term of years the residence of Charles A. Wissmann, at 65 East Seventy-eighth Street, for the future home of himself and bride. Mr. Burden purposes spending $10,000 on the decoration and furnishing of the house.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, who are sailing for Europe on Thursday, May 11, will pass the early Summer in England before going to their place in Hungary which they have rented from Prince Paul Esterhazy for the stag shooting. Mr. and Mrs. Belmont will reopen their Washington home early in November.

Mrs. Oliver Cromwell of Washington gave a small dinner last night at the Hotel Wolcott for Miss Louise Cromwell and her fiancé, Walter Brooks, Jr., of Baltimore, Md., whose marriage takes place in the capital on May 15.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Dean Adams and Miss Ruth Adams of 455 Madison Avenue will depart on the Amerika, May 11, for England, and expect to remain abroad until August.

The ladies' auxiliary of the New York Zoological Society will give a garden party this afternoon in the Zoological Park. Tea will be served in the Administration Building.

Among those sailing for Europe to-day on the George Washington are Mrs. George R. Sheldon and her daughter, Mrs. M. Sheldon Fuller; Mrs. Ambrose C. Kingsland and the Misses Marjorie and Muriel Kingsland, and Princess Karananakoa of Honolulu, who was a guest at the Gould-Graham wedding last Saturday, and who is on her way to London to attend the coronation.

A subscription dance, arranged by Miss Henrietta B. Wilmerding, will be given at Delmonico's to-night.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, Jr., who were motoring in Sicily and along the Italian Coast in April, reached Rome on April 20 and will spend part of May in Venice.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Heye will go to Waverly Farms, the country place at Roslyn, L. I., they have taken for the Summer, on June 9.

The Rev. Endicott Peabody has returned from an Egyptian trip and joined Mrs. Peabody and the Misses Peabody in Paris.

The wedding of Miss Emily Nelson R. McLean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Donald McLean and Edward A. Gill-Wylie, will take place on Thursday, June 8, in the Church of the Heavenly Rest.

STRANSKY TO PHILHARMONIC

Berlin Kapellmeister Said to be Engaged for a Year.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 3.—It is announced in Berlin that Kapelmeister Josef Stransky has been engaged for a year to conduct the New York Philharmonic Orchestra as substitute for Gustav Mahler.

The Berlin Concert Society, with which Stransky is now engaged, has given him a year's leave of absence.

This is the first time that the name of Josef Stransky has been brought up in connection with the leadership of the Philharmonic. Last week it was announced from London that Sir Henry J. Wood had been offered the position, but it was felt at the time that he would decline, as the Philharmonic Society cannot guarantee a conductor his place for several seasons, and as Mr. Wood is permanently connected with the Queen's Hall concerts.

Frank van der Stucken, Wassily Safonoff, and several other names have been suggested, and it is said that one of the members of the Board of Directors of the Philharmonic is at present searching in Europe to find a suitable successor to Gustav Mahler.

NEW WORK BY PROF. PARKER.

"Hora Novissima," by Composer of "Mona," to be Presented.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., May 3.—"Hora Novissima," a new composition by Horatio Parker, Professor of Music at Yale University, whose grand opera "Mona" was awarded the Metropolitan Opera Company's $10,000 prize in New York yesterday, will receive its initial presentation in Norwalk on the evening of June 7. The Litchfield County Choral Union will be assisted by orchestra and the following soloists: Mme. Alma Gluck, soprano; Mme. Louise Homer, contralto; George Hamlin, tenor, and Herbert Witherspoon, bass. The composer will be present as an auditor.

A concerto for the pianoforte, with orchestra, will follow, and the meeting will close with a new orchestral work composed for this concert by Prof. Parker, entitled, "Collegiate Overture," which will have its initial rendition under the direction of the composer. This overture has been composed for use at commencement and other collegiate gatherings, and is based on the most popular Yale melodies, as "Here's to Good Old Yale," "Boolah," "Undertaker," "Amici," &c., with two episodes for male chorus—"Integer Vitae" and "Gaudeamus."

The chorus will consist of about 450 voices and the orchestra of seventy pieces, selected by Henry P. Schmitt, concert master of these concerts and of the Philharmonic Society of New York.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some of the Passengers Sailing Yesterday and Some of the Arrivals.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today, and some of those booked to depart on them are:

GEORGE WASHINGTON, (Bremen)—Paul Abels, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bachrach, C. J. Billwiller, H. S. Brandon, A. Stanley Branger, Mrs. Rachel Christopher, Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Cole, Mrs. A. C. Dana, Col. and Mrs. Thomas Denny, Mr. and Mrs. George Willing Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Ludwig Dreyfus, Mrs. John B. Duer, Mrs. Sydney Farrar, Miss Geraldine Farrar, Mrs. Angelo T. Freedley, Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. Giulio Gatti-Casazza, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Goritz, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Harrison, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. James J. Jeffries, Mrs. A. C. Kingsland, Mr. and Mrs. August V. Lambert, P. P. L. Lindhorst, Mr. and Mrs. Riccardo Martin, Joseph M. McCutcheon, Mrs. John W. Minturn, Mr. and Mrs. Fernando Montilla-Jimenez, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Moorehouse, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Morse, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Neustadter, Baron Alfred von der Rapp, Mr. and Mrs. Rossin, Mrs. Tarugott Schmidt, Antonio Scotti, Mrs. George R. Sheldon, Mrs. H. Allen Sommer, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Straus, Dr. and Mrs. Frank Vanderpool, James H. Ward, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Zoller.

LORRAINE (Havre)—Dr. Eduardo Aldana, Charles G. Aschmann, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Bertin, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Boneventure, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Durand, B. T. Fawcett, John C. Harris, C. H. Jones, A. de Long, James Marsh Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. Jules Speck, Mr. and Mrs. Ambrasio Zalarain, and Miss May J. Short.

The steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZ WILHELM (Bremen)—S. J. Bloomingdale, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. Horace K. Jenney, C. A. Kirkpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. Winchester Noyes, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Scanlon, and Charles von Vliet.

CARONIA (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. W. Arbuthnot, Mr. and Mrs. John Ashworth, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. William Brewster, W. W. Harris, J. O. Jensen, Mrs. M. A. Rawlinson, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Redfield, Gen. and Mrs. J. P. Sanger, R. B. Stewart, and Mrs. Egerton R. Young.

FINLAND (Antwerp)—Albert Capitaine, Mrs. Rita de San, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Draut, A. O. Francis, Mrs. Amelia N. Robbins, and Miss M. H. Sanders.

G. D. Morgan Here for Father's Burial.

George D. Morgan, a nephew of J. Pierpont Morgan, and the son of George H. Morgan, who died last Friday at Lenox, Mass., arrived yesterday from Europe on the Kronprinz Wilhelm. He had started from London immediately on learning of his father's serious illness.

Mrs. Morgan, who was Miss Yuki Kato of Kioto, Japan, the daughter of a Japanese noble, was not with her husband when he arrived. Mr. Morgan went to Hartford, Conn., to attend his father's burial.

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ALL APPROVE EQUITABLE BILL

Though the Mutualization It Enables Is Not Yet Arranged.

There was much speculation here yesterday as to the effect of the bill introduced in the Legislature on Tuesday by Senator T. D. Sullivan and Assemblyman Hoey to facilitate the mutualization of the Equitable Life Assurance Society by permitting an insurance corporation to acquire or invest its own stock, provided the transaction is in furtherance of a plan toward mutualization. The proposed mutualization of the Equitable has been held up by failure of the society to agree to the price asked by J. P. Morgan for the majority stock.

Mr. Morgan holds 502 of the 1,000 shares, having acquired them for about $2,500,000 from Thomas F. Ryan. In view of the known intention of Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss and of the company itself to change the Equitable from a stock to a mutual corporation Mr. Morgan recently made known his willingness to part with his stock for what he paid for it, plus interest, which would bring the price of each $100 shares up to $6,000 and the whole to about $3,000,000. As the ordinary price of the stock is less than $400 the Mutualization Committee of the Equitable has not seen its way clear to agree to Mr. Morgan's terms.

Henry De Forrest Baldwin of 49 Wall Street, who represents a large part of the minority stockholders, said yesterday that he has not yet read the bill and was unwilling to venture any opinion as to how his clients felt toward the measure.

Robert Mather of the Westinghouse Company, who was appointed a special delegate from the Mutualization Committee to act with Supt. Hotchkiss toward bringing about the mutualization of the company, said that the bill was merely enabling legislation and laid down no plan for mutualization.

"The bill merely provides," he said, "that a stock life insurance company may become a mutual company by carrying out any plan for the acquisition of its stock which shall be adopted by a majority of its stockholders and policy holders and with the approval of the State Superintendent of Insurance. As far as I know, no such step toward a definite plan of action has yet been taken."

Although the bill was not directly prepared by our committee," said Judge William A. Day, President of the Equitable Company, yesterday, "it was agreeable to Superintendent Hotchkiss, the Trustees, and our Mutualization Committee, which was appointed by the Board of Directors. I may state that our Mutualization Committee agreed unanimously on the bill.

"The bill does not provide any plan. It simply aims to provide legislative authorization to carry out some plan of mutualization to be agreed upon later. Such agreement must be arrived at by the Directors, Superintendent of Insurance and policy holders."

HAMMERSTEIN SAILS TO-DAY.

Happy in Going to London to Direct His New Opera House.

Oscar Hammerstein will sail to-day on the George Washington—at least he intended to do so last night. He is going to look over his London Opera House, have some talks with the architects and builders, and start in his residence in London. He will, however, according to present plans, return to New York now and then.

"I haven't given up New York," he said. "I still retain many of my interests here, the Manhattan Opera House, the Victoria Theatre, and the Republic Theatre, which is rented to Mr. Belasco, among them. I may even come back in July.

"I am leaving in the best possible spirits. In fact, I have not been so happy for a long time, because now I shall be doing what I like to do once again. I would rather be directing the affairs of an Opera House than doing anything else, and I feel that this Winter just past has been one of the most uninteresting of my life. I have had nothing to do which was of any consequence to me except to look forward to the completion of my new Opera House."

Mr. Hammerstein would make no statement in regard to the singers he has engaged for his London house nor to the operas which he would produce there. It has been announced, however, that he will present "Quo Vadis?" and Massenet's "Don Quichotte." The scenery for these two productions is being painted in Paris, while his other productions are being made in New York.

LUNA PARK OPENS MAY 20.

Flights of Carrier Pigeons from Five Cities to Mark Event.

Although the formal opening of Luna Park, Coney Island, does not come until May 20, Frederick Thompson has decided to open the gates next Saturday, even if some of the new attractions will not be ready for use. The park has been rebuilt and redecorated, and many sensation-providers have been installed.

For the formal opening on May 20 there will be a number of special features, including flights of carrier pigeons from five other cities, and probably from a steamship at sea. In the Luna Park pigeon flock there are twenty-eight carriers that have taken up a residence there, and these will be used for the flights.

Robert Mantell Acts Romeo.

Robert Mantell appeared as Romeo in "Romeo and Juliet" for the first time during his present engagement at Daly's Theatre yesterday afternoon. Marie Booth Russell acted the rôle of Juliet, Fritz Lieber was Mercutio, Guy Lindsay, Tybalt; Henry Fearing, Friar Lawrence; Genevieve Reynolds, the nurse, and W. H. Numeyer, Peter. "Macbeth" was given at night, and to-night Mr. Mantell will repeat "King Lear."

Winter Garden's Fire Benefit, $1,200.

A check for $1,200 was sent by the management of the Winter Garden to Jacob H. Schiff yesterday, to be used for the Washington Place Fire Sufferers' Fund. This amount represents the net proceeds of the benefit held at the Winter Garden a few weeks ago.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

F. Ziegfeld, Jr., has arranged with Charles Dillingham for the services of Bessie McCoy in "The Follies of 1911," which is now in rehearsal. After a Summer engagement in this place, she will appear in a new musical comedy that is being written for her by William Le Baron. "The Follies of 1911" will open at the Jardin de Paris on June 5.

William A. Brady and Daniel Frohman have agreed to play parts in the Friars Frolic, which begins its tour on May 28. Mr. Brady will have the role of a hotel bellboy in the afterpiece, and Mr. Frohman will appears as a news stand attendant.

The season at the Hippodrome will end on Saturday, May 20. Work has already begun on the new show that will open at the big playhouse early next September.

A testimonial benefit to the business manager, treasurer, and executive and working staffs at the Grand Opera House will be given on the evening of May 14. The programme will include the appearance of many prominent dramatic and vaudeville stars.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

JOSEPHINE S. KIRBY, died Jan. 18, 1911; left $50,000 personalty, $10,000 to her sister, Mary Kirby Fairfax; $1,000 to her sister, Mrs. Frances M. Palmer; $1,000 to her niece, Virginia Everett Ver Planck; $5,000 to William E. Ver Planck, and the residue of her estate equally to her nephew, Edmund Kirby; her niece, Minnie Kirby Tappan; her nephew, Donald M. Kirby, and her niece, Virginia R. Kirby.

ABRAHAM ENGLEHARD, died April 6, 1911; left $6,000 realty and $1,200 personalty to his widow, Nannie Engelhard, for life, to be divided at her death between his daughter, Mrs. Theresa E. Veit, and Benjamin and Alfred B. Engelhard.

AUGUSTUS GAREISS, died April 15, 1911; left $50,000 realty and $120,000 personalty; $56,666.66 to his widow, Caroline Gareiss, and $59,190.47 each to his children, Augustus, Adam H., Charles W., Henry D., and Bertha C. Gareiss, and Mrs. Caroline W. Raub and Mrs. Charlotte Gilligan.

ANDREW McKEON, died Nov. 25, 1910; left $400 personalty to his sister, Maud McKeon.

CAROLINE P. SWIFT, died April 16, 1911; left more than $10,000 personalty, equally to her daughters, Mary L. and Alice M. Swift.

JOHN LINK, died in April, 1911; left $25,000 personalty; $5 to his wife, Josephine Brand Link, from whom he lived apart; the residue of his estate equally to his children, Joseph Link, Rosie L. Sheppard, Philip B. Link, Mary L. Springman, and Emma L. Dorr.

CHARLES T. POORE, died April 4, 1911; left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty to his widow, Helen T. Poore.

MARGARET SCHNEIDER, died April 21, 1911; left $3,500 personalty to her grandson, Alexander R. Holliday.

OLD THEATRE MAN DIES ON BROADWAY

F. W. Bert Stricken While Walking with William A. Brady, Once His Callboy.

ONCE A POWER IN THE WEST

First to Produce "The Lights o' London" in America—Came East After Losing Fight with Alf Hayman.

Frederick W. Bert, an old-time theatrical figure, who outlived his generation and became an employe of a younger man who once had been his callboy, died yesterday on Broadway, at the corner of Forty-sixth Street.

He was walking from William A. Brady's new theatre, The Playhouse, in Forty-eighth Street, toward the Greenwich Bank, in which he intended to deposit Tuesday night's receipts for "The Light o' London." With him was Mr. Brady, whose treasurer he was. They were talking about "The Lights o' London," which had its very first American presentation in The California Theatre, San Francisco, when Bert was its manager and Brady was graduating from callboy to a place in the cast. Bert remarked how glad he had been to see the old play on again, and that he would like to see Brady playing again the rôle of Seth Preene, which he had assigned to Brady in the original presentation, when he fell to the sidewalk.

Mr. Brady caught Mr. Bert in his arms and prevented his head from striking the pavement. He then dragged him through a rapidly collecting crowd into a drug store, whose proprietor telephoned to Flower Hospital for an ambulance. Dr. Mahan, who responded, said that death had been almost instantaneous and that heart trouble, superinduced by a dropsical condition of long standing, was the cause.

In the palmy days of his career Bert was better known to the West Coast theatregoers than to those of New York. Here he was known chiefly in the booking offices, where it was understood that he controlled everything west of Salt Lake.

He fought three great battles, well remembered even yet in the movement toward concentration in the theatrical business. One was to smash up the business of traveling companies when they began to replace the traveling stars who played to the support of local stock companies. Another was to prevent his local San Francisco houses from passing into the syndicate's control, and the third was to hold his local stock companies together after Al Hayman had been graduated from a place as his treasurer to that of a rival manager and theatrical owner.

All of these battles he lost, and in one of them his fight became extremely spectacular. One day he found that Hayman had leased the California Theatre over his head while he still had what he considered a valid lease. Instead of surrendering the property Bert nailed up the doors and stationed men at each entrance with shotguns. San Francisco enjoyed itself at the merry warfare for six months until Bert was finally beaten and Hayman gained possession.

David Belasco worked for Bert for $25 a week when Brady was getting $10. The sizable managers of that period, which lasted through the late seventies and early eighties, were Augustin Daly, Palmer, Gilmore, Tompkins, and Joe Brooks of New York, only one of whom survives.

Bert dealt with all these managers, taking to San Francisco as stars for his local stock companies such men and women as Barrett and Booth, Lawrence, Salvini, Modjeska, who gave her first English performance in his California Theatre; William J. Florence, John T. Raymond, and McKee Rankin. He controlled in San Francisco the Grand Opera House, the Baldwin Theatre, and the California Theatre. When Eastern stars were not to be had for his houses his local companies filled in with "The Black Crook," "Harbor Lights," "Excelsior," "Around the World in Eighty Days," "The Silver King," "Snow Flake," and "The Lights o' London."

The last named piece was Bert's favorite, except for "The Silver King," and in urging Mr. Brady to reproduce "The Lights o' London" he also urged "The Silver King" for next Winter, and Brady had the matter under consideration.

After Hayman had forced Bert from San Francisco he drifted East, became manager of the Standard Theatre in Philadelphia, and then in 1890 he came to Broadway, with nothing particular to do and no reason in particular to be here.

"Gimme a job, old man," he said to his one-time callboy when they met under the lights of Broadway, and Brady took him up to his headquarters. He has remained there ever since as Mr. Brady's right-hand man, treasurer, and confidential adviser.

"He was like an old hen to her chickens," said Mr. Brady yesterday, "always worrying about the younger brood of us. He died a long ways from broke. Lately he had invested all his money in real estate at Bensonhurst, and when the boys asked him why he was doing it he said it was because somebody'd get Brady some day and then he'd take him—meaning me—down to his farm and take care of him."

Mabel Bert, the actress, is a sister-in-law of Mr. Bert, and he has four children who survive him, the eldest of whom lives in Seattle. His wife, Henrietta Osbourne, died several years ago.

NIELS POULSON DEAD AT 68.

Engineer Gave $100,000 to the American Scandinavian Society.

Niels Poulson, President of the Hecla Iron Works of Brooklyn, and a philanthropist, died yesterday morning of heart disease at his home on the Shore Road, Fort Hamilton. In April of last year Mr. Poulson was entertained at a dinner at the Park Avenue Hotel in recognition of his gift of $100,000 to the American Scandinavian Society for educational purposes. For this gift he received recognition from the King of Denmark.

Mr. Poulson was well known as an engineer in connection with structural problems. He originated many improvements in methods of construction, four of which he patented, since he wished them to be public property. He furnished to the Government free of charge modes of construction for the Congressional Library, which were later widely copied in large institutions of the kind. He made a study of improving interborough transportation, and presented the city with a plan, never adopted, to do away with the congestion on the Brooklyn Bridge. He once offered a prize of $50,000 for the solution of this problem.

When in 1897 the firm of Poulson & Eger was incorporated as the Hecla Iron Works, Mr. Poulson organized a night school for the education of his employes, which has since been declared to have been an important factor in raising the standard of American iron construction. He gave many prizes to foster various activities among public school students.

Mr. Poulson was born on Feb. 27, 1843, at Horsens, Denmark, and was educated at Copenhagen as an architect and builder. He came to this country in 1864. He was a widower, and lived in a mansion on the Shore Road, which was a show place.

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GEORGE B. BUNNELL DEAD.

Old Theatrical Manager Was Once Associated with Barnum.

GREENS FARM, Conn., May 3.—George B. Bunnell, widely known in theatrical circles throughout the country, died at his home here early to-day of Bright's disease. Mr. Bunnell was in his seventy-sixth year, and is survived by his wife and a nephew, John Bunnell, who made his home with his uncle. He had been in failing health for two years, and during that time had traveled extensively in the hope of receiving benefit. About two weeks ago he was up and about the house, but from that time began to fail rapidly.

While a young man Mr. Bunnell was associated with Phineas T. Barnum in the circus business. Mr. Bunnell started the Broadway Theatre in New York City in 1879, and the Court Square Theatre in Brooklyn about the same time. The year following he opened a playhouse in Buffalo, N. Y. Thirteen years later he opened the Hyperion Theatre and the Grand Opera House in New Haven, and the Park Theatre in Bridgeport.

William F. Bridge.

William F. Bridge, President of the Hormiguero Central Company, a Cuban sugar concern, died yesterday at his home, 309 Lexington Avenue, from pneumonia, at the age of 75. He was the son of the late Lewis Kitchell Bridge and a brother of Mrs. Stuyvesant Leroy of Newport and the late Mrs. Jotham Post and Mrs. Henri M. Braem. He was educated in Europe and in 1863 married Frances Bulkley Lane, daughter of George W. Lane, the old New York merchant who was once President of this city's Chamber of Commerce and City Chamberlain. Mr. Bridge, besides being interested in Cuban sugar estates, had considerable real estate holdings in this city. He was one of the founders of Teachers College. Mr. Bridge was the uncle of Mrs. Richard C. Greenleaf, Miss Post of Paris, Mrs. F. McN. Bacon, Mrs. Charles D. Seeberger, and Mrs. Amos Tuck French.

Joseph H. Collier.

Joseph H. Collier, an old-time theatrical manager and actor, died of the infirmities of age at his home, 226 West Twenty-first Street, yesterday. He was 64 years old. He had four older brothers, all of whom were identified with the stage as either actors or managers. Two of his nephews are William J. and James Walter Collier. His brother, James Collier, was the leading man for Maggie Mitchell for many years, and married her sister, Mary, who after her husband's death married J. W. Albaugh, a theatrical manager of Baltimore and Washington.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES N. McCALL, the son of James Nicholas McCall of the firm of Edward Blackburn & Co., died on Monday in Roosevelt Hospital of gangrene poisoning at the age of 35. He was born in this city and was educated at Berkeley School and Harvard University. His sister-in-law is Mrs. James Edward McCall of Riverside Drive and 86th Street. Mr. McCall was unmarried and lived at the Waldorf-Astoria for many years.

GEORGE T. SHEETS, a retired architect, of 646 Forty-seventh Street, South Brooklyn, died suddenly in the Pennsylvania Station on Tuesday at the age of 81. He had come from Brooklyn to take a train to Toledo, where his son, Milton Sheets, is a railroad man. His daughter, Mrs. James Clark, had just kissed him good-bye and left him, and he was identified by papers in his pockets. Mr. Sheets was born in Emmitsburg, Md., and spent most of his life as an architect in Baltimore.

FRANK RUPPERT, formerly proprietor of the Old Homestead Gardens at Third Avenue and Ninety-third Street, died on Tuesday at his home, 160 East Ninety-third Street, at the age of 73. He was a brother of Jacob Ruppert, Sr., the brewer, and lived with a sister, Mrs. Caroline Strasburg. He retired from business about fifteen years ago.

WILLIAM HOWLAND PELL, the father of Howland Pell of this city and a member of an old family of Flushing, L. I., died on Tuesday in St. Augustine, Fla. He was born in this city and married Miss Adelaide Schieffelin Smith. His brother, Alfred Pell, was one of the oldest insurance men in this city, having established the American agency of the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company here in 1848. Mr. Pell had been living in Florida most of the time for the last fifty years.

Capt. HILON A. PARKER, former Vice President and General Manager of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad System and recently consulting engineer of the Pacific extension of the Grand Trunk, died suddenly yesterday at his home in Washington Heights, a suburb of Chattanooga, Tenn., of heart disease.

CHARLES HART, a leading contractor of Brooklyn, died at his home, 118 Prospect Park West, Tuesday of pneumonia, contracted when he was in Jersey City as one of the friends designated to escort the body of Tom L. Johnson when it was brought on from Cleveland. He was 70 years old. At the time of his death he had constructed the sewage disposal plant at Elmhurst and was suing the city for $180,000, the cost of construction. Mr. Hart financed Tom L. Johnson's railroad enterprises in Brooklyn. He leaves a widow and three daughters.

EDWARD B. HAINES, editor and proprietor of The Paterson Evening News, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at his home in Paterson, N. J. He had been in failing health from Bright's disease for two years, but continued the direction of his newspaper up to yesterday. Mr. Haines was born in New Orleans 65 years ago. He came to Paterson from Wilkesbarre in 1886 and established the Paterson Morning Call, which he sold to the present owners in 1889. A few years later he established The News. Mr. Haines is survived by Mrs. Haines, a son, Harry B. Haines, and a daughter, Mrs. Eswie Rose of New York.

HENRY C. HULING, one of the oldest newspaper editors in Queens County, died on Tuesday night at his home in Elmhurst, L. I., after a long illness, in his fifty-eighth year. He was born in Sandy Springs, N. Y., and had been in the newspaper business all his life. Mr. Huling's father was a newspaper man, and so was his grandfather and great-grandfather, who established the first newspaper in Vermont. He leaves three brothers and three sisters.

WILLIAM B. INGLEE, publisher of The Whitehall Chronicle and well known as a newspaper man in Northern New York, died in Whitehall yesterday of typhoid fever. For the last six years he had represented Whitehall in the County Board of Supervisors.

Mrs. HESTER ANN DOREMUS, 84 years old, widow of Philip Doremus, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Edwin B. Goodell, 63 Park Street, Montclair, N. J. Mrs. Doremus was one of the pioneer residents of Montclair. She is survived by four married daughters.

MYNDERT STARIN, known as the "King of Glen Island," died on Tuesday at his home, 244 West Fifty-fifth Street. He was 63 years old. For many years he was manager of Glen Island, a pleasure resore which was owned by his father, the late John H. Starin. One of the steamboats of the Starin Line was named after him. For many years Mr. Starin had lived in retirement. He married Miss Priscilla Parker. In his younger days he had a reputation as an athlete.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1200 Bryant.

Born.

FREUND.—Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Freund, a daughter, May 2, 159 Chestnut St., Montclair, N. J.

Married.

LINDBLAD.—April 30, to Mr. and Mrs. Alban J. Lindblad, 56 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, N. Y., a daughter.

PHILLIPS—ARNOLD.—May 1, Lucile J. Arnold to Murray Phillips.

Brooklyn.

CARPENTER—ASHFORTH.—May 2, Mildred Ashforth to Walter T. Carpenter.

HUBBS—WEEKERT.—May 2, Amanda Weekert to Walter E. Hubbs.

RUSSELL—OGG.—May 2, Grace Ogg to Jesse T. Russell.

New Jersey.

NIXON—MULLEN.—May 1, Trenton, Katherine E. Mullen to Frederick A. Nixon.

TRAPP—CROSSLEY.—May 1, Trenton, Alva Crossley to Alexander Trapp.

Died.

ACKERMAN.—At Maywood, N. J., Wednesday, May 3, 1911, Stephen Ackerman, in his 80th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of Mr. H F. Lydecker, Maywood, Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Interment private.

APRECK.—On Tuesday, May 2, 1911, Emil Apreck. Funeral services at his late residence, 403 St. Paul's Av., Stapleton, S. I., on Thursday, May 4, at 8 P. M.

BARCLAY.—Saint Nicholas Society of the City of New York.—Office of the Secretary, No. 1,328 Broadway, New York.—The members of the society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late fellow-member, James Searle Barclay, at the Church of the Transfiguration, at half past 10 A. M., on May 4, 1911.

CHARLES A. SCHERMERHORN, President.
CLARENCE STORM, Secretary.

BEAL.—On May 3, after a brief illness, at Montclair, N. J., Izzie Smith, beloved wife of Charles A. Beal, and daughter of the late Josiah A. Smith of Abington, Mass. Services at Abington, Mass.

BERT.—Suddenly, in New York City, Frederick W. Bert, aged 65 years and 8 months. Body will lie in state at Campbell's Burial Chapel, 241 West 23d St., Thursday. Funeral services Friday morning at 11 o'clock. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

BRIDGE.—William F. Bridge, son of the late Lewis Kitchell Bridge and Paulina Judd, his wife, and husband of Fanny Lane Bridge, died at his residence, 309 Lexington Av., May 3, in his 75th year. The funeral services will be held at the Madison Square Presbyterian Church Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully roquested to attend.

CARR.—Maria Carr. Funeral "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (FRANK CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Wednesday, 1 o'clock.

DOREMUS.—Entered into rest, Hester Yarrington, widow of the late Philip Doremus, in her 85th year. Funeral services from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edwin B. Goodell, 63 Park St., Montclair, N. J., Saturday, at 3:30 P. M. Interment private.

HOLLOWAY. — Suddenly, on May 2, Edna French Holloway, aged 27 years, youngest daughter of Mary C. French. Funeral services from the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, Av. and 10th St., on Thursday at 1 P. M. Interment private.

HOYT.—In Paris, on April 21, 1911, Goold Hoyt, son of the late Goold Hoyt and Camilla Scott. Funeral services at Trinity Chapel, West 25th St., on Thursday morning, May 4, at 10 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

LADD.—At Fort Worth, Texas, on Tuesday, May 2, William Fowle Ladd. Interment Galveston, Texas. Boston papers please copy.

MEYER.—At Montclair, N. J., Wednesday, May 3, after long and patient suffering, Dora F., beloved wife of John F. Meyer,

Delaware & Hudson

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50 Safety Car Heat. & L...@123¼
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10M Inter. Nickel 1st 5%...@ 95¼
5M Inter. Salt 1st 5%.....@ 51½

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50 Babcock & Wilcox.
100 Borden's Milk Com. & Pfd.
25 Crocker Wheeler Com. & Pfd.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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VERY ACTIVE BOND TRADING

Many Advances Accompany Wide Range of Trading—Decline in Iron Output.

Recoveries varying from 1 to 2 points from the low prices of the session brought net gains to the great majority of stocks, which figured in yesterday's trading on the Stock Exchange. This forward movement followed a continuance during the morning hours of the reactionary tendency, which was shown in most of the active stocks on Tuesday, and in some cases these early declines amounted to as much as a point. In addition to making up this loss the afternoon advance was sufficient to bring about net gains varying from fractions to something over 1 point. The market was a good deal more active than it had been the previous day, though the dealings fell below Monday's total. While these movements were in progress in stocks dealings were being recorded in the bond division which rolled up a total for the day in excess of any single day's trading in bonds since the third week in February. In many issues advances accompanied the activity, which was distributed over a larger than usual number of issues. New York City 4½s sold at a new high price, but the improvement was not limited to issues of this class. Bond houses reported, and yesterday's dealings on the Exchange offered further evidence of the fact, that interest is being taken not only in the high-grade bonds yielding 4 per cent., or close to that figure, but also in a variety of issues yielding upward of 4½ per cent. Several issues of convertible bonds were conspicuous in yesterday's dealings.

Additional light on the extent of the reaction in the steel trade during the past month is supplied in the record of pig iron production reported yesterday by the Iron Age. The average daily output in April was 68,836 tons, compared with 70,036 tons a day in March, but the reduction in output occurred principally through the second half of the month, so that the rate of production, which on April 1 was 70,752 tons a day, had fallen by May 1 to 64,432. These pig iron figures, coupled with the previous day's indications of the current orders being received by the United States Steel Corporation, leave no doubt of the substantial extent of the recent contraction in steel trade activity.

No less than three resolutions calling for investigation of important corporations were before Congress yesterday, one of them having special reference to the United States Steel Corporation being favorably reported to the House by the committee to which it had been intrusted, and two others, naming the American Woolen Company and the American Sugar Refining Company, being presented for the initial consideration. Two of the stocks immediately concerned showed fractional net losses, while the third showed a small net gain. It was United States Steel which made the latter record, and the trading in the other two stocks was very small. The grain markets were watched with interest because of the abrupt advance which had taken place in the May wheat options on Tuesday, but in no quarter of the commodities markets was there a repetition yesterday of the hasty short covering which accompanied the previous day's rise of nearly 4 cents in May wheat. That particular option did not better yesterday its price of the previous day. In fact, both wheat and other grains closed lower.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅜ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¼@2½ per cent. for sixty days, 2½@2¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 2¾@3 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3½@4 per cent. for sixty and ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 3¼@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4@5 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2 5-16 per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3 per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $367,117,818; balance, $16,201,365; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $735,796.

The local banks here lost $2,167,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8645@$4.8655, sixty days at $4.84@4.8430, and cables at $4.8670@$4.8680.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20 plus 1-64@5.20 plus 3-64 for cables and 5.20 less 1-32@5.20 plus 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 3-16 less 1-64@95 3-16 plus 1-64 for cables, and 95½ less 1-64@95¾ plus 1-64 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 30c premium; St. Louis, 35c premium; St. Paul, 80c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreaal, 31¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 24 9-16 per ounce, and ¼o lower in New York, at 53½c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 3.—Price changes on the local Exchange to-day were mostly toward easier levels, though some conspicuous advances made the list irregular. People's Gas sold ex dividend 1¾ per cent. at 105¼. There were large gains in both International Harvester and United States Steel in sympathy with the New York market. Small declines were noted in Sears-Roebuck and Booth Fisheries common shares, American Can preferred, and Diamond Match.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	American Can	10⅜	10½	10⅜
15	Am. Can pf	86	85¾	86
35	Am. Tel. & Tel	146⅜	146⅜	146⅜
260	Booth Fisheries	42½	42	42
91	Canal & Dock	51	51	51
25	Chi. Pneu. Tool	50¼	50¼	50¼
20	Chi. Subway	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
150	Com. Edison	125	124⅞	125
25	Corn Prod. Ref	14	14	14
195	Diamond Match	99	98	98½
85	Illinois Brick	62	61⅛	62
220	Int. Harvester	125¼	120	125¼
117	McCrum-Howell	46	45	46
300	People's Gas, (ex div. 1¾)	105½	103¾	105¼
93	Quaker Oats	176	176	176
510	Sears-Roebuck	143½	142¾	142⅝
25	Street's Stable Car	10¾	10¾	10¾
217	Swift & Co.	102	102	102
75	United Boxboard	4½	4½	4½
230	U. S. Steel	76¼	75¾	76¼

BONDS.

$10,000	Com. Edison 5s	101⅝	101⅜	101⅜
4,000	Met. Elev. gold 4s	84½	84½	84½
10,000	South Side Elev. 4½s	95⅝	95⅛	95⅛
5,000	Armour & Co. 4½s	93	93	93
1,000	Armour & Co. 4½s	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞
1,000	Chi. Rys. 4s B	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
3,000	Chi. City Rys. 5s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
1,000	Com. Edison 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
1,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜
1,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
10,000	Ogden Gas 5s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
14,000	Ogden Gas 5s	94	94	94
2,000	N. W. Elevated 4s	99	99	99

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales May 3, 1911..... 495,266
From Jan. 1, 1911..... 33,920,590
Corresponding period last year..... 71,815,755
"Rights" not included in total.

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
28	30	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	29	29	29	29	+ ½
63¼	63¾	7,100	Amalgamated Copper	63¼	63⅝	62¾	63¼	+ ⅛
58	58½	1,100	Am. Agricul. Chem	58	58½	58	58½	+ ⅝
46¾	46⅞	9,500	Am. Beet Sugar	45¾	47	45¼	46⅞	+1⅜
10¾	10⅞	2,700	Am. Can	10¾	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅛
86	86¼	1,900	Am. Can pf	85⅞	86⅛	85¾	86	+ ⅝
53⅜	53⅝	100	Am. Car & Foundry	53	53	53	53	...
116½	117½	200	Am. Car & Fy. pf	116	117	116	117	+2
57¾	57⅞	5,950	Am. Cotton Oil	56⅞	58	56¼	58	+1⅝
23	23⅛	400	Am. Ice Securities	23⅛	23⅝	23½	23½	− ⅛
33½	35	220	Am. Malt pf	34	34	34	34	...
75⅝	75⅞	6,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	75¼	76¼	75	75⅞	+ ⅛
105	105¼	500	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	105⅜	105⅞	105	105	− ⅛
118⅞	119¼	1,600	Am. Sugar Refining	118½	119½	118½	118½	− ⅛
148¼	148⅝	7,800	Am. Tel. & Tel	146½	148⅝	146½	148⅝	+1⅞
98½	98⅝	700	Am. Tobacco pf	98	98½	98	98½	+ ⅝
34½	35	300	Am. Woolen	35	35	34½	34½	− ⅞
91⅜	91⅝	750	Am. Woolen pf	91¼	91⅝	91¼	91½	...
37⅞	38¼	200	Anaconda Copper Co	38½	38¼	38	38	− ¼
110⅝	110¾	25,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	109⅜	110⅝	109⅜	110½	+ ⅝
103	103⅜	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+ ¼
124½	125	1,300	Atlantic Coast Line	124	124⅝	124	124⅝	+ ¼
105⅞	106	430	Baltimore & Ohio	105½	106	105½	106	+ ½
...	...	110	Bank of Commerce	217	217	217	217	...
2	2½	800	Batopilas Mining	2	2	2	2	...
32⅝	33¼	100	Bethlehem Steel	33	33	33	33	− ¼
61¼	62⅝	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	61	62	61	62	...
78⅝	78¾	2,250	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	78⅝	78⅞	78¼	78¾	...
142	143	200	Brooklyn Union Gas	143	143	143	143	− ½
236	236¼	6,270	Canadian Pacific	234¼	236¼	233⅝	236¼	+2
28	28½	1,200	Central Leather Co	27⅞	28⅛	27⅞	28	+ ⅛
99¼	100½	300	Cent. Leather Co. pf	99	99⅝	99	99⅝	+ ⅝
81⅞	82	1,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	81⅜	81⅞	81⅜	81⅞	+ ⅝
21½	21¾	200	Chicago Gt. Western	21½	21½	21½	21½	− ⅛
43½	44	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf	43	43	43	43	− ⅛
121⅞	121¼	7,500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	121	121⅞	120⅝	121½	+ ¼
146	146½	400	Chi. & Northwestern	145	146	145	146	+ ¼
243	247	3,000	Chino Copper	24¼	24⅞	24¼	24⅞	+ ⅝
30⅜	31	1,400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	30	31	30	31	+1
53½	54½	1,100	Colorado & Southern	54⅛	54½	53¾	53¾	−1⅛
...	...	100	Comstock Tunnel	*27	27	27	27	+1
145¼	145½	3,144	Consolidated Gas	145	145⅞	145	145½	+ ½
14⅛	14⅝	100	Corn Products Ref	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅝	...
71	75	30	Crex Carpet	73	73	73	73	...
170	172	600	Delaware & Hudson	171	171½	170½	171½	+ ½
29	29¼	1,400	Denver & Rio Grande	28¼	29⅛	28¼	29	+ ⅛
65⅜	66¾	2,460	Den. & Rio Grande pf	64¼	66⅞	64	66¾	+1½
35	35⅜	200	Distillers' Securities	35	35	34¾	34¾	− ⅜
31⅜	31¾	18,000	Erie	31	31⅜	30	31⅜	+1
49	49¼	2,100	Erie 1st pf	48¼	49¼	48¼	49¼	+ ⅛
39	39¼	700	Erie 2d pf	38½	39½	38½	39½	+1⅛
107	108	10	General Chemical pf	108	108	108	108	...
158	159	2,200	General Electric	158	158	157	158	...
6	6⅛	1,300	Goldfield Consol	6⅛	6¼	6	6¼	...
127¾	128	1,510	Great Northern pf	127¼	128	127¼	128	+ ½
61	62	100	Gr. N. certs. Ore Prop	61½	61½	61½	61½	+ ½
138	138¾	100	Illinois Central	138	138	138	138	...
183¼	183½	120	Interborough-Met	183¼	183½	181¾	183¼	...
51	51⅜	550	Interborough-Met. pf	51	51½	51	51⅜	+ ⅛
124¼	125	8,650	Int. Harvester	119¾	125¼	119½	124½	−5
124¼	125	300	Int. Harvester pf	124	124½	124	124½	+ ½
9⅞	10	300	Int. Paper	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	10¼	...
47	48	200	Int. Paper pf	47	47⅜	47	47⅜	+ ⅜
88½	89	250	Int. Steam Pump pf	88	88¼	88	88¼	+ ¼
29	30	200	Iowa Central pf	30	30⅛	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
76	77½	100	Kan. C., Ft. S. & M. pf	76	76	76	76	−2
34¾	35	700	Kansas City South	34¼	34⅞	34¼	34⅞	+ ⅛
67	67⅜	700	Kan. City South. pf	67¼	67⅝	67¼	67⅝	+ ⅛
105⅜	105⅝	6,600	Laclede Gas	104⅜	105⅜	104¼	105⅜	+1
176⅜	176⅝	10,700	Lehigh Valley	175¼	176⅜	174⅝	176½	+ ⅛
146¾	147¼	200	Louisville & Nash	146¼	147	146⅜	147	+ ½
75	76½	700	Mackay Cos. pf	76¼	76⅝	76¼	76⅝	+1⅝
...	...	50	Mechan. & Metals Bk	264½	265½	264½	265½	...
16½	17	500	Mercantile Marine pf	16⅜	16⅝	16⅜	16½	...
20	20¼	600	Miami Copper	20¼	20¼	20	20	...
139⅜	140	300	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	139⅜	139⅝	139¼	139¼	− ⅜
...	...	200	M., St.P. & S.S.M. pf	74	74	74	74	...
32⅝	33½	5,100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	32⅝	33¼	32¾	33½	+ ½
66⅝	67¼	300	Mo. Kan. & Tex. pf	67	67	67	67	...
49⅞	50	6,600	Missouri Pacific	49¾	50¼	48⅝	50	+ ⅜
134½	135	1,400	Nat. Biscuit Co	134	136	134	135¼	− ¾
...	...	10	Nat. City Bank	397	397	397	397	...
...	...	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	167	167	167	167	− ½
...	...	700	Nat. Lead Co	52⅝	52⅞	52⅝	52⅞	...
...	...	42	Nat. Lead Co. pf	106	106	106	106	...
...	...	600	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	32¾	32¾	32	32	+1
...	...	800	Nevada Con. Copper	18¾	19¼	18¾	18⅞	+ ⅛
107⅝	107⅞	1,500	N. Y. Central	107	107⅝	107	107⅝	+ ⅛
58	60	50	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	58	58	58	58	...
42¾	43	1,100	N. Y., Ont. & West	43⅛	43¼	42¾	43⅛	+ ⅛
107⅜	107½	3,000	Norfolk & Western	106¾	107⅜	106½	107⅜	+ ⅝
87½	91	100	Norfolk & West. pf	87⅝	87⅞	87⅝	87⅞	+ ¼
73⅝	73⅞	1,300	North American	73¼	74	73¼	73⅝	+ ¼
125	125½	11,000	Northern Pacific	123⅝	125⅜	123⅞	125¼	+ ½
11¾	25	...	Ontario Mining	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	...
51¼	52	1,500	Pacific Tel. & Tel	50	52¼	49⅞	51¾	+ ⅛
126¼	126⅜	4,500	Pennsylvania R. R	126	126⅜	125⅜	126⅜	+ ⅛
...	...	14,546	Pennsylvania rights	2 13-64	2¼	2 3-16	2¼	+1-16
...	...	1,000	People's Gas Chi. x d.	104½	105¼	104½	105¼	+1⅜
94	95	500	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	94	94½	94	94½	−1
79⅝	79¾	900	Pittsburg Coal pf	79	79⅝	78⅝	79⅝	− ⅛
32½	32⅞	100	Pressed Steel Car	32½	32⅝	32¼	32½	− ⅜
32½	33¼	300	R'way Steel Spring	32⅝	33	32⅝	33	...
18	18¼	800	Ray Consol. Copper	17⅞	18	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
157⅜	157¼	99,200	Reading	156¾	157⅜	155¼	157¼	+1
91	92	100	Reading 1st pf	91	91	91	91	...
99	100	100	Reading 2d pf	99	99	99	99	−1
32	32½	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	32½	32½	32½	32½	...
94⅝	95	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	94⅝	94⅝	94⅜	94½	− ⅛
30¼	30⅝	7,200	Rock Island Co	29⅞	30⅜	29¼	30¼	+ ⅛
62⅞	62⅝	3,300	Rock Island Co. pf	61¾	62¾	61¾	62⅝	+1⅛
62½	63	250	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	62½	62¾	62½	62⅝	+ ⅛
40⅝	41	700	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	40	40¾	40	40⅝	+ ⅛
...	...	200	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I	49⅞	50	49⅞	50	+ ⅛
116	116¼	4,200	Southern Pacific	114¾	116¼	115¾	116	+ ⅜
27⅝	27¾	2,300	Southern R'way ext	27⅛	27¾	27	27⅝	...
64⅜	65	800	South. R'way pf. ext	64	64¾	64	64¾	+ ⅜
37¼	37½	500	Tennessee Copper	37⅝	37½	37¼	37½	+ ⅛
128	...	100	Texas Co	128	128	128	128	...
27	27¼	800	Texas & Pacific	26¾	27¼	26¾	27¼	+ ⅛
11⅜	11¾	850	Third Avenue	11	11¾	11	11¾	+ ⅝
7¼	7½	400	Tol., R'way & Light	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
20½	20¼	200	Toledo, St. L. & W	20	20⅛	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
49	50	600	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	+ ⅛
66	67½	215	Underwood Typewrit	67	67½	67	67½	+ ½
106	106¾	500	Underw'd Typewrit. pf	105½	106¾	105½	106¾	+1⅜
178¾	178⅞	81,200	Union Pacific	178¼	179¾	177⅝	178⅞	+ ⅝
94¼	95	200	Union Pacific pf	94	94½	94	94½	+ ½
42	42½	100	United Rys. Invest	42	42	42	42	+ ½
15½	17½	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	17	17	17	17	+1½
95	99	100	U. S. Express	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	...
73	73¼	400	U. S. Realty & Imp	73	73½	73	73½	...
90	95	100	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	...
112	114	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	+ ¾
75½	77½	400	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	77	77¼	77	77¼	+ ¼
76¼	76⅝	64,700	U. S. Steel	75¾	76⅝	75¾	76¼	+ ⅛
119¼	119⅜	300	U. S. Steel pf	119¼	119½	119¼	119½	...
45⅛	45¼	900	Utah Copper	45	45¼	44⅞	45¼	...
63¾	63⅞	7,450	Va.-Caro. Chemical	63¼	64	62¾	63⅞	+ ⅜
43⅞	45	100	Va. R'way & Power	44	44	44	44	...
37¼	37⅜	400	Wabash pf	36⅞	37¼	36⅝	37¼	+ ⅛
54½	54⅝	800	Western Maryland	54⅜	54⅝	54	54⅝	+ ¼
73½	74	4,100	Western Union Tel	72⅝	74⅜	72⅝	74	+1
69	69⅝	1,000	Westinghouse E. & M	68¾	69½	68½	69½	...
69½	71½	400	Wisconsin Central	70	70	70	70	−1

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

		Bid.	Ask.
2s, r.,	1930	101¼	101½
2s, c.,	1930	101¼	...
3s, r.,	1918	101¾	102½
3s, c.,	1918	101¾	...
4s, r.,	1925	114¾	115½
4s, c.,	1925	115	116¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936		101	101½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938		101	101½
Adams Exp.		240	245
Allis-Chalm. pf		7	7½
Am. Ag. C. pf		101	103
Am. B. S. pf		93½	97½
A. B. S. & Fdy		94⅜	95½
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf		181	184½
Am. Coal		60	100
Am. Cot. Oil pf		102	105
Am. Exp		236	240
A. H. & L. pf		3⅜	4¼
A. H. & L. pf		22	24
Am. L. Co. pf		10½	11½
Am. L. Co. pf		31	33½
Am. Locom.		38	39
Am. Locom. pf		104½	106½
Am. Malt. pf		3⅝	4¼
Am. S. pf		87½	88
Am. Snuff		269	...
Am. Sn. pf		100	...
Am. St. F. pf		44¼	45
Am. Sug. Ref. pf		118½	118½
A. T. & C.		81	83
Am. Wr. P. pf		29¾	30½
Ann Arbor		20	40
Ann Arbor pf		60	80
Asso. Oil		50	54
B. & O. pf.		88½	89¼
Bruns. Ter.		9	10¾
B., R. & P.		110	120
B., R. & P. pf		120	130
But'k Co.		29	31
Canada So.		66	70
C. R. R. of N. J.		270	278
C. & S. A. Tel		110	120½
Chi. & Alt.		25	30
C. & A. pf.		..	54
C. & E. Ill. pf		107	...
C., I. & L. pf		60	80
C., M. & St. P. pf		149¾	156
C. & N. W.		201	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.		185	143
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf		155	165
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. ctfs.		2¼	2⅝
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. ctfs. st.		5	7
C., C., C. & St. L.		59	64
C., C. C. & St. L. pf.		92½	100
Cleve. & P.		166½	...
Cleve. & P. Special		96	...
Col. F. & I. pf.		..	110
Col. & So. 1st pf.		75	77
Col. & So. 2d pf.		72	74½
Cons. Coal.		102	106
C. R. & L.		70	...
Corn P. R. pf.		79	80
Cub.-Am. S.		85	87½
Cub.-Am. S. pf.		91	92½
D., L. & W.		505	550
D. M. & Ft.		5	18
Det. Edison.		109¾	72
Det. U. R.		..	...
D., S. S. & A.		14¾	15½
D., S. S. & A. pf.		26½	28
Du P. de N. Pow. pf		90	...
Ev. & T. H.		65	70
Ev. & T. H. pf		80	85
F. M. & S.		28	29½
F. M. & S. pf		60	65
Gen. C. Co.		134	137
Granby Con.		50	60
Hav. E. R. pf		94½	97½
Hock. Val.		..	140
Homestake.		85	87½
I. C. 1. 1.		93¾	...
Inger.-Rand.		90	...
Inger.-Rand. pf		94	...
Int. St. P.		40¼	40¾
Iowa Cent.		16	16½
Jol. & Chi.		183¼	...
K. & D. M.		5	8
K. & D. M. pf		33	40
Lack. Steel		42	46
L. E. & W.		14	15
L. E. & W. pf		35	40
Lake Shore		326	450
Long Island		57	62
Mackay Cos.		91¼	93½
Mah. C. R.		600	1,000
Man. Beach		2¼	3½
Man. Elev.		135	139
Md. C. pf.		65	...
Mer. Marine		4½	5
May Dept. Stores		70	71
May Dept. Stores pf.		103¼	...
Mich. Cent.		..	180
M. & St. L.		22¼	24
M. & St. L. pf.		86	87½
M., St. P. & S. M.		151	154
M., St. P. & S. M. leased line		88¼	89½
N. C. & St. L.		145	155
Nat. B. pf.		127½	128¾
Nat. Enam. pf.		84	92
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.		65	72
N. Cent. C.		30	60
N. Y. A. & B.		68	70
N. A. C. & St. L. 1st pf.		101	107
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.		82	85
N. Y. D. Co.		25	30
N. Y. D. Co. pf.		..	66
N. Y., N. H. & H.		144	146½
N. Y., N. H. & H., 3d paid		144½	148¼
Norf. So.		47	54
Nor. Cent.		245	...
N. O. T. & Light		42¾	44
Pac. Coast.		94	105
Pac. C. 1st pf.		85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.		..	...
Pac. Mail		24½	25
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.		93	98
Peo. & E.		17	23
Pere Marq.		30	95
Pere M. 2d pf.		38	...
Phila. Co.		106	109
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.		105	115
Pitts. Coal		20⅝	21
P., Ft. W. & C.		166½	...
Pitts. St. pf.		102⅜	105
Pr. St. Car		..	...
Pr. St. Car pf. ex d.		99	101
Pub. S. Cor.		119	120
Pullman

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Linking Up Rock Island.

Some one with a predilection for making traffic alliances revived yesterday in a new form the story that the Rock Island is to reach an understanding with an Eastern line to handle its business east of Chicago. The line to be thus favored was the Erie. The older version of this story had the Wabash and Lehigh Valley in an east-and-west system with the Rock Island. The Rock Island emphatically denied that any such union was contemplated, pointing out that it would be folly to confine itself to a single Eastern connection, where it now distributes traffic among several, receiving westbound business in exchange. The Rock Island management sees no reason to look for a closer working arrangement with any one Eastern road out of Chicago at the expense of its friendly relations with the others. The Lake Shore offers the most convenient Eastern connection for the Rock Island lines at Chicago.

***

Looking for Small Leaks.

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific has sent to every one of its employes a circular urging greater economy in the use of company funds and supplies. The circular is headed "Nickel a Day," which indicates the size of some of the leaks the management hopes to stop. A few years ago such a request from the head of a great railway system would have subjected the company to ridicule, but with the advent of the Brandeis school of economics the public has come to take a more serious view of small savings. It is evident that if all the employes of the Rock Island, who number 50,000, can save an average of 5 cents a day each, it will mean $2,500 a diem to the company, or $75,000 a month. Looked at in this way one is reminded of the enormous possibilities of waste in a big organization. The Pennsylvania is another large system, which has not hesitated to call the attention of its men to their duty in this respect. The Pennsylvania has been endeavoring to teach its men to save even in such matters as the avoidance of excessive smoke from its engines.

***

The listing of Atchison on the Paris Bourse is still being talked of in the financial district, but the negotiations to that end are said to be drifting along with no immediate promise of an early conclusion. In some quarters, however, it is confidently expected that the proposal to obtain a place for Atchison on the Paris Bourse will be successfully carried out. American Telephone and Telegraph has also been mentioned from time to time as likely to share in the advantage of a Paris quotation, but this, too, is in indefinite shape, it is said.

***

Discrepancies in City Bonds.

Stock Exchange trading in the new city 4¼ per cent. bonds, which are being printed by the New York Bank Note Company in spite of the Exchange's ban on that company's product, showed prices for the temporary certificates about three-quarters below the prices on the same basis for the 4½s of 1930-60. The city has paid interest on the certificates as of March 1 and holders of the equivalent of the new bonds are not worried about the effect on the price of the refusal of the Exchange to list the forthcoming paper of the tabooed banknote concern. The old bonds at yesterday's price of 102⅞ are on a basis of 4.03. At this yield the new bonds should sell at 104¾ instead of the price of 104 yesterday. A large dealer in issues of this class explained yesterday one of the reasons for the discrepancy which seemed to him most potent. He said that investment buyers were loath to take temporary certificates with the trouble involved of attending to their conversion into the regular bonds. One of his customers about to go abroad bought $50,000 of the old bonds yesterday at the three-quarter point difference for the sake of having something that he could put into his strong box and forget about. At this time of year many investors are planning their Summer trips abroad and the same objection to temporary certificates that this customer had is of large application, this bond dealer believed, and is sufficient to account for a three-quarter point difference. If the Stock Exchange continues firm in its stand of refusing to list the new bonds, it was pointed out yesterday, it will simply mean that these bonds will be traded in the Street instead of on the Exchange. The temporary certificates remain a good delivery on the Exchange, but the city could easily prevent the retention of the certificates and force their exchange for the tabooed paper by stopping periodic interest payments on the certificates as soon as the bonds themselves are available.

FOR SALE

Central Indiana Lighting Co. 1st & Ref. 5s
Lexington Gas & Electric 1st 5s
Twin State Gas & Elec. Co. 1st & Ref. 4½s
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Twin State Gas & Elec. Co. Preferred Stock
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Philippine Railway 4%, 1937
Florida Central Peninsular Cons. 5%, 1943
Louisville, Jeffersonville & Bridge 4%, 1945

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Crop Prospects

Agricultural conditions and crop prospects discussed in detail in Special Letter April 26. A limited number for free distribution.

Thomas Gibson,

Corn Exchange Bank Bldg., New York City.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK

28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000
Deposits.....133,000,000

6% Gold Coupon Bonds

Due 1920
Interest Payable March 1st and Sept. 1st
On Improved Queens Property
Greater New York Mortgage Co.
1328 Broadway, Manhattan

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Price Movements Irregular, but in Mining List Tendency Is Reactionary.

BOND TRADING NARROWER

Only Six Issues Report Transactions—Greater Diversity in Industrial List, with Some Small Gains.

Curb trading was reactionary yesterday and a number of small losses were made in the mining list, although trading was in somewhat better volume. British Columbia sold off from 5½ to 5 and Greene-Cananea from 6⅝ to 6¼, the latter reporting transactions of 2,000 shares. Braden Copper, Butte Coalition, Giroux, and Inspiration closed unchanged, as did Kerr Lake. Interest in the bond list centred in American Cotton Oil 5s, which sold off from 96⅝ to 96⅝, transactions totaling $150,000. Western Pacific 5s sold off from 93⅝ to 93¼. Southern Bell Telephone 5s closed ⅛ above the opening, at 98⅞, and Erie 6 per cent. notes advanced from 101⅛ to 101¼ on sales of $12,000. Consolidated Rubber Tire common and preferred and Studebaker preferred each made fractional gains.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Tobacco	457	457	456	456
1,100	Con. Rub. Tire.	4¼	4⅞	4¼	4⅞
400	Con. Ru. Tl. pf.	28	29	28	28¼
50	Gen. Motors pf.	78	78	78	78
100	Houston Oil....	8½	8½	8½	8½
750	In. Ru. tr. ctfs.	29¼	†29⅝	29	29
71	Standard Oil...	677	678	673	673
300	Studebaker pf..	102	102⅝	102	102½
1,000	U. S. L. & H...	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
500	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8	8½	8	8½

MINING STOCKS.

100	Braden Copper.	4	4	4	4
500	Br. Col. Cop....	5⅝	5¼	5	5
100	Butte Coal'n...	18	18	18	18
12,000	*Cobalt Central.	6	6	5	5
700	*Carlsa	22	23	20	22
200	Con. Ar. Smelt.	1 8-16	1 8-16	1¼	1¼
500	Giroux Mining..	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
1,000	Gold Hill.....	½	9-16	½	9-16
9,500	*Greenwater ..	6	7	6	6
2,000	Greene-Cananea.	6⅜	6⅝	6¼	6¼
5	Guggen. Exp...	193	193	193	193
200	Inspiration Cop.	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
1,000	Kerr Lake	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
70	La Rose Con.	4 11-16	4 11-16	4⅝	4⅝
555	M. of Am., new.	5⅝	†5⅞	5¼	5¼
250	McKin.-Dar. ..	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,000	Nev. Hills	3	3 1-16	3	3 1-16
200	N.-U. M. & S..	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
100	N. Baltic Cop..	6	6	6	6
2,000	Ohio Copper ..	1⅜	1⅜	1 11-16	1⅜
900	Pac. Smelters..	7-32	¼	7-32	¼
1,700	*Porc. Cent....	76	76	75	76
1,500	*P. E. Dome..	36	36	36	36
1,000	Ray Central ..	1⅝	1⅝	1 11-16	1 11-16
500	S. U. M. & S..	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,050	Stewart	1⅛	1⅛	94	94
1,050	Tonopah Min...	6¼	6¼	†6⅜	6 1-16

BONDS.

$150,000	A. Cot. Oil 5s	96⅜	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
3,000	C. Ariz. S. 5s.	25	25	25	25
12,000	Erie 6% Notes..	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
22,000	S. B. T. & T. 5s	98⅜	98⅛	98⅝	98⅜
5,000	Texas Co. 6s...	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
75,000	W. Pacific 5s..	93⅝	93⅝	93¼	93¼

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. Note.—There were only 300 U. S. Light & Heating traded in yesterday at 1⅝; not 1,200, as reported, at 1 11-16.

***

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Tuesday:

	May 3. Bid.	May 3. Asked.	May 2. Bid.	May 2. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	456	457	456	456
Am. Writing Paper.....	1	2¼	1	2¼
Am. Light & Traction..284	288	284	288	
Am. Light & Trac. pf..104	106	104	106	
Bay State Gas.....	⅜	½	⅜	½
Borden's Cond. Milk...121	123	119½	121	
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.100	110	107½	109	
Braden Copper	3⅞	4⅛	4	4⅛
British Col. Copper...	5	5⅛	5	5⅜
Butte Coalition	18	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛
Chicago Subway	4⅞	5¼	4⅞	5¼
Cobalt Central	5	6	6	7
Davis-Daly Copper.....	1⅜	1½	1 7-16	1½
First Nat. Copper	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Giroux Mining	6⅜	6½	6⅜	6½
Greene-Cananea	6¼	6⅜	6⅜	6½
Guggenheim Exp.....	189	195	188	193
Intercontinental Rub..	29	29¼	29¼	29⅜
International Salt.....	5	8	5	8
Kerr Lake	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
La Rose Con.....	4 9-16	4⅝	4 9-16	4⅝
Manhattan Transit ...	⅞	1	⅞	15-16
Mason Valley	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
Nipissing	10⅜	10⅞	10⅝	10⅜
Ohio Copper	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1 11-16
Ray Central	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝
Standard Milling	15	18	14	17
Standard Milling pf....	48	52	48	52
Standard Oil	672	678	673	677
Studebaker Co.....	48	50	48	50
Studebaker Co. pf.....	102	102¼	101⅝	102¼
Tonopah Mining 6	1-16	6 3-16	6	6¼
United Cigar Mfrs.....	55	57	55	57
U. S. Light & Heat. .1	9-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1 11-16
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8	8½	7⅞	8¼
Western Pacific 5s.....	93¼	93½	93⅛	93⅜
Yukon Gold Mines.....	3⅝	3 15-16	3⅝	3 15-16

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Wednesday.

Commission house orders on the Consolidated Exchange continued to cover a wide variety of securities. The sales for the day, amounting to 76,400 shares, were distributed among fifty-two different stocks. Eighty shares of United States Rubber sold at 40½ to 41⅝, no transactions in this stock being reported on the New York Stock Exchange. Most of the day's prices for the leading stocks exhibited relative firmness compared with the other board.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,740	Amal. Copper..	63¼	63⅞	62⅞	63¼
1,630	Am. Beet Sug..	45⅜	47⅜	45⅜	47⅜
60	Am. Can	10⅜	10⅜	10⅝	10⅝
880	Am. Cotton Oil.	56⅞	58	56½	57½
30	Am. Ice	23½	23½	23⅛	23½
2,140	Am. Smelting..	75½	76⅝	75	76
350	Am. Sugar	118½	119⅝	118⅝	119⅜
30	Anaconda Con..	38⅛	38¼	38¼	38¼
2,960	A. T. & S. F..	110	110⅝	109½	110⅝
80	Balt. & Ohio...	104⅞	105⅜	104⅞	105⅜
280	Brook. R. T....	78⅞	79	78⅝	78⅞
900	Can. Pacific...	234⅝	236½	233⅝	235⅝
60	Cent. Leather..	27⅝	28⅛	27½	28
280	Ches. & Ohio...	81⅜	82	81½	81⅞
590	C., M. & St. P.	121	121⅞	120¾	121⅜
140	Col. Fuel & I..	30	30⅜	30	30⅜
400	Consol Gas.....	145	146	144⅞	145⅝
60	Dist. Sec.....	35	35	35	35
2,300	Erie	31	31⅝	30⅞	31⅜
120	Erie 1st pf.....	48½	49¼	48½	49¼
180	Gt. North. pf..	127⅝	128¼	127⅝	128¼
100	Inter.-Met. pf..	51¼	51	51	51¼
100	Kan. City So....	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝
680	Lehigh Valley..	175⅛	176½	174⅝	176½
80	Louis. & Nash.	146½	147¼	146⅝	147¼
30	Mo., K. & T....	33	33⅝	33	33⅝
1,380	Mo. Pacific....	49⅝	50	48¼	50
300	N. Y. Central..	107	107⅞	107⅝	107⅝
80	N. Y., O. & W..	42⅜	43	42⅜	43
80	Norf. & West..	106⅜	107½	106⅝	107½
450	North. Pacific..	124⅝	125⅜	124½	125⅜
960	Penhsylvania ..	126⅛	126⅜	126	126½
120	Penn. rights....	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
70	People's Gas...	104⅜	105¼	104⅝	105
19,680	Reading	156⅛	157⅝	155⅝	157
500	Rock Island....	29⅜	30⅝	29⅝	30⅜
20	Rock Island pf.	62⅜	62⅝	62⅜	62⅝
420	Southern Pac...	115¼	116⅝	115¼	116⅝
160	Southern Ry....	27¼	27⅜	27⅛	27⅜
20	Southern Ry.pf.	65	65	65	65
50	Tenn. Copper..	37⅛	37½	37⅛	37½
40	Third Avenue..	11½	11½	11¼	11¼
13,330	Union Pacific..	178⅛	179⅝	177½	179
80	U. S. Rubber...	40¾	41⅜	40¾	41⅜
20,420	U. S. Steel....	75⅜	76⅜	75⅜	76⅜
20	Utah Copper....	45¼	45⅝	45¼	45⅝
970	Va.-Car. Chem..	63¼	63⅝	62⅝	63⅝
80	Wabash pf.....	37	37⅜	37	37⅜
60	Western Union.	72⅜	74⅛	72⅜	74
50	Western Md....	54¼	54½	54¼	54½
20	West. Elec.....	69½	69½	69½	69½
20	Wis. Central...	70	70	70	70

76,460

MINING STOCKS.

200	Comb. Frac...	.10	.10	.10	.10
200	Consol. Va....	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
10	Goldfield Con..	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
1,000	Imperial	.04	.05	.04	.04
500	Jim Butler....	25¼	25¼	25¼	25½
200	Julia	.45	.45	.45	.45
100	Mexican	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80
800	Montana	.82	.82	.82	.82
500	McNamara	.18	.18	.18	.18
200	Ophir	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
200	Portland	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05
100	Union Con.....	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80

3,510

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 3.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	4⅞	5¼	Jackpot ...	b	5¼
Elkton	55	60	McKinney..	25¼	31½
El Paso ...	58⅝	60¼	Oil Gold...	2¾	3
Findley	5	6	Portland	95	105
Gold Dollar.	10	10½	Vindicator..	76½	79½
Isabella ...	10½	10⅝	Wm. Samp..	10	11

For best reports of Wall Street business investors consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Range of prices for ten years, latest quotations of bonds and stocks dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb, railroad earnings at a glance, and a mass of information useful to investors, bankers, and brokers. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Strong binder to preserve the Review sent for One Dollar.—Adv.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—Following the fluctuations of the New York list, fractional declines predominated during the earlier dealings in this city, but in the afternoon the market turned around, recovering practically all its initial loss, and in many cases establishing gains for the day. Lehigh Valley, Reading, and United States Steel naturally suffered the most at the start, the last named being adversely affected by the news from Washington:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Railways.....	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
100	Brooklyn R. T.....	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝
400	Cambria Steel.....	46	46	46
40	Con. Trac. N. J.....	75½	75½	75½
1,095	Electric Storage.....	53⅛	52¾	53⅛
251	General Asphalt.....	33	32	33
50	General Asphalt pf....	73½	73½	73½
1,245	Gen. Asphalt pf. war..	94½	94	94½
13	Ins. Co. N. A.....	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞
420	Lake Sup. Corp.....	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞
23	Lehigh Navigation....	88	87½	88
89	Lehigh Nav. tr. cfs...	88⅝	88½	88½
364	Lehigh. Nav. warrants.	38	37⅞	38
637	Lehigh Valley	88	87½	88
602	Lehigh Valley trans.	88	87½	88
368	Lehigh Valley pf.....	22¾	22	22¾
2	Minehill	60½	60½	60½
10	Missouri Pacific....	48¾	48¾	48¾
1,216	Penna. R. R.....	63⅜	62 15-16	63 1-16
1,276	Penna. R. R. war.....	11¼	11	11¼
40	Penna. Steel pf.....	104½	104½	104½
15	Philadelphia Co. pf....	42¾	42¾	42¾
2,548	Phila. Electric.....	16⅝	16½	16⅝
110	Phila. Rapid Tran.....	18	18	18
400	Phila. R. T. tr. ctfs...	18⅛	18	18⅛
10	Phila. Traction.....	83	83	83
100	Railway Co. Gen.....	10½	10½	10½
2,384	Reading	78⅝	77 13-16	78⅝
905	Tonopah Belmont....	6 3-16	6 1-16	6⅛
3,648	Tonopah Mining.....	6⅛	5 15-16	6⅛
450	Union Traction.....	46⅞	46	46⅜
866	U. G. I.....	87½	87	87¼
6,380	U. S. Steel.....	76⅝	75¾	76¼
1	West. Jer. & S. S.....	54	54	54

FINANCIAL NOTES.

At the annual meeting of the New York Telephone Company F. H. Bethell was elected a Director to succeed the late H. M. Watson.

The Chamber of Commerce has appointed as delegates to the Third National Peace Congress, which convened in Baltimore yesterday, James Speyer, Clark Williams, Henry Clews, Isaac N. Seligman, and George Brett.

Crawford, Dyer & Cannon are offering at 91 and interest, to yield about 4.08 per cent, first mortgage 3½ per cent. bonds of the Iowa, Minnesota & Northwestern Railway Company, due Jan. 1, 1935. These bonds are guaranteed unconditionally as to principal and interest, by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company.

Harvey Fisk & Sons are offering $1,000,000 Hudson Companies 6 per cent. secured convertible gold coupon notes at 98½ and accrued interest. These notes are part of an issue of $10,136,000 sold by the company in 1910, and are secured by deposit of the trustee of 150 per cent. of Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company first mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds due 1957.

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange by the American Smelters Securities Company to list $15,000,000 6 per cent. fifteen-year bonds, due in 1926; by the Chatham and Phenix National Bank to list $1,800,000 capital stock; by the International Steam Pump Company to list $1,500,000 additional first lien 5 per cent. bonds due in 1929, and by the Mason Valley Mines Company to list $1,270,000 capital stock.

We Offer for Sale and Recommend for Investment

$1,000,000 Hudson Companies

6% Secured Convertible Gold Coupon Notes

Dated February 1, 1910 Maturing February 1, 1913
Interest Payable Feb. 1 and Aug. 1

The notes are part of an original issue of $10,136,000 sold by the Company in 1910, and are specifically **SECURED BY DEPOSIT WITH THE GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, OF 150% OF HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 4½% BONDS, DUE 1957.**

The Resources of Hudson Companies, figuring the securities of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company which it owns at market prices, amount to $36,000,000: its total indebtedness is $22,770,000, leaving a Surplus of more than $13,000,000.

Price 98½ and Accrued Interest

Descriptive circular upon application.

HARVEY FISK & SONS

62 CEDAR STREET
NEW YORK

$300,000

The Burt Olney Canning Co.

(ONEIDA, N. Y.)

Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock, par $100. Dividends Quarterly, Beginning June 1, 1911.

Guaranty Trust Co., N. Y. City, Registrar of Stock.

Total Preferred Stock Authorized $400,000—Issued $300,000.
Total Common Stock Authorized $400,000—Issued $300,000.

This Preferred Stock is an exceptionally attractive investment for the following reasons:

1. The Company has no bonded indebtedness, and none can be placed on the properties without the consent of three-fourths of the preferred stock outstanding.
2. **This stock has an annual Sinking Fund exactly like a bond providing for the purchase in the open market of a definite amount each year.**
3. Average net earnings for last four years, $88,331.29 per annum; preferred dividend requirements, $21,000 per annum.
4. The net quick assets equal, and always must equal, the entire amount of the preferred stock outstanding before any dividends can be paid on the common stock.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Current Quick Assets...	$318,306.57	Preferred Stock.....	$300,000.00
Capital Assets.....	562,199.88	Common Stock	300,000.00
		Accounts Payable.....	17,953.86
		Surplus	262,552.59
	$880,506.45		$880,506.45

This Stock is secured by..... {$'00 a share in Quick Assets / $187 a share in Fixed Assets

Total security..... $287 a share Actual Assets

We offer a limited amount of this stock at $100 per share and accrued dividend, subject to sale or advance in price.

Write for Circular B for full particulars.

Eastman, Dillon & Company
Members of New York Stock Exchange.
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Safety and Convenience

Families or individuals planning to be absent from the city for the summer and who wish to store their valuables while away, or who for any other reason are desirous of availing of safe deposit and storage facilities, thoroughly modern and up-to-date in all respects, will find that these requirements are met by the

United States Safe Deposit Company

OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY THE

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY

AND ITS OFFICES ARE IN THE SAME LOCATIONS

B'way & 73d St. 55 Cedar St. 32 Liberty St. 125th St. & 8th Ave.

Capital and Surplus $6,000,000
Total Resources $60,000,000

Of Interest to Travellers

Our Foreign Exchange Department is adequately equipped for the transaction of all business of this description. Cable transfers made. Letters of credit and drafts issued available in all parts of the world.

Iowa, Minnesota & Northwestern Railway Co.

First Mortgage Gold 3½%, due Jan. 1, 1935. (Registered.)

Guaranteed unconditionally as to Principal and Interest by endorsement by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co.

These bonds are a direct obligation of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., and are secured by a first Mortgage on 194.16 miles of road, at about $20,000 per mile.

Legal investment for Savings Banks in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and New Jersey.

Price 91 and Interest, to yield about 4.08%
Additional information on request.

Crawford, Dyer & Cannon,

100 Broadway, New York. North American Bldg., Philadelphia.

Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Company

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $9,500,000
$5,000,000 added to surplus in last 18 years
160 Broadway, New York 188 Montague St., Brooklyn
RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check or on certificate, allowing interest thereon. Depository for moneys paid into Court and for money of bankrupt estates.
LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS and Corporation Bonds as collateral.
ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of Stocks of Corporations. Takes Charge of Personal Securities.

OFFICERS:
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DAVID B. OGDEN, Counsel. } Asst. Secretaries
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, Chairman.
GEORGE F. BUTTERWORTH, WILLIAM P. DIXON, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD, HENRY GOLDMAN, PHILIP LEHMAN, JOHN T. LOCKMAN, HENRY MORGENTHAU, JAMES N. WALLACE, ALBERT H. WIGGIN

The Lawyers Mortgage Company has made a net gain in Outstanding Guaranteed Mortgages during the past two years of $31,000,000—more than that of all other Mortgage Guarantee Companies in New York combined.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY

RICHARD M. HURD, President

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $6,000,000

59 Liberty St., Manhattan 184 Montague St., Brooklyn

TRAVELERS

We Furnish Domestic & Foreign
LETTERS OF CREDIT
and issue
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES.

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

Travelers' Letters of Credit

PAYABLE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

TRAVELERS' CHEQUES.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
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The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company,

16 to 22 William St. NEW YORK 475 Fifth Avenue.

LONDON: 15 Cockspur St., 28 Bishopsgate.
PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.

WANTED FOR SINKING FUND

C., B. & Q. Nebraska Extension

FOUR PER CENT. BONDS

As provided in the Trust Mortgage of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company, dated May 2, 1887, the sum of

$294,410

Two Hundred and Ninety-four Thousand Four Hundred and Ten Dollars has been set apart for the purchase for sinking fund purposes of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Co.'s Nebraska Extension 4 per cent. bonds, due May 1st, 1927, at the lowest price not to exceed 110 per cent. and accrued interest.

Sealed proposals to sell said Bonds, indorsed "Proposals of C., B. & Q. Nebraska Extension Bonds," will be received by The New England Trust Company, Trustee, 135 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass., until Thursday, May 18, 1911, at 12 o'clock M., when the bids will be opened and the accepted bids will be declared.

Accepted bonds are to be delivered to and paid for by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Co., at its office, in Boston, Mass., and interest on such bonds will cease May 19, 1911.

E. B. O'CONNOR, Cashier.

Boston, May 1, 1911.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OF BONDS OF SPRINGFIELD GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of bonds of the Springfield Gas and Electric Company of Springfield, Missouri, under and in accordance with the terms of the trust deed from the American Trust and Savings Bank and Benjamin U. Massey, as Trustees, dated December 1, 1902, and in accordance with the terms of a supplemental agreement between Springfield Gas and Electric Company and The American Trust and Savings Bank, as Trustee, and Benjamin U. Massey, as Trustee, and Mason, Lewis & Company, dated February 19, 1906, that said Springfield Gas and Electric Company has given notice to the undersigned Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank (formerly named The American Trust and Savings Bank) as Trustee under said trust deed, that said Springfield Gas and Electric Company will pay and redeem at Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, in Chicago, Illinois, on July 1, 1911, all of the outstanding bonds of said Springfield Gas and Electric Company secured by said trust deed, being bonds numbered from one (1) to five hundred (500), both inclusive, of the aggregate par value of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), by the payment of the principal thereof and a premium of five per cent. (5%) thereon and accrued interest. The said trust deed provides that upon the giving of this notice and the depositing with the undersigned as Trustee of the

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat was dull and heavy, selling down with very little resistance shown, closing at the low point. The news was bearish and prices easily but slowly worked off. The cables showed heaviness abroad and there was a complete lack of foreign interest in the future or export market. This situation eliminated the foreign markets for the day as a factor of a bullish character. There was no export interest reported even in Manitoba wheat. The crop news was distinctly favorable. The weather was also better. The weather map showed light frost east of the Mississippi, but the low temperatures through the West and Northwest have not been considered a serious factor. A report by The Northwestern Miller stated that Spring wheat seeding was completed, with outlook favoring 6 per cent. increase in area in the three States, which would be about 1,000,000 acres gain. Its report on Winter wheat conditions was also very satisfactory, particularly in the Central West. Snow issued a report making the condition of Winter wheat 87.6, or 2.2 points better than his report of last month. The abandoned acreage was given at 2,683,000, with crop indications pointing to 510,000,000 bushels outturn. He also reported Spring wheat seeding completed, with probabilities of 1,000,000 acres increase in area. Cash wheat prices were normal, with No. 2 red 97¾c. free on board; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.03¾; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.03¾; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.05.

CORN.—The market weakened with light trading, closing at ⅝@¾c per bushel decline and at the low of the day. The selling was influenced in part by the weakness in wheat, but more specifically by the weather, which was more favorable. The temperatures were not severe in the Central West and reports indicated that a large area has been prepared for corn, and will be planted if weather conditions are favorable in the next two weeks. The recent advance has carried prices above an export line and business has been very limited during the last few days. Receipts are increasing West. In three days the receipts have gained 200,000 bushels over last week and are more than double last year, but this has been offset by a large increase in shipments from the interior. Cash corn was nominal, with No. 2 quoted at 59½c free on board.

OATS.—The market was dull and slightly easier. The offerings were not large and prices eased off slowly. The crop news was rather favorable and Northwestern advices were of rapid progress with all small grain seeding. Advices from Iowa and Nebraska indicated no damage to oats from the recent cold weather. Cash oats were quiet. Standards were quoted at 39¼c; No. 2 white, 39½c; No. 3 white, 39c.

PROVISIONS.—The provision market opened lower and was dull and heavy during the day, closing at about the low point. The hog movement was fairly liberal, while there was a lack of support and a prominent Western packer was quoted as predicting a large Summer movement of hogs.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	..	..	95¾	95¾
July	95¾	95¼	95¼	95¾
September	94¼	93¾	93¾	94⅛
Corn—				
May	..	..	60	61
July	..	..	60	60½
Lard—				
Spot	..	..	8.04@8.06	8.05
May	8.07	8.07	8.06@8.09	8.10
July	..	..	8.16@8.19	8.22
September	..	..	8.21@8.29	8.34
November	..	..	7.92@8.00	8.01
January	7.86	7.86	7.83@7.86	7.92

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	95	94	94⅝	95
July	88⅛	88¼	88⅛	89⅛
September	88	87⅝	87⅞	88⅝
December	89¾	89⅛	89⅛	89⅞
Corn—				
May	53⅞	53¾	53¾	53⅝
July	52⅞	52	52⅛	53
September	53⅝	52⅛	53	53⅝
December	51⅝	51	51	..
Oats—				
May	32¼	32	32	32¾
July	32⅜	32	32	32¼
September	31⅞	31⅝	31⅝	32
December	..	..	32⅞	..
Lard—				
May	7.95	7.90	7.92½	8.05
July	8.07½	8.00	8.02½	8.15
September	8.20	8.10	8.12½	8.25
Ribs—				
May	8.15	8.00	8.05	8.22½
July	8.07½	7.95	7.95	8.12½
September	7.90	7.85	7.87½	8.00
Pork—				
May	15.70	15.55	15.70	15.75
July	15.05	14.92½	14.92½	15.15
September	..	..	14.62½	14.80

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trade was featureless during yesterday's session, and there appeared to be no disposition on the part of speculators to enter into new commitments, while refining interests were not largely interested. The decline in the lard market was ignored, and while this caused some comment from bulls, advices from consumptive quarters were not of a character to stimulate bullish enthusiasm. Crude oil is steady at the South, quoted at 5.20@5.27c, the future market continuing on a basis too low to permit of hedging at satisfactory limits. Conditions in the cotton belt are being closely watched, but reports are indefinite, so as to result in caution rather than business. Future quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Prev. Bid.
Spot	..	..	6.22@6.35		6.25
May	6.24	6.19	6.22@6.24		6.23
June	..	..	6.25@6.26		6.29
July	6.33	6.31	6.31@6.32		6.32
August	6.35	6.35	6.34@6.36		6.36
September	6.33	6.33	6.33@6.34		6.33
October	5.98	5.98	5.97@5.99		5.97
November	5.79	5.79	5.75@5.80		5.80
December	..	..	5.77@5.78		5.80

COTTON.

The volume of trading was on a reduced scale during the session yesterday, and it was apparent that news advices coming to hand were too indefinite to permit of decided activity. Sentiment on the whole appeared to be a trifle more bearish, owing to the slightly improved outlook for the weather in the cotton belt, and slow outside demand, but the character of support and the absence of a bear leader tended to induce caution before aggressive selling was indulged in.

Initial values were from 8 to 9 points above Tuesday's finals, the result of better Liverpool advices than anticipated, and larger spot sales there than have been witnessed recently. The early appearance of the weather map was not entirely favorable, there being showers in Texas and sections of Louisiana, while at the same time temperatures continued abnormally low. A cable from Liverpool stated that India had accepted a big line of cloth, while latest mail advices from China were more encouraging, indicating that trade in the Orient has been restored to a basis more nearly normal than for several years, although there are still some districts complaining of financial difficulty. A rumor was current of a threatened lockout at Bavaria affecting 1,500,000 spindles, but late cables stated that this was improbable.

Movement of cotton is fulfilling the predictions made in the early part of last week, and estimated receipts for to-day are expected to make bearish comparisons, while at the same time early forecasts are for a more bearish into-sight statement Friday than for several weeks. The larger movement probably includes cotton headed for this centre, but the action of the May option indicates that pressure is not unusually heavy, with offerings well absorbed, and the bulls at all times seem disposed to give support when necessary. The official weather predictions for to-day were a shade more encouraging, and, although the western belt forecast is for showers in some districts, temperatures are expected to rise, while in the East fair weather will prevail, and in that state rains would be beneficial. Frost is predicted in sections of North Carolina, but this is not expected to be an important feature.

Southern spot markets were firm and unchanged; local spot markets also unchanged; middling uplands, 15.45c. The stock of cotton at New York amounts to 126,000 bales, against 226,000 last year. Port receipts yesterday were 5,145 bales, against 9,000 last week and 5,145 last year. So far this week stocks at interior points have been reduced 24,000 bales, against a decrease of 31,000 the entire preceding week and 23,000 a year ago.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	15.38	15.30	15.34@15.35	15.29
June	..	..	15.29@15.31	15.25
July	15.40	15.32	15.35@15.36	15.31
August	14.90	14.82	14.84@14.85	14.82
September	13.70	13.63	13.64@13.65	13.65
October	13.17	13.09	13.10@13.11	13.10
November	..	..	13.03@13.04	13.03
December	13.06	12.98	12.99@13.00	13.00
January	13.03	12.97	12.98@12.99	12.97
March	13.14	13.08	13.07@13.08	13.07

Market steady, 5 points advance to 1 point decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was moderately active, and while the near months had some support, the general tendency was downward. The close was weak at a net loss of 11@17 points. Sales were reported of 41,750 bags.

The market opened irregular at a decline of 3@9 points.

The French market closed at a net decline of ½ franc, and Hamburg was net unchanged to ¼ pfennig lower. Rio was 75 reis higher, and Santos was unchanged. Spot coffee unchanged.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	..	..	10.50@10.51	10.61
June	..	..	10.45@10.48	10.58
July	10.47	10.41	10.40@10.41	10.51
August	..	..	10.30@10.32	10.43
September	10.27	10.19	10.19@10.20	10.33
October	..	..	10.00@10.02	10.13
November	..	..	9.90@9.93	10.05
December	9.92	9.83	9.82@9.83	9.99
January	..	..	9.83@9.84	9.99
February	..	..	9.84@9.86	9.99
March	9.92	9.91	9.85@9.90	9.99
April	..	..	9.85@9.90	9.99

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

Carolinas—Fair in interior, unsettled on the coast Thursday. Friday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Georgia—Cloudy Thursday, probably rain in southern portion. Friday fair; moderate temperature; light to moderate variable winds.

Florida—Local rains Thursday, except fair in southern portion. Friday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Eastern Texas—Fair and slowly rising temperature Thursday and Friday; light, variable winds.

Western Texas, Utah—Fair Thursday and Friday.

Oklahoma, Arkansas—Local rains Thursday. Friday fair and warmer.

Tennessee, Kentucky—Fair in eastern, unsettled in western portions Thursday. Friday fair, with rising temperature.

Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin—Fair, with slowly rising temperature Thursday and Friday; light, variable winds.

Indiana, Illinois—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers Thursday night or on Friday; light, variable winds.

Minnesota—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; light, variable winds.

Iowa, South Dakota—Cloudy, probably showers Thursday night or Friday; rising temperature.

North Dakota—Fair Thursday and Friday; moderate temperature.

Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas—Local rains and warmer Thursday. Friday fair and warmer.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	81⅝	..	..	..
Consols, account	81 9-16	..	..	..
Anaconda	77⅛	88	88¼	— ⅛
Atchison	113	110	109⅞	+ ⅛
Canadian Pacific	240½	234½	234½	— ⅛
St. Paul	124½	120⅞	121¼	— ⅛
Erie	32¼	31⅝	30⅝	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf	50	48⅝	48¾	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	142	138½	138	— ½
Louis. & Nash	150	146	146½	— ½
N. Y. Central	110	107	107¾	— ⅛
Pennsylvania	63¾ ex	125¾	126	— ⅛
Reading	80	155¾	156¼	— ⅛
Southern Pacific	118⅞	115⅝	116	— ⅝
Union Pacific	182¾	177⅛	178⅝	— ⅝
U. S. Steel	77¼	75¾	76	— ⅝
U. S. Steel pf	122½	119¼	119¼	— ⅝

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 13 9	Esperanza	1 18 9
Tomboy	0 15 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 4 6	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 3

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Andes	.17	Kentucky Con	.18
Best & Belcher	.30	Mexican	4.80
Bullion	.15	Occidental Con	.55
Challenge Con	.20	Ophir	1.70
Choller	.30	Ophrman	.01
Confidence	.65	Potosi	.25
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.20	Savage	.28
Con. Imperial	.04	Sav. Belcher	.15
Crown Point	.75	Sierra Nevada	.63
Gould & Curry	.14	Union Con	1.75
Hale & Norcross	.24	Utah Con	.15
Julia	.48	Yellow Jacket	.37

Silver bars, 53¼; Mexican dollars, 47¼@50; drafts, sight, 1@1⅛ per cent. premium; telegraph, 3@4 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	6.05	Combinat'n Fract.	.09
Jim Butler	.26	C. O. D.	.08
McNamara	.12	Florence	1.55
Midway	.27	Goldfield Con. M.	6.15
Montana	.85	Goldfield Merger.	.09
North Star	.12	Great Bend	.01
Tonopah Exten.	1.02½	Jumbo Extension	.27
West End	.55	Lone Star	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.01
Atlanta	.09	Silver Pick	.04
Blue Bell	.05	BULLFROG.	
Booth	.07	Nevada	8.02½

Judgment for George W. Young.

A verdict of $158,262 against the United States Mortgage and Trust Company was awarded to George W. Young, the company's former President, yesterday by a Supreme Court jury before Justice Giegerich. Young proved a contract under which he was to receive 5 per cent. of the net profits of the company from June, 1899, until his retirement March 30, 1905.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDAR.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 273—Penn Steel Co v. Susswein. 279—Hudson v. SS Pallanza. 282—Oceanic Steam Nav Co v. Watkins. 283—Lehigh Valley Co v. Transfer Co No 15. 285—Rajah v. Auto Supply Co. 213—Ashley v. Fatum. 284—Ommen v. Talcott. 250—Helde v. Panowallas. 270—In re McIntyre.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J. Jury cases. 20—Weinfeld v. Bergner. 127—N Y N H, &c, Co v. Yacht Diana. 154—Blair v. N Y, N H, &c, Co. 110—Wheeler v. Tug Robert Robinson. 114—Cunningham v. Corbell Steamboat Co. 147—Robinson v. Tug James McDonough.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Clarke, Scott, Miller, and Dowling, JJ. Enumerated motions. 500—Four Corner R Co v. Breen. 508—Central Trust Co v. Man Trust Co. 574—Jenkins v. Phoenix Const Co. 575—Briskman v. Bernstein. 576—Stodl v. Parish-Stafford Co. 579—Riddle v. Bank of Montreal. 552—Elliott v. Guardian Trust Co. 240—Gansevoort Bank v. Keahan. 552—Richards v. Board of Education. 548—Duffy v. N Y Cont Co. 555—Brown v. Higgins. 582—Herisse v. Meehan.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re Kingsridge Av. 2—O'Connor v. McAneny. 3—London & Southwestern Bank v. White. 4—Nadolsky v. Lord & Taylor. 5—Red Hook Light & Power Co v. Rightmyer. 6—Wilks v. Greacen. 7—Sigrist v. Kammerer. 8—Renshaw v. Newman. 9—Cohen v. Lamar. 10—Goldner v. Drescher. 11—Butler v. Marcoglon. 12—Brandt v. Sadowsky. 13—Rogers v. Eltinger. 14—Leman v. Leman. 15—Delisi v. Colletti. 16, 17—In re Hensle Realty Co. 18—Howenstein v. Brauning. 19—Powell v. Powell. 20—Oppenheim v. Kauffman. 21—Oppenheim v. Smith. 22—Prospect Inv Co v. Wilson Const Co. 23—Brown v. Brown. 24—Goldan v. Knox & Co. 25—Leach v. N Y C & H R R R. 26—In re Am Surety Co. 27—Portable Battery Fan Co v. Richmond. 28—In re Jenks. 29—Faulhaber v. Faulhaber. 30—In re Levine. 31—Barbatti v. Economu. 32—Purdy v. Miller. 33—Welch v. Wright. 34—In re Stacy. 35—Grant v. Parsons. 36—Crawford v. Robertson. 37—Leserman v. Gray Const Co. 38—Brown v. Brown. 39—Leach v. N Y C & H R R R. 40—Fox v. Fox. 41—Earley v. Earley. 42—Lieberman v. Lieberman. 43—Sussman v. Kremer. 44 to 47—People v. Rovianeck. 48—Herbener v. Deutsch. 49—Shields v. Whitmore. 50—Long v. Long. 51—Linhardforth v. Brannan. 52—Crane v. Merriam. 58—Gross v. Spitz. 54—N Y Edison Co v. Lipson. 55—Taylor v. Taylor. 56—Pulis v. Schmidt. 57—Fleig v. Fleig. 58—Realty Holding Co v. Cabay. 59—Kernochan v. Winthrop. 60—Same v. McKim. 61—Same v. Kellogg. 62—Wilkenfeld v. Berkowitz. 63—Barnes v. MacDougall & Co. 64—Lindenbaum v. Lindenbaum. 65—Am Mtge Co v. Mack. 66—Martin v. Anglo-Am Authors' Assn. 67—Cohnfeld v. Furlong. 68—Schmidt v. Wimer. 69—Licht v. Licht. 70—Rohe & Brother v. Zelzer. 71—Sutton v. Sutton. 72—Rives v. Bartlett. 73—Parker Sheet Metal Works v. Parker. 74—Anderson & Price Co v. City of N Y. 75—Loeb v. Federal Sanitary, &c, Co. 76—Walsh v. Walsh. 77—Parmer v. Keller-Parmer Co. 78—Sohn v. Mashbicher Corp. 79—Hurlock v. McKeever. 80—People v. Rovianek. 81—Sutton v. Sutton. 82—Fund v. Spivack.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Motions. Demurrers. 206—Higgins v. Gartner. 223—Fajen v. Nobel. Preferred causes. 2995—O'Brian v. Phelan. 2469—Slade v. Squier. 3184—Sussinhainer v. Gregory. General calendar. 1897—Joseph v. Sulzberger. 2990—Lipset v. Lipset. 324—Witt v. Witt. 1688—Palmer v. Nardi. 191—Taylor v. Oppenheim. 1547—Dachtea v. Dachtea. 1650—Waterproofing Co v. Hydrolithic Cement Co. 1179—Imperial Motor Vehicle Co v. Stinzing. 2678—Picanniny Slide Co v. Hammet. 2679—Teal v. Fisher. 2706—Strachstein v. Strachstein. 2717—Sindler v. Sindler. 2732—Smith v. Bleier. 2550—Luddington v. Luddington. 832—Dutcher v. Dutcher. 1064—Weed v. Bach. 3080—Riker v. Gwynne. 1530—Coettick v. Fischer. 3277—Fitzgibbon v. Parker. 3082—Barclay v. Barrie. 2097—Rethwisch v. Rethwisch. 2073—Essayan v. Essayan. 2318—Wexler v. Sleffin. 1683—Schwartz v. Mandel. 702—Zanderer v. Sachs. 428—Grant v. Grant. 721—Stephens v. Cutting. 1487—Leman v. Leman. 1037—Conners v. Connors. 737—Tilden v. N Y Realty, owners. 1120—Dinsdorf v. Rohle. 1119—Minke v. Dickert. 1667—Clements v. Clements. 1475—Beerbolm v. Hauser. 1167—Ross v. Ross. 2710, 2711—Fenichel v. Zuckerman. 3279—Guzy v. Guzy.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Davis, J.—(April term continued.) 1—Fred B. Sanders. 2—Harry Ferdinand. 3—Rosa Kameser. 4—Mazzernno Anlita. 5, 6—William D. Watson. 7—Abraham Berkowitz. 8—Thomas Homeyer. 9—John Rooney. 10—Joseph Schepet.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—176—McKiernan v. Linch. 195—Krahe v. Joline. 203—Bernstein v. E B H R R. 194—Clark v. Joline. 238—Tilton v. same. 243—Kohlweiler v. same. 244—Coniglio v. same. 245—Kiley v. same. 267—Gunther v. Nassau Elec R R. 289—Cumming v. N Y C & H R R R. 20—Anderson v. Nassau Elec R R. 220—Stanley v. Joline. 85—Zint v. Int R T. 212—Martin v. Whitridge.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J.—1882—Gallo v. Sileo. 1868—Hanigan v. Lunney. 1357—Felger v. Kues. 1843—Hamilton v. Piercy. 1829—Pearson v. Elhrich. 1739—Mack v. Koerner. 1835—Heagen v. Berger. 1743—Mora v. N Y & Bklyn Casket Co. 1649—Gross v. Kaplan. 1792—Varga v. Tennessee Copper Co. 1797—McLaughlin v. Hedden Const Co. 1800—Tortorici v. City of N Y. 1703—Dunbar v. N Y Veal & Mutton Co. 1902—Morris v. Hearn. 1736—Fox v. Hudson Companies. 1465—Dwyer v. Greenblatt. 1427—Fluegelman v. Fox. 1877¼—Goldsmith v. Joline. 1767—Huffman v. N Y Cont Co. 1645—Gleba v. Tepfer. 1801—Tortorici v. City of N Y. 1802—Turner v. Bleier. 1805—Albanese v. Hartfield Solari & Co. 1806—Lipfeld v. Ziegfeld. 1807—Jacobson v. Cohen. 1808—Gray v. Seidman. 1810—Levy v. Cohen. 1811—Baumbach v. City of N Y. 1815—Upham v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1816—Braverman v. N Y Cab Co. 1820—Marsoa v. N Y Transp Co. 1822—Hau v. Runkel Bros. 1826—Tannenbaum v. Levene. 1834—MacBryde v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1835, 1836—McTaggert v. Sheffield Farms-Slawson-Decker Co. 1837—Oldham v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1838—Rottino v. same. 1841—Buchalter v. Goldsmith. 1846—Levy v. Carnegie Hill Livery. &c, Co. 1850—O'Halloran v. Brubacher. 1852, 1851—Harvey v. McConnell Coal Co. 1854—Duffy v. Press Pub Co. 1858—Gerst v. City of N Y. 1857—Romano v. Cons Gas Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—1934—1952—Parks v. Second Nat Bk. 2417—Hotchkiss v. Levy. 72—Cont Iron & Steel Co v. Phila Gas Co. 2072—Ackley v. Hoadley. 2828—Schultze v. City of N Y. 2733—Collins v. same. 605—Purpura v. Ocean Steam Nav Co. 822—Lamura v. Horwitz. 3038—Farley v. Shanley. 1750—Bouton v. Johnston. 2653—Isaacson v. Etkin. 2337—Corr v. Sully. 2381—Whitmore v. Jungman. 2709—Levy v. Berg. 2785—Wurtenberg v. Rafalsky. 2811—Peoples Bank v. Kassel.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cobalan, S.—Wills for probate: Sarah M Burke, Frederick A Head, Samuel Myers, John Carl, Geo A J Guenther, William Geis, Jonas Weinberg, William Schrierer, Simon McCabe, William C. Hadden, Jennie Millenhausen, Alexander L Kaufman, Fannie M E. Lancaster, Barbara Flick, Josephine S Kinley.

SURROGATES' COURT—Hamilton—Fowler, S.—Contested will: 2818—Anne L Mooney.

CITY COURT—Part I., McAvoy, J.; Part II., Finelite, J.; Part III., Smith, J.; Part IV., Green, J.; Part VI., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., La Fetra, J.—Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III. Room, at 9:45 A. M. 2420—Met Printing Co v. Robinson. 3033—Schweitzer v. Walters. 5341¼—Seletsky v. Miles. 3158—Downey v. Int R T Co. 3165—Curin v. Rosalsky. 3206—Friedman v. Rogers. 3208—Sadwin v. Hay Foundry and Iron Works. 3209—Halle v. Gulick. 3214—D'Andrea v. O'Brien Const Co. 3218—Denzer v. Hanan. 3219—Sadovsky v. Koerner. 3220—Karp v. Barber Asphalt P Co. 3221—White v. Joline. 3228—Castellano v. same. 3023—Schafelowitz v. Korn. 3030—Andersen v. Eurandress Holding Co. 3075—Kaplan v. Klein. 3122—Maclerio v. Villono. 3144—Schano v. Smith Cont Co. 3229—Basiler Calendid Co v. L'Avaldo Italian Pub Co. 3230—Fraler v. Spencer. 3231—Slutsky v. Cohen. 3232—Kaplan v. Int R T Co. 3233—S P O Auto Co v. Brown. 3234—Pleasure v. Wilson. 3239—Newman Fisher Co v. Stevenson. 3240—Swift v. Schroeder. 3241—Northern Ohio, &c, Co v. Daniels. 3243—Wertz v. Beller. 3245—Avery Hach. 3247—Melone v. Herzberg. 3248—Levy v. Sheffield Farms, &c, Co. 3249—Waldman v. Burstein. 3250—Ingold v. Lake Hopatcong Club. 3251—Berst v. Joline. 3252—Pearl v. Cent Park, &c, R. 3253—Hellman v. Steiner. 3259—Coscia v. Bruderman. 3262—Haiss Mfg Co v. Shand. 3263—Leger v. Int R T Co. 3264—Troyonsky v. Slatopolsky. 3273—Hendricks v. Biglin. 3275—Saltzberg v. Rosenthal. 3277—Westinghouse Elec Mfg Co v. Blanchard Co. 3281—Cooper v. Larkin. 9282—Knox v. Qualles.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—3101—Setlow v. Empire State Surety Co. 3094—Potosky v. Heyman. 3120—90 Well St v. Slawson. 3134—Freundlich v. Collins. 3268—Norris v. Hassam Paving Co. 2780—Scheuer v. Catanzaro. 3103—Rosenzweig v. Reich. 3114—Fleck v. Glass. 2789—Hughes v. Kirby. 3028—Conklin v. Fourth Estate Pub Co. 3116—Melton v. Fink. 3132—Cooper v. Empire State Surety Co. 3135—Rhinelander R E Co v. Southwick.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Boyd v. Cohen—Charles L Hoffman.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Schuster v. Wall Building & Const Co—John D Mason. Meher v. Olsson—Timothy E Cohalan.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Rechnitzer v. Ward—Robert E Dego.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Wm F H Armstrong v. Whipple Sec Co—Albert Sanders.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Abraham Bloom v. Franklin Iron Works—Charles Donohue. Abraham Rice v. Simon Osser—Gates Hamburger.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Stapleton, J.; Part VII., Jaycox, J. 6534—Roslack v. Bush Terminal Co. 6565—Walz v. B H R R. 6566—Colligan v. Nassau R R. 6567—Gavigan v. Winans Co. 6578, 6579—Fritz v. B H R R. 8494—Lowenthal v. City of New York. 6580—Conway v. Pierce Co. 6599—Dunn v. B H R R. 6602—Carney v. Nassau R R. 6609—Tracy v. Hedden Const Co. 6613—Wallis v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 6614—Moran v. Nassau R R. 6617—McKay v. B H R R. 6622—Kelly v. same. 6625—Lehman v. Brooklyn El R R. 6626, 6628—Schwartz v. same. 6627—Lane v. Nassau R R. 6581—Dolan v. Hudson & Manhattan R R. 4827—Steadman v. City of New York. 5272—Anderson v. Schroeder. 5306—Austin v. Maufer. 4857—Jacobs v. Kohler Sporting Goods. 5162—Faren v. Schablowsky. 8456—Nadler v. Moore. 2281, 2282—Peper v. City of New York. 5624—McVickar v. B H R R. 6576—Polan v. same. 6750—Nichols v. same. 1141—Casey v. Casey. 5276, 5312—Monsen & Olsen v. Transit Development Co. 10091—Harrington v. Nassau R R. 8306—Wall v. Ryall. 6055—Conlon v. Coney I & B R R. 6065—Guire v. Bischoff. 6180—Wilhelm v. Wood et al. 8301—Kenny v. Reeves. 4577—Dunson v. B H R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 5982—Jan Nostrand v. Planet Mills Co. 5794—Rosegreen v. Bush Terminal Co. 8282—Moore v. Darling & Co. 6284—Sackett-Wilhelms Co v. Grefe. 448—Bates v. Tilyou. 7374—Jones v. McDonough. 5832—Marsh v. Given. 11889—Pelletreau v. Queens Land and Title Co. 10728, 10729—Bender v. Brand. 6265—Kettler v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 5985—Armenti v. Brooklyn Gas Co et al. 8301—Gottschaldt v. C I & B R R. 8145—Ranstrom v. Barnes Mfg Co. 6446—Henry v. N Y Iron Works. 6264—Duffy v. Press Pub Co. 4196—Finochel v. B H R R. 8964—Butcher v. City of N Y. 11733—Simpkins v. Park. 6684—Howestroll v. C I & B R R. 6004, 6005—Crowe & Bohen v. Buick Motor Co. 8834—Grauer v. Banzer. 6635—Ward v. B H R R. 6636—Smith v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 6641—Stanwood v. Nassau R R. 6642—Backman v. Larsen. 6645—Flaherty v. Am Ice Co. 6646—Geldart v. B H R R. 6647—McDonald v. Edison Elec Co. 6648—Meehan v. Litevan. 6650—Young v. C I & B R R. 6651—Dobson v. Am Ice Co. 6652—Clayton v. O'Neill-Adams Co. 6311, 6653—Healey v. City of N Y and B H R R. 6654—Foote v. Standard Oil Co. 6659—Toohil v. May. 7690—De Severinus v. Press Pub Co. 6661—McPartland v. Reeves. 6662—Connors v. Fuller Co et al. 6665—Hutchinson v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 6666—Lavin v. Nassau R R. Highest number reached on regular call. 6668.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. 456—Simonson v. Simonson. 1061—Visco v. Anacreonta. 1066—Gaslir Holding Co v. Schauf. 1097—Brown v. Cochran. 1098—Califano v. Valpe. 1103—Meissner v. Pople's Surety Co. 804—Hutt v. Court. 805—Dieffenbach v. Ingram. 849—Read Lead Works v. Belinky. 858—Colbert v. McCleary. 847—Mulligan v. Holberg Realty Co. 870—Freco v. Anstey Construo Co. 873—Weinstein v. Kronengold Construo Co. 896—Wilson v. Iskiyan. 942—Gass v. Astoria Veneer Mills. 867—Kane v. Hyland. 966—Kuhlke v. Sesselberg. 1000—Sklar v. Dunn Realty Construo Co. 145—Douglass v. Carlin Construe Co. 758—Travaglia v. Travaglia. 869—McKeon v. Tarpey. 448—Casabona v. Casabona. 900—Sayer v. City of N Y. 877—Matthews v. McKenna. 1059—Stuart v. Smith. 282—Harrison v. Reid. 553—Macaulay v. Culp & McCauley. 554—Macaulay v. Parkville Bldrs Supply Co. 1086—Gautier v. Brumme. 1121—Coler v. Amer Soc Prev Cruelty A. 1122—Powers v. Powers. 1125—Katz v. Rubin. 1130—Bregman v. Flaxman. 1131—Coney Island Construo Co v. Acierno. 1133—Diamond v. Huss. 1135, 1136—Halpern v. Bklyn Savgs Bk. 1137—Basin v. Goldberg. 1139—Levin Kronenberg Co v. Penn Liberty Co. 1141—Lucke Lumber Co v. Sammon. 1147—Freund v. Freund. 997—Scott v. Oniey. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1147.

COUNTY COURT—Part III., Niemann, J. 390—Phelan v. Gaffney. 398—Byrnes v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 183—Boffolino v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 104—Ferraro v. same. 244—Greene v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 371—Downs v. Brown Realty Co. 323, 324—Sencion v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1407—Foster v. Schneider. 1451—Black v. Palowan. 881—Soloman v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 400—Rice v. Nassau Elec R R Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day: 401, 402, 404—Bullinger v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 407, 408—Miller v. O'Grady. 409—Lahey v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 410—Moscowitz v. same. 412, 415—Curran v. App. 413—Everett v. Henry v. N Y Iron Works. 6264—Kerr v. The Todd Box & Lumber Co. Highest number reached, 9665.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. Mike Culak, same v. Adolph P Stock, same v. Domenico Vardaro, same v. August Menkli, same v. Edward Neyburg, same v. Vito Marione, same v. Anthony Modestino.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE TO-DAY.

Public Improvement Matters.

Consideration of report of a special committee appointed to investigate the question of the pollution of the waters of the harbor by sewage.

Consideration of recommendation for the acquisition of a site for a public park, bounded by Barclay Street, Hoyt and Ditmars Avenues, and the East River, Queens.

Financial Matters.

Consideration of Water Commissioner Thompson's request for $3,500,000 to pay for the completion of the easterly basin of the Jerome Park Reservoir.

Request of the Borough President of the Bronx for $200,000 to pay for the completion of the Bronx Court House.

Report of the Controller recommending the appropriation of $3,000 to pay for the installation of fireproof doors and partitions in the corridors of the old College of the City of New York Building, at Lexington Avenue and Twenty-third Street.

Report of the Controller, recommending the appropriation of $4,200 to pay for the construction of a playground in St. Gabriel's Park.

Report of the Corporate Stock Budget Committee, recommending the appropriation of $383,630 to pay for the construction of new Public School 45 at Hoffman and Lorillord Streets, the Bronx.

Request of the North Side Board of Trade for the prohibition of the issuance of peddlers' licenses in the Bronx except for regularly designated markets.

Report of the Controller, recommending the appropriation of $21,000 to pay for the laying out of a playground on 101st Street, between Second and Third Avenues.

Report of the Controller, recommending the appropriation of $80,000 to pay for the employment of musicians for the evening playgrounds of the city.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Transferred.—Lieuts. John J. Collins, Central Office Squad to 152d Precinct; William W. Durgan, Detective Bureau, Manhattan, to 164th Precinct; William H. Kinsler, Detective Bureau, Manhattan, to 168th Precinct; William F. Peabody, Detective Bureau, Manhattan, designation as Acting Captain revoked, to 50th Precinct; John W. Vaughn, 146th to 155th Precinct; Richard E. Enright, 155th to 146th

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

THE PRINCESS CLUB, restaurants, 48 Broad Street and 100 Nassau Street.—Bankruptcy schedules show liabilities of $15,814; nominal assets, $4,200.

KARP BROTHERS, fur dealers, Atlantic City.—Schedules in bankruptcy show liabilities of $17,600, more or less; nominal assets, $12,715.

HARRIS SEGALOWITZ, cloak manufacturer, 58 West Fifteenth Street.—Schedules in bankruptcy show liabilities of $13,941; assets, $8,070.

EDGAR KLEIN, dealer in stoves and hardware, White Plains.—Schedules in bankruptcy show liabilities of $48,111; nominal assets, $45,294.

WINDERMAN & WEINGARTEN, (Royal Skirt Company,) 110 Fifth Avenue.—Schedules in bankruptcy show liabilities of $39,969, nominal assets, $26,794.

JOHN J. SHEEHAN, plumber, 887 Freeman Street, Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $7,392, nominal assets, $5,961.

CHARLES S. BERRY, residing at the New York Athletic Club, Sixth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,593 and no assets.

CATHERINE M. RHEINFRANK, 885 Columbus Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy to get rid of a judgment for $171 obtained by Rubin Israel for a ponyskin fur coat. She has no assets.

KANN TRADING COMPANY, 215 Fourth Avenue.—Charles L. Brookheim has been appointed receiver in bankruptcy. Nominal assets, $25,000, of which $22,000 in accounts receivable had been assigned.

MANHATTAN OIL COMPANY, 51 Front Street.—Judge Hough has appointed W. H. Wood receiver in bankruptcy for this concern. Assets, $4,000. William Allen, 67 Wall Street, was appointed special master in the case.

LAFOND-WYLEY COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by creditors against the Lafond-Wyley Company, wholesale dealers in lumber, 68 Broad Street. Judge Hough appointed Henry Melville receiver. Liabilities, $25,000; assets, $12,000.

KLEIN, ROSNER & CO., clothing manufacturers, 20 Washington Place.—A meeting of their creditors was held yesterday at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, 68 William Street; many claims were filed and Henry Mackauer was elected Trustee with a bond of $5,000. Liabilities are $91,384.

WILLIAM SMITH & CO., manufacturers of gold chains, 9 Maiden Lane and Newark, N. J.—A meeting of their creditors was held yesterday at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, 50 Church Street. Langdon P. Marvin, receiver, was elected Trustee. Liabilities are $119,696.

JOHN MATTHEWS, INC., manufacturer of soda water, 383 East Twenty-sixth Street.—Schedules in bankruptcy show liabilities of $268,489, of which $88,874 is secured and $748 for wages; nominal assets, $84,752. Among the secured creditors are the Chatham National Bank, $18,449; Fifth National Bank, $11,208; Market and Fulton National Bank, $12,320; Union Bank of Brooklyn, $24,032; Kinickerbocker Trust Company, $16,693, and Nassau Trust Company, Brooklyn, $8,204. Among the other creditors are Mrs. Grace Matthews, $58,900; Mrs. Grace B. Matthews, $58,900; S. H. Vial, $18,000; Henry Dreyfus, $6,000, all on debenture bonds; Bellevue Realty Corporation, $4,600; J. & R. Rollins, $3,892, and Frank B. Hall & Co., $1,568.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Allen, Lucy J. M.—R. Louvet et al., $219.
Alexander, Henri P.—S. A. Wohlgemuth, $205.
Albers, Henry F.—H. R. Limburg, $694.
Alton, Lee T.—W. Charlestream, costs, $157.
Abbaye, (The)—Jos H. Krenich, $152.
Banner Steam Laundry Co.—J. Braun, $160.
Bausleman, Elias—The City of N. Y., $215.
Bright, Josephine—Same, $215.
Braun, Augustin, or Augustina—Same, $215.
Buarkard, Joseph W., or Joseph H. Burkart—Same, $215.
Byrnes, Joseph A.—Same, $215.
Bass, Benjamin C., Louis G. Andrews, and Albert R. Bass & Sons—G. R. Sutherland, $379.
Bair, Isidore—Oscar Schlegel Mfg. Co., $200.
Bates, J. George—M. Zentner, $238.
Bubbins, Peter and Maggie—H. B. Rosenson, $205.
Cardona, Jerrold—The City of New York, $493.
Chisholm, William—Same, $898.
Church, Aletia—Same, $215.
Cohn, Lester—Same, $493.
Colyer, William A.—Same, $215.
Cook, William—Same, $215.
Connor, Dominick—Same, $215.
Conway, James—Same, $215.
Cooper, Frank A.—Same, $215.
Connor, Joseph E.—Same, $215.
Cavinato, Christmas—T. D. Waterbury et al., $231.
Carlozzo, Antonio—H. Scheuer et al., $119.
Collins, Harriet Ford—New York Telephone Co., $221.
David, Aaron H.—Southern Trust Co., $108.
Damato, Gaetano, and Benjamin Taishoff—Johnson Bros., $166.
Ettinger, Abraham—W. Shoemaker et al., $238.
Enterprise Engraving Co.—The New York Edison Co., $371.
Davis, Julius—L. Isaacs, $797.
Duffy, Joseph—A. L. Meyer, costs, $116.
Fennen, Joseph D.—F. V. C. Parsons et al., $179.
Forlenza, Munbiante—J. Goldfine, $478.
Furber, Percy N.—Lehigh Valley National Bank, costs, $103.
Freedman, Joseph D.—New York Talking Machine Co., $526.
Gamble, Evan A.—H. L. Gamble, costs, $106.
Grobert, Harris—I. Berger, $143.
Graves, Frank W.—Broad Exchange Co., $279.
Hudson Wrecking and Lumber Co.—New York Dock Co., $956.
Halpern, Albert—L. Marx et al., $414.
Haber, Samuel—R. C. Blanke, $493.
Howes, Sarah E.—Lowell Realty Co., $113.
How, Elizabeth I. S. T. Mandeville, $274.
Hennessy, Richard W.—A. Karlslor, $265.
Johnson, William J.—M. De Wier, $111.
Johnson, John C.—United Wine Trading Co., $-.00.
Independent Engineering Co.—New York Tel. Co., $182.
Israel, Arthur—Blumenthal & Bickart, Inc., $276.
Karp, Leon—The People of the State of New York, $1,000.
Hudson Film Co.—American Moving Picture Machine Co., $352.
Kleyholte, Rudolph—J. Melcer, $2,880.
Kraus, Henry—United Wine and Trading Co., $439.
Lee, Katie—E. Nevins, President, costs, $115.
Masters, Joseph W.—W. S. Smith, $4,496.
Pacicue, Giuseppe—A. Scarangello, $127.
Peto Realty Co. and Isaac Grossman—The Erand & Silverstein Iron Works, $574.
Woodenware Specialty Mfg. Co.—Coy, Hunt & Co., $115.
McCarthy, Timothy—P. Levitt, $158.
Mechenlein, George—P. Christ, $434.
McCall, Patrick J.—Mosaic Tile Co., $646.
Monarch Motor Co.—Weaver Ebling Automobile Co., $216.
Rosenthal, Herman—Mount Morris Garage, Inc., $585.
Rose, Hudson P.—New York Exchange Realty Co. and Hudson P. Rose Co., $482.
Reid & Sons Manufacturing Co.—The Hubley Manufacturing Co., $251.
Rossello, Antonio—Seaboard Distributing Co., $101.
Raices, Harry, and Max Weinstein—B. Landauer, $202.
Rendall, John—J. Trainor, $668.
Musical Leader Publishing Co.—W. A. Hudson, costs, $105.
Mabee, George—T. J. Lipton, costs, $180.
Monte, Angelo—A. Jullan et al., costs, $106.
Mirow, Meyer—A. Zalkoff et al., costs, $122.
O'Connell, Catherine L., administratrix—The City of New York, costs, $114.
O'Reilly, Hugh E.—A. L. Meyer, costs, $108.
Sargent Cigar Co.—Turco-American Pipe Co., $1,004.
Salomon, Siegfried, August, and Morris—J. L. Dolgoff, $133.
Southerland, Preston H.—N. F. Hayes, $263.
Strang, Charles D.—P. Day, $9,486.
Stuart, Charles W.—P. Grieser, $843.
Secombe, Charles—National Lead Co., $309.
Tolchinsky, Joseph and Beckie—M. L. Kramer, $181.
Vendig, Sadie and Joseph H.—J. E. Madden, $4,628.
Woodenware Specialty Manufacturing Co.—Coy, Hunt & Co., $115.
Weintraub, Jacob and Morris—L. Levy, $174.
Walton, Edward A.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., executor, $279.

Satisfied Judgments.

Avery, Edward H.—J. L. Caven, April 4, 1900, $131.
Butcher, Mary N.—D. Serviss, Dec. 22, 1910, $218.
Frankowiak, Joe—H. Tieber, Feb. 27, 1911, $126.
Glees, John R.—J. T. Wall, Feb. 18, 1911, $201.
Grace Hall Realty Co. and Alo Realty Co.—J. B. Hutchinson, April 19, 1911, $103.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—V. Schembeck, by guardian, Dec. 24, 1911, $2,000.
Same—W. Prescod, March 31, 1911, $389.
Same—H. P. Jones, April 10, 1911, $643.
Jolins, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson, receivers—M. L. Ransom, executrix, March 16, 1911, $144.
Same—B. Mott, July 7, 1910, $5,200.
Same—Same, March 28, 1911, $117.
Same—B. Ober, Feb. 11, 1911, $279.
Same—V. H. Affeld, March 15, 1911, $250.
MacNutt, Margaret V. C.—C. R. Christy et al., costs, March 8, 1911, $107.
Moore, Katherine T.—M. J. Downing, costs, March 8, 1911, $107.
N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Co.—F. Cartwright, by guardian, April 11, 1911, $2,250.
Ogden, Francis L.—Sutherland Apartment Co., costs, March 8, 1911, $107.
Reed, Charles—M. E. Appleby, executrix, Dec. 22, 1910, $10,115.
Slutsky, Jacob—E. Goodkind et al., Aug. 3, 1910, $237.
Same—L. Camisa et al., March 20, 1911, $117.
Schenck, Charles A.—McVickar-Gaillard Realty Co., Oct. 23, 1907, $720.
Whitridge, Frederick W., as receiver—M. Aron, March 30, 1911, $1,643.
Same—N. Gilmartin, April 11, 1911, $250.
Same—S. Aron, March 30, 1911, $2,881.

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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Soundings of the upper air by kites at the Mount Weather Observatory on Wednesday disclosed northwest winds and unusually low temperature for the season from the surface upward to the highest elevation reached, namely, 15,800 feet, at which point theh mileograph recorded a temperature of two degrees above zero. Low temperatures continued through Wednesday over the north and middle States, from the plains to the Atlantic Coast, and frost occurred Tuesday night in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, Tennessee, the Middle Atlantic, and New England States, and freezing weather and snow was reported from New England and New York.

A change to warmer weather is in progress over the Southwest and the Rocky Mountain regions.

The weather will be generally fair throughout the counlry during the next forty-eight hours, and a gradual reaction to high temperatures is indicated for the north and middle States east of the Rockies during the next two or three days.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light, variables, South Atlantic Coast, light, variable, mostly east to northeast.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate, variable winds, mostly west, and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Thursday and Friday; slowly rising temperature; light to moderate west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday and Friday; slowly rising temperature; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	52	38	4 P. M.	70	52
6 A. M.	52	37	6 P. M.	61	51
9 A. M.	53	43	9 P. M.	65	46
12 M.	62	46	12 P. M.	58	44

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for th corresponding date last year it was 60; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 53.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 40; at 8 P. M. it was 48. Maximum temperature, 52 degrees at 4:25 P. M.; minimum, 36 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 49 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 38 per cent. at 8 P. M.

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HOTEL ARLINGTON,
Michigan Av., near Beach; high-class family hotel. Special early season rates. R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

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The Spring Season is most attractive for a visit.

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HOTEL ASPINWALL
LENOX, MASS.
OPENS MAY 26TH, 1911.
New York Office with Town & Country, Astor Trust Bldg., 389 Fifth Ave.
O. D. SEAVEY, Manager.
Magnificent Scenery. Beautiful Drives. Invigorative Climate, Pure Water.
Finely Equipped Garage and Stables. Choice Villa Sites for Sale.
FINEST RESORT in the FAMOUS
BERKSHIRE HILLS

The Maplewood
Pittsfield, Berkshire Co., Mass.,
WILL OPEN MAY 27TH
Send for Booklet and Auto Road Map.
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Edgewood Inn
GREENWICH (on the Sound), CONN.
Season May 27th to October 15th.
New York Office, Town & Country, 389 Fifth Avenue.
28 miles from New York, 45 minutes' ride. Superior stables and garage. Autos for rent. Cafe and Tea Room—Casino—Golf—Tennis—Music. Send for new booklet and road map.
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HOTEL BERKSHIRE 1,200 ft. above sea level. Now open. Rates $14 and $16 per week, including board. Lake 5 miles long. Golf, tennis, dancing, woods and music; only 3 hours from N. Y. Write for catalog. Address Litchfield, Conn.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.

Open May 27, 1911
Buckwood Inn
(FIREPROOF)
ROSSITER PARK
Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa.
A NEW FIREPROOF hotel located in the beautiful valley of the Upper Delaware River. Boating, tennis, golf, mountain climbing, excellent roads, magnificent scenery. Cuisine and service the very best. Two hours from New York, three hours from Philadelphia.
Handsome Villa for rent furnished. Our representative will call on request. Address until May 15.
HARRINGTON MILLS, Manager,
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Eighteen-Hole Championship Golf Course of Shawnee Country Club close by.

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DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Now open. Largest, most modern, finest located and leading hotel in this region. Climate mild, air dry and invigorating, beautiful walks and drives. Rooms en suite with private baths and running water, electric lights, elevators, steam heat, open fires, sun parlors. Noted for its cuisine and service. Own dairies, farm and green houses. Golf, tennis, bowling, pool, boating, and fishing on Hotel's grounds. Orchestra. Livery, Garage, Saddle Horses. American plan and a la Carte service. Booklet of views. Auto maps, etc., on application. Spring rates. G. FRANK COPE.

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American and European plans. Music. Open all year. J. H. GORMLEY.

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Park Place, near beach. Rooms single or en suite, with private bath. R. W. Richards, owner & prop.

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Ocean Front Annex, Board Walk, Cottages, De Luxe Bathing Pools and Dressing Rooms. Auditorium for conventions, etc. Club and reunion dinners.
Opening date June 21st. Address until open: MONMOUTH BEACH CLUB HOUSE CO., 36 Gramercy Park East, New York.

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Open all the year. Rooms en suite, with private baths; good family table; rates moderate. Address.
JOHN D. BAILEY, Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Point Pleasant.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT!
PINE BLUFF INN
POINT PLEASANT, N. J.
Splendidly located in a Pine Forest, overlooking the Manasquan River.
Good rooms, finest hair mattresses, most excellent table, new linen, etc.
"Winter Annex" Now Open
American Plan - - $3.00 per Day
Address for special rates by the week, month, or season—
W. G. BARNES, Prop'r.

NEW JERSEY—West End.

Hollywood Hotel and Cottages
Hollywood, West End, N. J.
OPENS JUNE 15.
The finest and best equipped hotel on the Jersey Coast. Famous for 25 years. Accommodates 450. American Plan. Redecorated and refurnished. 200 rooms with private bath. Golf, Tennis, Surf Bathing, Orchestra, Dancing. Table supplied with poultry, vegetables, etc., from our own farm. Special rates for bachelors. Information and illustrated booklet at New York Office, 145 W. 45th St. 'Phone 1603 Bryant.
Walter T. Plant, Manager, Formerly of Hotel Marie Antoinette.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—MELANIE JOHL, as President of Jael Lodge, No. 6, United Order of True Sisters, Plaintiff, against WILLIAM J. T. DUGAN, as Administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of William Connolly, sometimes known as William Connelly, deceased, William J. T. Dugan, Antoinette Dugan, Edward F. Dugan, William E. Hilpert, Henry S. Hilpert, Archibald Hamilton Hilpert, Percy D. Adams, Bernard Hahn, John Connolly, if living, and "Mary" Connolly, his wife, or widow, the name "Mary" being fictitious, the real or true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiff herein, and also the heirs at law, next of kin, widow, devisees, executors, administrators, trustees and grantees of John Connolly and the respective wives, widows, husbands, devisees, executors, administrators, trustees, heirs at law and grantees, of any of the aforesaid heirs at law, devisees and grantees, all of whom and their names are unknown to the plaintiff, and all other persons who or whose names are unknown to plaintiff, having or claiming to have an estate, right, dower or other estate, right, title or interest in or lien upon or in any manner, degree or form interested in the estate of the said William Connolly, deceased, or of John Connolly, if deceased, Defendants.

To the above-named John Connolly, if living, and "Mary" Connolly, his wife, or widow, the name "Mary" being fictitious, the real or true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiff herein, and also the heirs at law, next of kin, widow, devisees, executors, administrators, trustees and grantees of John Connolly and the respective wives, widows, husbands, devisees, executors, administrators, trustees, heirs at law and grantees, of any of the aforesaid heirs at law, devisees and grantees, all of whom and their names are unknown to the plaintiff and all other persons who or whose names are unknown to plaintiff, having or claiming to have an estate, right, dower or other estate, right, title or interest in or lien upon or in any manner, degree or form interested in the estate of the said William Connolly, deceased, or of John Connolly, if deceased:

You are hereby summoned to answer the amended complaint in this section, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this Summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, April 11th, 1911.

JEROME EISNER, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and Post Office Address, No. 41 Park Row, Manhattan, New York City.

To the above-named John Connolly, if living, and "Mary" Connolly, his wife, or widow, the name "Mary" being fictitious, the real or true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiff herein, and also the heirs at law, next of kin, widow, devisees, executors, administrators, trustees, and grantees of John Connolly and the respective wives, widows, husbands, devisees, executors administrators, trustees, heirs at law and grantees of any of the aforesaid heirs at law, devisees and grantees, all of whom and their names are unknown to the plaintiff, and all other persons who or whose names are unknown to plaintiff, having or claiming to have an estate, right, dower or other estate, right, title or interest in or lien upon or in any manner, degree or form interested in the estate of the said William Connolly, deceased, or of John Connolly, if deceased:

The foregoing supplemental summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 11th day of April, 1911, and filed with the amended complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York.

Dated New York, April 12th, 1911.

JEROME EISNER, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, No. 41 Park Row, Manhattan, New York City.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—JULIA SOTOLONGO DUCAT, Plaintiff, against ALFRED DUCAT, Defendant.—Summons.—Complaint demands judgment annulling a marriage.

To the above-named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, April 6, 1911.

FREDERICK O. LACEY, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, 71 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To ALFRED DUCAT, Defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 7th day of April, 1911, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on April 11th, 1911.

Dated April 11th, 1911.

FREDERICK O. LACEY, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, 71 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
New York, May 6, 9:30 A.M. Baltic, May 6, 11:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, May 6, 12:00 Noon Majestic, May 10, 3:00 P.M.
Finland, May 6, 10:00 A.M. Cretic, May 10, 12:00 Noon
*The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York..May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Philadel'a..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
St. Louis...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
St. Paul...May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnewaska..May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Minneapolis..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Minnetonka..May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Minneliaha..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Finland....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Kroonland..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Lapland...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Vaderland..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

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MAMMOTH STEAMER
"Adriatic," May 17.
LONDON—PARIS—CONTINENT
Some excellent accommodations now available.
★OLYMPIC (New).....June 28; July 26
Majestic...May 10; June 7; July 5; Aug. 2
Adriatic...May 17; June 12; July 12.....
Oceanic....May 24; June 21; July 19; Aug. 12
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Baltic.....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Celtic.....May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Arabic.....May 20; June 17; July 15.....
Cedric.....May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 17

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston
To the **MEDITERRANEAN**
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Cretic.....May 10, noon|Romanic..June 10
Canopic....May 20, 3 P. M.|Cretic....June 24

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
CINCINNATI.....May 6, 1 P. M.
†BULGARIA.....May 6, 2 P. M.
†AMERIKA.....May 11, 10 A. M.
*PRESIDENT LINCOLN....May 17, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. ‡Hamburg direct. ¶Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. *Steerage only.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
S. S. HAMBURG.....May 24, 2 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.....June 3
§S. S. BATAVIA.....June 21
§Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
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LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
and All Brazilian Ports
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 5th and 20th of each month.
16 DAYS TO RIO JANEIRO
28 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
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OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
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Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

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NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA
Indiana.....May 4|Lusitania.....May 30
Florida.....May 16|Mendoza.....June 6
Cabin $65.00 and up; all outside rooms.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen'l Agts., 31-33 B'way, N.Y.

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Special reduced rates, expenses included, 2 to 5 day trips only $6.00 up, including Atlantic City, Asbury Park, Cape May, Delaware Water Gap, Boston, Saratoga, Lake George, Niagara Falls, Sullivan County, Berkshire Hills, Catskills, Washington, Old Point, Richmond, etc. Send for special circular of all trips.
MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

Personally Conducted
CALIFORNIA TOUR
Starting July 1st. Grand Canyon, Yosemite Valley, Alaska, Yellowstone Park.
Frank Tourist Co., 396 Broadway, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Service that ministers to your comfort and ease—
—the kind of service for which the Fall River Line is justly famed.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Million Dollar Deal on Lower Madison Avenue—Lexington Avenue Block at 42d Street Leased from Cooper Union Trustees—$750,000 Sale in Queens —Bronx and Business Deals.

A million dollar deal on lower Madison Avenue having in view the improvement of a large corner plot with another mammoth commercial building and the lease on a long term from the Cooper Union Trustees of the entire block front on the east side of Lexington Avenue between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets were the features which, in addition to the sale of a Broadway building near Dey Street and a $750,000 deal in Long Island City lots, contributed to a particularly active day in the realty market yesterday. The Lexington Avenue lease has been taken by William H. Reynolds for twenty-one years, and he intends to begin work at once in remodeling the old structures into stores for the high-class trade that is rapidly moving into the neighborhood of the great Grand Central Station improvements. The old Vanderbilt Hotel occupies the Forty-second Street corner of the block, but negotiations are under way, it was said, toward extending the lease of the hotel for a short period. The speedy conversion of the old buildings into commercial houses simply illustrates the changing character of the locality which has already been well seen in the many big improvements of a business nature in the blocks near the new Grand Central Station.

The Madison Avenue deal involves a large plot on the southeast corner of the avenue and Twenty-fifth Street, taking in the Madison apartments on the corner, the Barrington apartment house adjoining in Twenty-fifth Street, and the residence of Henry Sleeper Harper at 21 Madison Avenue, adjoining the Madison apartment house, the entire plot having a frontage on Madison Avenue of 74 feet, 175 feet on Twenty-fifth Street and 98.9 feet deep in the rear, the Barrington plot abutting the new sixteen story Pullman building recently erected by Loton H. Slawson adjoining Dr. Parkhurst's Madison Square Church.

The buyer of this large plot is A. Fillmore Hyde, who has been one of the big operators in that locality, having recently completed the sixteen story structure on the southeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street. Mr. Hyde's Madison Avenue corner will be improved with a high-class office building and loft probably sixteen stories, but work will not begin until next Spring when the leases on the apartment houses expire.

The sale of this plot divides the easterly side of the block between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Streets into four holdings, the Madison Square Church corner, then comes the new Pullman building and adjoining this is the residence of John T. Hegeman, President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, which will eventually be hemmed in on both sides by tall business structures.

The owner of the two apartments was Thomas E. Greacen. The Madison apartment is a five story building on plot 49.4 by 125 and the Barrington is an eight story structure on plot 50 by 98.9. The Harper house has a frontage of 24.8 by 100. The deal was negotiated by Stephen H. Tyng, Jr. Mr. Harper was represented in the sale of his house by William A. White & Sons.

Lexington Avenue Block Lease.

The lease just acquired by William H. Reynolds, President of the Estates of Long Beach, on the entire block front on the easterly side of Lexington Avenue between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets forecasts a big improvement from a business standpoint in that locality. The property is opposite the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled purchased a short time ago by the New York Central Railroad for its Grand Central Station improvements. The property is covered with old buildings, chiefly old style apartments, the best known of which is the Vanderbilt Hotel on the Forty-second Street corner. The Cooper Union Trustees own the property, which has a frontage on the avenue of 200.10 feet extending 205 feet on Forty-third Street and 197.2 feet on Forty-second Street with a diagonal rear line.

Mr. Reynolds has acquired a twenty-one years' lease of the property and the general offices of the Long Beach Estates will be established in a portion of the remodeled buildings on Lexington Avenue when the lease on the present offices at 225 Fifth Avenue expires in May, 1912. Extensive alterations are to be made at once on several of the old apartment houses and in time it is proposed to convert the Vanderbilt Hotel into a commercial structure. The present lease on the hotel expires in two months, but negotiations are practically concluded, it was said yesterday, whereby the present lessee will secure from the new controlling interests a sublease of the hotel for a short term. Charles B. Mulligan was the broker in the deal.

English Investor Buys 187 Broadway

An English investor has purchased from the Becar estate 187 Broadway, a five-story building on a lot 25.6 by 100. The parcel is located on the west side of Broadway, about 50 feet south of Dey Street. It adjoins the building recently sold by Robert E. Dowling at 189 and 191 Broadway.

East 23d Street Plot Sold.

D. & W. Mullins have sold for C. D. Meyer to a client 151 and 153 East Twenty-third Street, a five-story business building on plot 52 by 98.9. The buyer contemplates the improvement of the plot with a tall mercantile building in the near future. The property is in a neighborhood that has recently shown a great deal of activity. On the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Twenty-third Street a sixteen-story office building is to be erected, the ground floor of which will be occupied by the Fifth National Bank. The northeast corner is also to be improved, and a plot 50 by 98.9 on the south side, 25 feet west of Lexington Avenue, is to be improved with a mercantile structure.

Sales in Business Section.

Two sales in the old business section of the city were announced yesterday by Joseph P. Day, who sold 27 and 29 Depeyster Street, two three-story buildings with stores, to J. M. Brennan, the adjoining owner. This gives Mr. Brennan a frontage in Depeyster Street of about 60 feet, which he intends to improve. The second sale was that of a six-story store and loft building at 40 Wooster Street on a lot 25 by 100.

Seventh Avenue Parcel in Trade.

S. B. Goodale & Perry and Louis H. Lowenstein have sold for E. H. Browning to the Solfen Realty Company, the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, a six-story building, 50 by 100. In part payment for the Seventh Avenue corner the Solfen Realty Company gave 313 and 315 Rivington Street, two five-story tenements, 50 by 100; also 1,497 Madison Avenue, 50 by 100, a six-story and basement apartment house; also 58, 60, 62 and 64 East 110th Street, four five-story flats, 80 by 100. The deal involved close to $600,000.

Quick Resale in Fortieth Street.

Frank B. Taylor has resold through Taylor Brothers to an investor the property at 15 East Fortieth Street, recently purchased from the estate of Sarah C. Cisco. The property adjoins the vacant plot about to be improved with a loft by the Anderson Auction Company.

$150,000 Lease on West 34th Street.

Ernest J. Cuozzo of the firm of Cuozzo & Gagliano Company has purchased the lease for ten years covering the large store and basement at 22 West Thirty-fourth Street at an aggregate rental of $150,000.

Big Washington Heights Sale.

William Ash has sold 631, 633, and 635 West 142d Street, between Broadway and Riverside Drive, to a client of Roy B. Davis, acting as attorney. The properties comprise three three-story and basement dwellings in a row built some ten or twelve years ago, and will be held for investment. A similar purchase of small private houses in side streets on Washington Heights was reported a few days ago, when three private houses on the south side of 148th Street, adjoining Riverside Drive, were resold by Max Marx. The houses just sold on 142d Street face the large holdings of the Hoguet estate, extending along Riverside Drive from 140th to 142d Street, comprising in the vicinity of forty lots, recently put upon the market. L. J. Phillips & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

Barney Estate Sells Three Parcels.

Three parcels in the private stable district were sold yesterday by the Barney Estate Company. Mrs. Margaret Manning, who operates the Gotham Stables, purchased 142 and 144 West Fifty-sixth Street, comprising a plot of 50 feet front, with a rear line of 125 feet. The price paid is about $115,000. The other property sold is known as Nos. 150 and 152, comprising a plot 50 by 100.5, near Seventh Avenue. The property was acquired by an individual as an investment.

Tenements in Good Demand.

An investor has purchased through George R. Read & Co. 221 East Eighty-eighth Street, a five-story tenement, on lot 25 by 100.

Edward W. Browning has sold the five-story flat 452 West Fifty-eighth Street, on a lot 25 by 100.5.

The Morris Goldberg estate has sold to the Lionheart Realty Company 29 and 31 East 111th Street, two five-story flats, on a plot 50 by 100.11, situated 50 feet west of the northwest corner of Madison Avenue.

Williamson & Bryan have sold for C. E. Randrup the four-story flat at 801 East 136th Street, Mr. Randrup taking in part payment the property at 804 Forest Avenue.

Two Big Harlem Deals.

Heller & Sussman have sold for Alma Alexander 507 to 519 East Ninety-fifth Street, five and six-story buildings. Alma Alexander 507 to 519 East Ninety-fifth front Seventh Avenue, between 131st and 132d Street. The same brokers have sold for Ignatz Roth five private houses on 126th Street, between Second and Third Avenue, on a plot 75 by 100, taking in part payment from the buyer, L. M. Zarmolsky, 400 East Ninety-fifth Street, a six-story building, on a plot 87 by 100.

Bronx.

Salome Bauer has sold for occupancy 1,240 Brook Avenue, a three-family house on a lot 18 by 90.

Ernst & Cahn have sold for a client to Curtiss P. Bryson, the northeast corner of Undercliff Avenue and 176th Street, a plot 36 by 100. The same brokers have also sold for George H. James, 365 East 153d Street, a two-story frame dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, also for the University Heights Realty Company, 2,864 Heath Avenue, a three-story dwelling on lot 20 by 90.

Heller & Sussman have sold for M. Amolsky, 1,301 Washington Avenue, a six-story building on a plot 50 by 100. Mr. Amolsky took in part payment the southeast corner of Forest Avenue and 166th Street, a plot 150 by 100.

W. E. & W. I. Brown, incorporated, have sold for Clara Neuman, the plot on the south side of East 167th Street, about 124 feet east of Park Avenue, being in size 50 by 100.

$750,000 Deal in Long Island City.

A sale of 500 lots in the manufacturing district of Long Island City has been made by the Queensboro Corporation to Harry Lockhart, Jr., who is said to represent a large syndicate of capitalists. The property comprises the balance of the Flower estate holdings, a large part of which was sold a few weeks ago by the Queensboro Corporation to the Sealshipt Oyster Company. It has a large water frontage on the Dutch Kills and enjoys excellent trackage facilities with the Long Island Railroad. The deal represents close to $750,000, and title has just passed to the new owners.

Suburban.

The Oyster Bay Golf Links have been sold by Raymond Smith of Oyster Bay, for the Moyses Brothers to a New York party. The same broker has sold nine acres of property at Cove Hill, Oyster Bay, for Alexander Begg, to John B. Dennis.

Recent Buyers.

The Lionheart Realty Company is the purchaser of the dwelling 559 West 141st Street, 25.4 by 99.11, adjoining the northeast corner of Broadway, sold recently by Sylvester G. Bryan.

Charles A. MacPherson is the purchaser of the dwelling 619 West End Avenue, southwest corner of Ninetieth Street, sold by Emma Mehler.

The Central Cigar Manufacturing Company is the buyer of the northwest corner of Canal and Renwick Streets. The company will build on the site a factory for its own use.

Real Estate Show Closes.

After a successful week's run, the second annual Real Estate and Ideal Homes Show closed in Madison Square Garden last night. In the attendance and the business done by the exhibitors the show was highly satisfactory. A majority of the exhibitors have signified their intention of participating again next year. The exhibit exerted a beneficial effect in portraying the advantages of country life as they are to be found in suburban communities and in helping with the work of relieving the congested conditions of the densely populated sections of the city.

Kingsland Estate Sale To-day.

Joseph P. Day will sell in the Vesey Street Salesroom to-day the Kingsland estates. The properties to be offered consist of lofts, dwellings, flats, and tenements. Among the properties are 115 Warren Street, 352 Fourth Avenue, southeast corner of West and Charlton Streets, 315 to 317 Church Street and 38 Lispenard Street, southeast corner of West and Chambers Streets, 14 and 16 White Street, 987 Sixth Avenue, 2,094 to 2,096 Third Avenue, and 17 East Seventeenth Street.

Chapel for St. George's Church.

Plans have been filed for the erection of a one-story chapel for St. George's Church, to be erected on the west side of Rutherford Place, 59.9 feet south of Seventeenth Street. It will have a frontage of 27.7 and a depth of 93.8 feet. The façade of the chapel will be built of Massachusetts brownstone in the Gothic style of architecture. The Rev. Hugh Birckhead is the rector. M. L. and H. G. Emery, the architects, estimate the cost at $50,000.

Notes.

H. E. Zittel has removed his office from 111 East Fifty-ninth Street to the Transit Building, 5 East Forty-second Street.

Justice Hendrick has appointed Henry Brady receiver of the rents of premises 169 East 105th Street and 210 East Seventy-fourth Street.

William Rockefeller has taken title to the four-story dwelling 136 West Fifty-eighth Street, sold recently.

I. Townsend Burden, Jr., has leased the residence of Charles A. Wissman at 65 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Robert H. Townsend denies the rumored sale of 231 West Seventy-first Street, and also the adjoining house at 233 West Seventy-first Street.

Moses Rosenthal was the broker in the sale of 136 West Fifty-fifth Street to the Herald Square Holding Company.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

58th St, 206 and 207, n s, 44.8 ft w of 7th Av, 42.4x90, two four-story dwellings; voluntary sale; 205 to Harriet S. Clark, $75,500; 207, bid in at $58,000.

Seneca Av, s e corner of Longfellow Av, 50x100, vacant; voluntary sale, to Charles Sykes, $7,850.

69th St, 20, s s, 225 ft w of Central Park West, 25x100.5, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to Samuel N. Pasco, $55,200.

174th St, s s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x100, vacant; voluntary sale, to Robert S. Barter, $22,500.

175th St, n s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 75x199.10 to 176th St x50x irregular, vacant; voluntary sale, to William G. Willis, $45,750.

Barkley Av, n w corner of Valentine Av, 75x100, vacant; voluntary sale, bid in at $1,250.

Barkley Av, s e corner of Vincent Av, 25x100, vacant; voluntary sale, bid in at $825.

Shakespeare Av, w s, 13 ft s of Boscobel Av, 100x95, vacant; executors' sale; estate of Margaret Corner, deceased; bid in at $9,500.

61st St, s s, 220 ft e of 7th Av, Brooklyn, 100x117x irregular, vacant; voluntary sale, to the Rudolph Wallach Company, $8,850.

98th St, n s, 250 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.11; also 98th St, s s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 100x100.11; also 98th St, s s, 375 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.11, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Mutual Life Insurance Company, $113,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

St. Ann's Av, 758, e s, 25 ft s of 156th St, 25x90, four-story brick tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Katz-Polacek Realty and Construction Company, $15,500.

By Samuel Marx.

138th St, 624, s s, 318 ft e of Avenue B, 20x103.3, seven-story brick and stone building; foreclosure sale, adjourned to May 10.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Creston Av, 2,261 to 2,269, w s, 93 ft s of 183d St, 100x120, five two-story brick dwellings; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Prospect Investing Company, $34,000.

By Hugh D. Smyth.

Division St, 28 and 30, n s, about 180 ft w of Chrystie St, 26.7x147.4x25x134.4, six-story tenement and stores; partition, to the plaintiff, Louis Rapaport, $68,100.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

BATHGAE AV, e s, 50 ft n of 174th St, for an open-air theatre, 50x95; Dan W. McCahill, 945 Park Av, owner; Thomas Callahan, 511 East 174th St, lessee; Israel Goldsmith, architect; cost, $500.

CORLEAR AV, e s, 96.56 ft s of 236th St, for a one-story frame garage, 35x80; Ames Transfer Co., Kingsbridge, owner; William A. Kenny, architect; cost, ...$500

INTERVALE AV, e s, 175 ft n of Tremont St, for an open-air theatre, 72x112; John Wittman, 1,297 Wilkins Av, owner; Theodore Ripley, architect; cost $600

NEWBOLD AV, s s, 156 ft e of Castle Hill Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x47; Charles E. Dettmann, 2,940 Chatterton Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost.$5,500

RUTHERFORD PLACE, w s, 59.9 ft s of 17th St, for a one-story chapel, 27.7x93.3; St. George's Church, Inc., 209 East 16th St, owner; M. L. & H. G. Emery, architects; cost, ...$50,000

SOUTH BOULEVARD, n w corner of 179th St, for two five-story brick tenements, 71.63x63.78; John P. Leo, 770 St. Nicholas Av, owner and architect; cost.....$80,000

TAYLOR AV, e s, 150 ft n of Newbold Av, for two two-story frame dwellings, 21x52; Charles Ringelstein, 847 East 222d St, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost $10,000

7TH AV, w s, 25 ft n 40th St, for a five-story store and loft, 25x65; John F. Wendel, Irvington, N. Y., owner; John B. Snooks' Sons, architects; cost $18,000

8TH AV, w s, 109th to 110th St, for a two-story garage, 61.10x36.10x98.2x147.6; S. & M. Ferguson, owners; Charles H. Lalliken, architect; cost, about.....$15,000

42D ST, 236 to 242 West, for a seven-story store, office building, and loft, 80x88.9; Sol Bloom, 866 5th Av, owner; Thomas W. Lamb, architect; cost $125,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 3.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ANTHONY AV, 1,862, e s, 16.8x74.3x16.8x72.6; Isaac Brown to Helena Solotoroff, 1,682 Anthony Av, (mtge $5,800 and all liens,) May 2; attorney, Sigmund Honig, 280 Broadway..$100

AVENUE A, w s, 28.1x100, interior lot, 99.11 ft n of 13th St and 100 ft w of Avenue A, runs w 17x n e 40.6 to centre line of old Stuyvesant St s 32.3x s 57.3 e beginning; Hirdie V. Schlesinger to Katherine Kappler, 241 16th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $35,000,) and all liens, April 25; attorney, E. A. Hassey, 302 Broadway.....$100

BAILEY AV, old, w s, 292.9 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 50x144.2, except part for avenue; Eberhardt & Podgur to Manuel J. Brazill, 1,066 7th Av, May 2.....$100

BEEKMAN St, 71, s w s, 27.7x88.1; Fulton St, 71, 15.9x—; May N. Seabrook to Alice D. Buckingham, Boston, Mass., May 1, (mtg $60,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $30,000

BLACKROCK AV, 2,117, n s, 25x108, Unionport; Minnie Smith to Edwin C. Jones, 2,210 Ellis Av, (mtg $3,500,) May 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

BROOME ST, 413, s s, corner of Lafayette St, 25x114; Irving T. Smith to Marion S. I. Martin, 21 West 54th St, ½ part, April 26; attorney, J. Brenner, 26 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1

BROADWAY, s e corner of 151st St, 24.11x100; Diedrich Huneke to George Ehret, 1,197 Park Av, May 2; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway $1,000

BROADWAY, n e corner 102d St, 100.11x100; Irving T. Smith to Marion S. I. Martin, 21 West 54th St, ½ part, April 26; attorney, J. Brenner, 26 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1

BROADWAY, s e corner of 106d St, 100.11x107; Marion S. I. Martin to Irving T. Smith, 880 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, ½ part, April 10; same attorney $1

CARMINE ST, 65, n s, 25x90; Martin Garone to Nicola Satriani, on premises, ¼ right, title, and interest, (mtg $20,100,) April 25; attorney, Max Keve, 61 Park Row $100

CHERRY ST, 37, s s, 17x75.4; Cherry St, 35, s s, —x—; Harris Schwartz to Morris Punch, 168 Lenox Av, (mtg $16,000,) May 2; attorney, Charles W. Groll, 350 Broadway $100

CLINTON St, 244, e s, 80.1x71.11; Morris Punch to Harris Schwartz, 5 East 106th St, May 2, (mtg $85,000;) attorneys, Manheim & M., 302 Broadway.....$100

EVELYN PLACE, n e corner of Davidson Av, 46x100; George W. Collins, referee, to Emma G. Badgley, 33 East Orange, N. J., (mtg $6,500,) May 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

SAME PROPERTY; Fisher Lewine and others, executors of M. Nathan, to Wellman Finance and Realty Co., 1,431 Glover St, (mtg $1,000 and all liens,) Feb. 20; attorney, same..$1,150

LOTS 51 to 53, May 1,131A of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum; Gertrude M. Holocher to Minnie Smith, 1,840 East 177th St, (mtg 1,504,) May 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LUDLOW ST, 49, w s, 25x87.6; Jacob De Goff to Whipple Security Co., 170 Broadway, (mtg $21,000,) April 28; attorney, Herman H. Oppenheimer, 170 Broadway $100

PARKER AV, w s, 325 ft s of Lyon Av, 25x150; Elizabeth C. Fonda to Gertrude M. Blocher, 2,123 3d Av, (mtgs $6,500,) May 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

SOUTH ST, 48, n w s, 23x100.2, Wall Rope Works of New York at Beverly, N. J., to Wall Rope Works of New York, 56 South St, same property, May 2; attorneys, De Witt, Foley & De Witt, 55 Nassau St $100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w s at s w s Dater St, 60.4x50.2; Mary Blaney to Joseph E. Blaney, 477 Southern Boulevard, April 25, (mtg $6,000;) attorneys, S. K. & W. B. Wightman, 132 Nassau St $1

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 306.2 ft e of Tinton Av, 67.7x81x irregular; Charles Rosenick to Herbert J. Deutz, 353 West 85th St, May 1, (mtg $15,000,) and all liens; attorney, Morton Stein, 37 Liberty St..$100

1ST Av, w s, 74.3 ft n of 58th St, 25.1x75; Alphons Dryfoos and another, executors of Felst Samuels, to Frederick Waldvogel, 402 East 58th St, (mtg $8,000,) May 2; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $14,500

1ST Av, w s, 600 ft s of 1st St, runs w 348 ft to Bronx River x s and s 608.6x e 318; Charles D. Barry and others to J. Marcus Woodworking Co., 3,521 Bronx Boulevard, (mtg $25,000,) April 20; attorney, George C. Beach, 43 Cedar St $100

2D Av, e s, corner 90th St, 25.8x100; Annie M. Engel to Isaac Heimann, 342 East 97th St, April 20, (mtg $36,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

5TH Av, s e corner of 113th St, 50.5x99.8; Marion S. I. Martin to Irving T. Smith, 880 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, ½ part, April 26; attorney, J. Brenner, 26 Court So, Brooklyn..$1

7TH Av, 2,420, n w corner of 141st St, 49.11x75; Irving T. Smith to Marion S. I. Martin, 21 West 54th St, ½ part, April 17; attorney, attorney, J. Brenner, 26 Court St, Brooklyn..$1

7TH ST, 65 East, s s, 25x98.9; Jacob Margulis to Sophie Margulis, 65 East 7th St, (mtg $24,340,) March 7.....$100

8TH Av, e s, 40 ft s of 154th St, 39.11x99; Brown-Wess Realties to William L. Cahn, 815 West 181nd St, (mtg $48,000,) April 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

9TH Av, 761, n w corner of 51st St, 20.2x80; John Mullen to Patrick Mullen, 497 10th Av, (mtgs $800,000,) May 2; attorneys, Keller & Klein, 271 Broadway.....$1

10TH Av, 506, e s, 24.8x100; Elliott Mortgage Co. to John Goebel, 2,017 Morris Av, (mtg $21,000,) May 2; attorney, Maxwell H. Elliott, 277 Broadway.....$1

10TH Av, 506, e s, 24.8x100; Joseph H. Jasper and others to Elliott Mortgage Co., 277 Broadway, (mtg $21,000,) May 2; attorney, M. H. Elliott, 277 Broadway.....$1

10TH ST, 208 to 212 West, s s, 53.9x94.10; David Lippmann and others to Charles I. Weinstein Realty Co., 17 West 120th St, May 2, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Moses Cowen, 87 Nassau St $100

11TH Av, 783, w s, 25x75; John A. Schurer to the Society of the New York Hospital, 8 West 16th St, May 3, (mtg $7,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

11TH Av, n e corner of 47th St, 100x100, Co., 11th Av and 47th St, July 1, 1910, $1 American Meter Co. to the American Meter Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co...$100

20TH ST, 45 and 47 East, n s, 50x92; Realty Holding Co. to 50th Street Realty Co., 440 East 108th St, May 2, (mtg $110,000;) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..$100

21ST ST, 132 and 134 West, s s, 46x92; Rexton Realty Co. to Geron Construction Co., 32 Union Square, May 3; attorneys, De Witt, L. & De Witt, 55 Nassau St $100

22D ST, 28 East; Park Av, 481 and 483, n e corner of 58th St, 50x100; Grand St, 258 to 262, Brooklyn; Grand St, 338, Brooklyn; South 1st St, 38, Brooklyn; also land at Sands Point, L. I.; Ardell I. Clayton to W. Irving Clark, 127 East 73d St; W. I. Van Wart, and Edwin C. Van Wart, Sands Point, L. I., individually and as trustees of Washington Irving, Jr., deceased, and Sarah I. and Helen I. Van Wart, Sands Point, and William and Peter L. Kent, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., trustees W. Kent, Tuxedo Park, and Edwin L. Kent, Tuxedo, N. Y., James Kent, Norwich, N. Y., and Helen V. C. Gillet, Fishkill Landing, N. Y., quitclaim, April 11; attorneys, Tillotson & Kent, 156 Broadway $1

22D ST, n s, 334 ft e of 6th Av, 50x98.9; Samuel Bridgham and others, executors, to Nameloc Co., 120 Broadway, April 25; attorneys, Streng & C., 40 Wall St.....$100

24TH ST, 205 West, n s, 24x98.9; Charles Reed to Frederick Beltz, Jr., at Riverside, Conn., May 2; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Frederick Beltz, Jr., to Albemarle Hotel Co., 1,105 Broadway, May 2; same attorney.....$1

32D ST, 128 East, s s, 20x89.8; Frederick W. H. Stoppenbach, executors, to William Boyd, 172 West 94th St, April 26; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St $100

86TH ST, n s, 525 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Wilhelmina Bruck to Louisa Scherer, Emma Branick, Anna Schoenenberger, and Clara Koenig, all of 66 Edgecombe Av, (mtg $6,500, to each ¼ of 1-6 part, all title,) May 1; attorney, Andrew G. Cropsey, 271 Broadway $1

86TH ST, 13 and 15 East, n s, 50x98.9; Frederick W. H. Crane and others, executors, &c, to Chas. E. Hackett, at Paris, France, (mtg $135,000,) April 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

86TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 50x98.9; Olivia P. Hoe to same, April 17; same attorney $100

41ST ST, 258 West, s s, 25x98.9; James P. Mack to Ann Wiley, 323 West 34th St, May 3, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

43D ST, s s, 80 ft e of 9th Av, 20x80.4; Henry C. Steinmetz, administrator, to Marie G. Darmstadt, 188 St. Nicholas Av, May 1, attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $15,300

43TH ST, 131 East, n s, 21x—; Charles S. Faulkner to Lawrence C. Naughton, 171 East 94th St, (mtg $22,000,) May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

47TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 11th Av, 21x100.4; American Meter Co. to The American Meter Co., 11th Av and 47th St, July 1, 1910.....$1

47TH ST, n s, 121 ft e of 11th Av, 20x100.4; same to same, July 1, 1910.....$1

47TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.4; same to same, July 1, 1910.....$1

48TH ST, 19 East, 25x100.5; F. P. Mitchell to A. J. O'Donovan, North St, White Plains, N. Y., May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

60TH ST, 128 and 130 East, s s, 41x100.5; William R. Rose to 128 East 60th St. Co., 111 Broadway, (mtgs $40,500;) May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

70TH ST, n s, 80 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x100.5; Julius Cosel to Lilliane C. Cosel, 2,119 Ocean Av, Brooklyn, May 3; attorney, Sol A. Cohn, 302 Broadway $1

78TH ST, 216 East, s s, 18.4x102.2; Sarah Adler to Helen Sweeny, 157 East 78th St, May 3, (mtg $4,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

94TH ST, 104 West, s s, 250ft.8; Marion S. Martin to Irving T. Smith, 880 St. Mark's Av, ¼ part, April 18; attorney, J. Brenner, 26 Court St, Brooklyn.....$100

103D ST, n s, 250 ft e of 2d Av, 150x201.10; Lafontaine Av, s w corner of 178th St, 25x100; John E. Miller and another, executors, to David Miller Co., 325 East 103d St, March 1; attorney, William E. Stewart, Long Island City $1

SAME PROPERTY; John E. Miller and others to same, March 1; attorney, same $1

111TH ST, 29 and 31 East, n s, 50x100.11; Morris Goldberg to Rosie Cooper and another, 91 Nassau St, Brooklyn, (mtg $41,600,) May 2; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St..$1

113TH ST, 117 and 119 East, n s, 42.8x100.11; Julius W. Brandt to Samuel Cohen, 985 Aldus St, May 1; address, 25 West 21st St.....$100

118TH ST, s s, 373 ft e of Pleasant Av, 75x100.11; John Scharmann to Washburn Wire Co., 560 East 118th St, May 3, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

122D ST, s s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 19x100.11; Ida L. and James F. Buck to Harold B. Abrams, 146 West 130th St, (mtg $12,500,) April 29; attorney, John C. Guilck, 132 Nassau St $100

123TH ST, 803 East, n s, 25x99.11; Carris Jacobus to John Flynn, 54 East 122d St, (mtgs $21,000,) May 1; attorney William H. Zoller, 2,054 7th Av.....$100

126TH ST, s s, 168.6 ft e of Park Av, 21.6x99.11; Joseph H. Jasper and others to Elliott Mortgage Co., 277 Broadway, (mtg $18,000,) May 2; attorney, M. H. Elliott, 277 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Elliott Mortgage Co. to Juliet R. Jasper, 2,034 Morris Av, (mtg $8,000,) May 2; same attorney $1

127TH ST, 141 and 143 West, n s, 50x99.11; Nathan Isenberg to Charles Pfiser, Jr., Co., 81 Maiden Lane, (mtgs $71,000, and all liens,) April 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

134TH ST, 228 West, 16.8x99.11; Jennie T. Welcome to Wealthy Harris, 198 West 134th St; attorney, E. A. Johnson, 324 Nassau St.....$1

156TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Martha Costigan to Clara E. and May Costigan, 417 West 156th St, as joint tenants, B. & S., May 1; attorney, Frank L. Mayham, 35 Nassau St $100

109TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of Washington Av, 32x 48; Clyde E. Scheuermann and others to Max Liffiander, 489 East 169th St, (mtg $3,000,) May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ABRAMS, Harold B., to Minnie T. Marst, Albany, N. Y.; 104 West 122d St, 10x100.11, May 3, 3 years; attorney, John W. Gulick, 132 Nassau St $10,000

BAXTER-HOWELL BUILDING CO. and another to Sarah C. Buckenham, 148 West 119th St; Lots 47 and 48, map of land of Joseph J. Gleason; Lot 7, Block D, map of Dore Lyons property; Lots 691 and 692, map of Tremont Terrace; Lot 95, Map 1, partition, Conrad Bure estate; Lot 16, map of Cebrie Park; Doris Av, s w s, 75 ft s e of Lyon Av, 45x101.1, April 27, due June 27, 1911; attorney, Richard H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square.....$500

BOYD, William, to Seamen's Bank for Savings in the City of New York, 76 Wall St; 22d St, s s, 80 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x89.8, May 3, 5 years; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St $20,000

BRAZILL, Manuel J., to Eberhardt Podgur, 430 East 59th St; Bailey Av, w s, 292.9 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 50x144.2, May 2, installments, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Max Stern, 64 Wall St $3,000

BROADWAY AND NINETY-SIXTH STREET REALTY CO. to Ninety-sixth Street Co., 165 Broadway; Broadway, n w corner of 96th St, 100x200, May 1, due Nov. 1, 1021, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. F. Clark, 165 Broadway..$100,000

BROWN, Benjamin E., to Charles G. Haggerty, Red Bank, N. J.; Lot 112, map of Century Investing Co, May 2, prior mtg $1,800, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $450

CENTURIAN CONCRETE STEEL CO. to Egbert G. Marsh and another, trustees, 140 West 78th St; 115th St, 21 East, n s, 25x100.11, May 3, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Wickes Brothers, 45 William St..$1,500

CHAS. I. WEINSTEIN REALTY CO. to Jacob Kollek et al., 58 East 61st St; 10th St, 208 to 212 West, s s, 53.9x94.10, May 2, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Moses Cowen, 87 Nassau St.....$28,000

CHRISTMANN, Henry, Jr., to Henry Christmann, 1,981 Lafontaine Av; Belmont Av, 2,043, w s, 18x69, April 20, due July 1, 1916; attorney, J. J. Weiss, 32 Broadway....$2,500

DARMSTADT, Marie A., to American Motor Co., 31 Nassau St; 43d St, n s, 80 ft e of 9th Av, 20x80.4, May 1, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$10,500

FIELD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Ryer Av, w s, 425 ft s of Irving St, 4 lots, each 50x100, (2 mtgs, each $23,000,) May 3, due, &c., as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$46,000

FLYNN, John, to Carrie Jacobus, 1,361 Madison Av; 125th St, 303 East, n s, 20x99.11, May 2, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Emanuel Jacobus, 132 Nassau St $1,000

FORSTER, Frederick P., to Corcellus H. Hackett, 1 East 59th St; 84th St, 268 and 270 West, prior mtg $60,000, April 1, 2 years; attorneys, Kellogg & E., 52 Broadway.$28,000.

GERETY, Joseph L., to ETY, Marion S. I. Martin, 205 ft s of 105th St, 50x100, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$9,500

GERON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Greenwich Savings Bank, 74 6th Av; 21st St, 132 and 134 West, s s, 40x92, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, George G. De Witt, 88 Nassau St $130,000

SAME to Samuel Kempner and another, 38 East 75th St; same property, (prior mtg $130,000,) May 1, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St..$68,000

GOLDSCHEIN, Wolf, to Ludwig Groszworth, 744 East 6th St; 58th St, 647 and 649 East, 89.7x97, May 3, prior mtg $45,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Cohn, 19 Avenue A $5,000

HAVILAND, Charles E., to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St; 87th St, 10 East, s s, 24x88.9; 86th St, 9 to 15 East, n s, 100x98.9, May 2, 5 years, — p. c.; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange

foreclose vendee's lien;) attorney, J. C. Brady.

13TH ST, 586 East; Nathan Kohn against Isaac Feinberg and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fischer & Rosenbaum.

30TH ST, s s, Lot 983, map of Rose Hill Farm, 1-10 part, and 30th St, s s, Lot 954, map of Rose Hill Farm, 1-10 part; American Bridge Co. of New York against Helene D. Kranich and others, (action to set aside conveyance;) attorneys, Wilmer, Canfield & Stone.

100TH ST, 252 East; People of the State of New York against Giovanni Bastino and others, (notice of levy;) attorney, C. S. Whitman.

117TH ST, n s, 110 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Isidore Jackson against Louisa C. Reynolds and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Stern. $19

127TH ST, n s, 192.8 ft w of Broadway, 100x 150; City of New York against Israel Lippman, (notice of levy;) attorney, A. R. Latson.

Mechanics' Liens.

ESSEX ST, 48; Abraham Safer against James O'Neil, owner; Thomas S. Duncan, contractor $424

FOREST AV, w s, 100 ft s of 161st St, 72.6x 100; Macon Building Co. against Lewis Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor $9,300

PERRY ST, 161 to 165; James C. Noe's Sons, Incorporated, against McSweeney Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$369

26TH ST, 331 East; Nathan Rosen against Dora Diamond, owner and contractor..$225

113TH ST, 120 East; Tom Weiss against Ida Greenberg, owner; Hyman & Feinsot, contractors $100

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, 2828-2834; C. Ventimiglia against Josephine Schmid and others, Sept. 24, 1910, ...$1,100

25TH ST, 127 to 131 West; Salvatore Napoletano against John E. Olson Construction Co., April 27, 1911, by bond.....$2,300

100TH ST, 183 and 185 East; E. P. Tierney against Samuel Feinberg and others, Nov. 11, 1910 .....$19

163TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Kelly St, 50x100; Gallo & Laguidora against Bristow Construction Co., May 1, 1911.....$1,400

178TH ST, s s, 74 ft w of Vyse Av, 30x100; John Treinor against O K Realty Co. and others, Nov. 17, 1910, canceled.....$150

Building Loan Contracts.

EVELYN PLACE, n e corner of Davidson Av, 46x100; Emma G. Badgerley loans Edward Hurley $15,500

10TH ST, 208 to 212 West; Jacob Kottek, David Lippmann, and Harry Lippmann loan Charles I. Weinstein Realty Co.....$28,000

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Brewers

J. Chr. G. Hupfel, George Ehret, Pabst Brew. Co., Geo. Ringler, Lembeck & Betz, Anheuser Busch Brew. Co., M. Groh's Sons, Beadleston & Woerz, W. J. Lemp Brew. Co., Central Brew. Co., Clausen & Price Brew. Co., N. Y. Breweries Co., Joseph Doelger's Sons, Jacob Ruppert, James Everard, Pilsner Brew. Co., P. Ballantine Sons, David Mayer Brew. Co., Zeltner Brew. Co., David Stevenson Brew. Co., Consumers Brew. Co., Peter Doelger, Lion Brewery, H. Koehler & Co., Jetter Brew. Co., Kips Bay Brew. Co., Loewer Brew. Co., Fred. Opperman Jr. Brew. Co., Thomas Conville Brew. Co., Ebling Brew. Co., Henry Elias Brew. Co., Geo. Esselborn, A. Finck & Son, Flanagan, Nay & Co., J. & M. Haffen Brew. Co., Jacob Hoffman, Christian Feigenspan, Wm. A. Miles & Co., F. & M. Schaefer, Howard & Childs, Salvator Brew Co. and all other brewers should be deeply interested and keen bidders on the many corners to be offered at the sale of the

Pinkney Estate

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, May 15, 16 & 17, 1911,

At 12 o'clock noon, Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., New York City.

Corners.

N. W. Cor. B'way & Manhattan St.
(Transfer point. Right at subway station.)

N. E. Cor. Lenox Ave. & 110th St.
(Sontag's. Right at subway station, also corner directly north.) Two Choice Fifth Avenue Corners on Same Block.

S. E. & N. E. Cor. Lenox Ave. & 145th St.
(Approach to bridge. Right at subway station. Transfer point. Opposite car barns. Very busy sections.)

16 Cors. Fifth Ave. North of 141st St.
(Section being rapidly built up. Large factories. Tenement district.)

12 Cors. Lenox Ave., 141st St., North.
(Section being rapidly built up, and large influx of population.)

N. E. Cor. Amsterdam Ave. & 120th St.
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Never in the history of New York City have brewers been offered such gilt edge opportunity. Do not fail to be represented at this sale.

70% of the purchase price may remain on bond and mortgage for one, two, three or five years at **5%**

The titles to the premises to be offered have been examined by the Title Guarantee and Trust Co., which will issue at its usual rates policies of title insurance thereon.

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Frederick P. Forster, Esq., Atty., 852 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Littlefield & Littlefield, Attys., 5 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Elmore S. Banks, Esq., Atty., Fairfield, Conn.
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Curtis B. Pierce, Esq., Executor, 290 Broadway, New York City.

Send for Booklet
to above Attorneys, or

Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer.
31 Nassau St., New York City.

Executor's Sale
Pinkney Estate

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, May 15, 16, 17, 1911

At 12 o'Clock Noon, Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St.

Largest offering in history of New York City.

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MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO.
Manager of Estates
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105 West 40th St., nr. B'way. Tel. 876 Bryant.
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Reduce Plumbing Bills
We will PROVE how. The Sole Plumbing Inspection System. 1,691 Park Av. 'Phone 380 Harlem.
E. A. TREDWELL, REAL ESTATE, 41 Park Row, N. Y. City.

West Side.

DOCTORS
West 69th St., off Broadway, 4-story brownstone house, with extension; for sale to close an estate; fine location for a physician. Apply S. D. Hollis, 74 Broadway.

97th St., 109 West.—Very dainty 3-story residence, attractive and modern, will be sacrificed to interested buyer. Frank L. Fisher Co., 145 West 125 St.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side.

Riverside Drive mansion, in the seventies, 4-story and basement with extension, 16 rooms, on full lot; will sacrifice for land value; little cash; principals only. L. G. Johnson, 200 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY TO EXCHANGE
Builder will exchange two four-story double flats, best section Brooklyn, adjoining Fourth Av. Subway, for good building lots or residence, or farm. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman St., Manhattan.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

BELGRADE LAKE, MAINE.
Country place, 10 rooms, porcelain bath; furnishings include linen, cut glass, silver; 80 acres directly on the best bass lake in U. S. Rent $1,000, with ice and fuel. For sale $10,000; good motor car accepted in part payment. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE. | MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side. | West Side.

For Sale On Easy Terms

305-7 West 149th Street, between Eighth and Bradhurst Avenues. Handsome six-story and basement fireproof apartment house, 50x87x99.11. Steam heat and hot water supply, 5 families and 22 rooms to a floor, each family having private bath. In the finest condition, having recently been renovated throughout. Price $65,000. First Mortgage $43,000, at 5% interest, due August 9th, 1914. Estimated rental about $7,100 yearly. Owner will take back purchase money installment second mortgage. No exchanges considered. Full commission paid to the broker actually consummating the sale, and this property is offered subject to previous sale or withdrawal without notice.

MORTIMER M. SINGER,
Telephone, Hanover 6371. 3 Broad Street, New York City

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IN SIGHT OF BROADWAY, MANHATTAN.

Queensboro Hill

FLUSHING, N. Y. CITY.

Most beautiful section of the city, nearest to the heart of Manhattan. $150,000,000 R. R. improvements will bring Flushing

WITHIN 16 MINUTES OF HERALD SQUARE

LOTS FROM $250 to $600.

EASY TERMS; value increasing daily. All improvements free to purchasers. Buy nowhere until you see our property. For full particulars call or write.

EATON LAND COMPANY, Phone 1816 Murray Hill.
QUEENSBORO HEIGHTS LAND CORPORATION, Phone 2286 Murray Hill.
110 West 34th St. NEAR BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

Do you want water front lots
Within 20 minutes of New York City? All improvements; sidewalks, streets, electric lights, sewers; fine bathing beach and yacht clubhouse on property; can be purchased on small monthly payments; title guaranteed. Call or write, Henry, 146 East 34th St., N. Y.

Five houses in Flushing, one at Woodside. Must sell; need money. Owner, L 94 Times.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

W. A. A. BROWN'S

DUPLEX HOUSES

The Most Perfect House Ever Built for Two Families.

TRIMMED IN THE FINEST SELECTED HARD WOODS.

The Privacy of a One-Family House.

Separate entrances, street numbers and every modern improvement.

Parkside Av., between Flatbush and Bedford Avs., overlooking Prospect Park; convenient to Brighton Beach "L" and six trolley lines; rent from one apartment pays all carrying charges; representative always on premises. Office, 738 Flatbush Av., (corner Woodruff Av.) Tel., 4030—Flatbush. Get off at Woodruff Av. station, 22 minutes from Manhattan.

Between Prospect Park South and Parade Grounds.

Buckingham Road.

10 rooms and bath. Plot 50x100. Restricted neighborhood. All modern improvements. Hardwood throughout. Gas and electricity. Extra large halls. Built-in bookcases. One block from elevated. Price $14,500. Terms to suit. Particulars on application to Crichton Realty Co., Inc., 200 West 72d St., New York City.

FIFTEEN PER CENT. STORE PROPERTY.
Builder must sacrifice new building, stores, and two floors above; best location, Brooklyn; easy terms; best opportunity, investment or speculation; brokers protected. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman St., Manhattan.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS
Webb Ave. and West 188th St.,
For Sale or Rent
9 Private Dwellings
surrounded by parks, unique in architecture, fireproof construction, hollow brick finished with white cement and red tile roofs.

Prices and Designs Vary
High class, but reasonable.
3 TRANSIT LINES
N. Y. Central to University Heights station, 20 minutes to 42d St.
N. Y. and Putnam to University Heights Station via 6th and 9th Ave. Elevated. Broadway Subway to 207th St. Station.
Short walk or trolley over University Bridge.
Apply to Owner,
Richard M. Montgomery & Co., Inc.,
27 Pine St. Tel. 265 John.

At 254th St., near B'way—New house, 7 rooms, plot 50x100; also plot 50x100, 100 ft. west of B'way. Owner on premises. L 135 Times.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET IN NEW YORK CITY,
within five minutes' walk of 180th St. Subway Station.
Large stone house, spacious grounds and garden. Stable, garage, greenhouse and gardener's cottage; on high ground and exceptionally attractive location. Apply **Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St., N.Y.C.**

East Side.

6 Lewis St., 3-story, basement, 11 rooms, bath; lease, $50. CYRILLE CARREAU, Agent, 796 6th Av., 45th.

Brooklyn.

To Rent.—One-family, detached house; 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; near Brighton "L" and 3 trolleys; large piazza; rent, $40. 259 Maple St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

Bronx.

2-Family House, 12 rooms, bath, near Jackson Av. Subway. Germans preferred. Gent, 611 Wales Av. **$45**

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

A Boat and $400 to A Bungalow! $1250.
A bungalow site close by the Hudson, with a magnificent view of the river and all the conveniences of a high-class town within an hour of the city and close to yacht club. Send for folder and information to
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

Farms!
Let me send you information of the opportunity in Rockland and Orange Counties; fruit and poultry or large stock and dairy farms with fruit. Ask for "On the Farm."
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

Jamaica Estates
A natural wooded park of over 500 acres in the hills, converted into the most attractive restricted residential section within New York City's limits, with every city improvement installed and included in the original cost. Only twenty minutes from the center of Manhattan. Beautifully located and spacious building plots as low as $2,000 on convenient terms. An inspection will convince. Permit us to send descriptive literature and to arrange for your visit.
Timothy L. Woodruff, President
334 Fifth Ave., New York
Telephone 5900 Madison Sq.

Dunton Lodge
SOUTH
Offers you an attractive home or home site near new Jamaica Station. Price and terms within your means. Visit it at our expense.
DUNTON LODGE SOUTH,
Marbridge Bldg. B'way and 34th St.

TO SMALL INVESTORS
Lady going abroad wishes to dispose of the following properties:
FIVE PRETTY COTTAGES,
THREE ONE ACRE FARMS,
FOUR SHORE PLOTS
and Several Scattered Lots and Plots,
all within easy commuting distance of the City Hall; sacrificed for cash or on easy monthly terms; write at once for particulars and railroad tickets. Manager, F 256 Times Downtown.

LET YOUR RENT PAY
Queens, L. I., 28 minutes from Broadway; new house, just completed; beautiful restricted property; every city improvement; three minutes from station, trolleys, schools, libraries, &c. Small amount cash; easy monthly payments. Call, write, or 'phone 8257 Cortlandt.
J. MEADE BRIGGS, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

JAMAICA 2 lots, $50 cash, $8 monthly; city improvements; trolley and new subway. Attorney, 1,088 Broadway, Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

RIVERVIEW MANOR
is a suburban home place where cultured people live
Homes not Houses
Every Environment appeals to the refined
Take train to Hastings on Hudson. HASTINGS HOME CO.
Book on Request. 105 W 40TH.

AT DOBBS FERRY ON HUDSON.
10 rooms and bath dwelling, unfurnished, five minutes from depot, $450 a year. P. J. CONNOLLY, Supt., Phone 17 Dobbs Ferry, or Broadway, REMCO 98th Street.

Delightful home, built under architectural supervision on a retired terrace, five minutes from Crestwood Station; all improvements; finished in fine woods; two open fireplaces; four bedrooms, large attic, living room, large dining room, kitchen, laundry, and servants' toilet in the cellar; price $8,500, or rent $55. WATSON & BANCKER, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

At Scarsdale.—10-room house, with 3 additional rooms in basement; all improvements, electric light, bath; village water; heat; plot 50x 100; on high ground; rent, $450 year. Sale, $6,500. Angell, 16 East 42d St.

Cozy home, six rooms and bath; macadamized street; fruit and shade trees; all improvements; five minutes from station; half an hour out on Harlem Road; price, $5,500; easy terms. Watson & Bancker, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Tuckahoe.—Eight rooms and bath; well built; high ground; slate roof, electric light and gas; all modern improvements; $6,000; easy terms. Watson & Bancker, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Pelham Heights, 4 choice lots, 100x125, Monterey Avenue, fine trees, no assessments; asking $5,200. Owner, 816 South Fourth Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Modern seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; within three minutes of Tuckahoe station; high ground; $4,500; easy terms. Watson & Bancker, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

FOR RENT ON SUMMIT AVENUE, MOUNT VERNON
Noted for its shade trees and beautiful residences. Modern ten-room house, large lot and stable; $100 per month. Immediate possession. ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY, Near New Haven Station, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

New Rochelle.

New Rochelle.—Stucco dwelling, 8 rooms and bath, gas, electricity, hot water heat; large grounds, garden, shrubs, trees; $14,500; or will rent to responsible tenant for $1,200 per year. Owing to lateness of season, several houses, furnished and unfurnished, at reduced rents. Henry B. Downey, 252 Huguenot St.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

IF
You are thinking of investing in Suburban Real Estate
ANYWHERE
this Spring, either for a home or for an Investment, we will gladly **mail** you, upon request, a little book calling attention to the many important things that should be considered, entitled "How to Buy Suburban Real Estate Intelligently."
GAGE E. TARBELL,
320 Fifth Avenue

A Remarkable Achievement
The total sales of the Windsor Land and Improvement Co. from Jan. 4, 1911, to April 26, 1911, amounted to the colossal sum of $500,491.
In a single week the huge sum of $90,000 worth of land was sold to investors, which proves that the public will at all times buy Long Island Real Estate provided the property is offered by a firmly established institution of indisputable integrity.
WINDSOR LAND and IMPROVEMENT CO.,
TIMES BLDG., New York. 44 COURT ST. Brooklyn.

Fine Dutch Cottage for Sale
You can own a beautiful home in Roslyn Estates on the North Shore of Long Island, 38 minutes from New York, for the amount you are paying the other man to own your present home.
One house within your means is a new cottage of the Dutch type, roomy and comfortable; 5 big bedrooms, living room 21x16, great stone fireplaces, beam ceiling, plenty of ground on exceptional site in most beautiful home place in America. See us about it. Special terms if you act now.
Dean Alvord Company
Trinity Building, 111 Broadway. 'Phone 8195 Rector.

A Charming Home at Douglaston, L. I.
A SEMI-FIREPROOF DWELLING CONTAINING TEN ROOMS AND TWO BATHS. LARGE CORNER PLOT IN CHOICE SECTION. PRICE LOW, TERMS EASY. SEND FOR COPY OF "TOWN AND COUNTRY" MAGAZINE, WITH PICTURE OF HOUSE ON COVER.
J. W. DOOLITTLE,
347 Fifth Avenue.
Phone 5960 Madison Sq.

Is Your Last Name Attractive
Send it to us and if we can use it we will pay you by giving you a building lot FREE. 55 streets in our new development to be named after people answering our advertisements.
Knoll Crest Park Co.
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GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN
$5,500 BUYS HOUSE VALUED AT $7,900. A beautiful new home, built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water; parquet floors; beamed ceiling; large wardrobe; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue; in private residence park; fine surroundings; half hour to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit; or will rent with privilege of buying and applying rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or 'phone T. I. M'NEECE, 150 Nassau St. Phone 4070 Beekman

COUNTRY HOUSES
For Rent Furnished and for Sale.
S. OSGOOD PELL & COMPANY
Tel., 5610 Bryant. 542 Fifth Ave.
Can show you all of the desirable places on the North Shore and inland of Long Island that can be had.

Queen Anne Cottage
Overlooking Long Island Sound; 8 rooms; all modern improvements; sewer, water, gas, electricity, sidewalks, curbs, &c.; privilege of beautiful bathing beach, dock, anchorage, &c.; 30 minutes from centre of Manhattan; price, $6,300; terms, $500 down, balance $40 to $50 monthly. Stephenson, Box 202 Times Downtown.

SOUTHAMPTON
& SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to rent. Lists on application. Plans and photographs of houses at office.
J. METCALFE THOMAS,
19 LIBERTY STREET, N. Y.

FOR SALE AND RENT QUEENS.
Bay Side Park, 10 room house, garage, overlooking Sound; all modern improvements; shore front; large plot; liberal terms. C. H. 111 Times.

FOR SALE.
Shore front on Cold Spring Harbor; 7 acres high land; 2 houses; one 23 rooms, one 12 rooms; view of L. I. Sound and Connecticut. Valentine & Walters, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I.

Deep Water Front Plot.—100x150; R. R. station and wharf on the property; 20 minutes from Herald Square; all improvements; highly restricted; terms. Box D 292 Times Downtown.

On the Water.—Choice building plot, highly restricted, 20 minutes out, North Shore; fishing, boating, bathing; money loaned to build. Box D 298 Times Downtown.

Whitestone, L. I.—Comfortable house, 10 rooms, gas, furnace, garden, trolley passes door, $400 year; also attractive shore cottage, 7 rooms, $360 year. 20 North 8th Av., Whitestone, L. I.

Restricted villa site, water front rights; city improvements; shade trees; $200 cash, balance five years. President, 1,088 Broadway, Brooklyn.

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BELLMORE FARMS
ADJOINING
FREEPORT and MERRICK

¼ ACRE FARMS $189

Full Size, 10,890 Square Feet
$5 DOWN—$5 A MONTH
New Houses on ¼ acres, $1,500 to $2,500—Easy Monthly Payment Plan.
WE HAVE WHAT WE ADVERTISE AND MORE
Come and see for yourself, don't hesitate. This is a chance of a lifetime. Our property at Bellmore is on the popular South Shore of Long Island, only 19 MILES FROM NEW YORK CITY LINE.
FREE TITLE INSURANCE POLICY
Backed by Title Guarantee and Trust Co. of New York; Capital $10,000,000.
Grand Opening Days Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday
Call or write for a free copy of our new "BELLMORE FARMS BOOK," together with FREE RAILROAD TICKETS, etc.
LONG ISLAND REALTY COMPANY
CADMAN H. FREDERICK, President,
258 BROADWAY, Corner Warren St., NEW YORK.

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South Shore, Long Island
THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CENTURY
FORMAL OPENING SUNDAY, MAY 7TH
Special Train at 10 A. M. from Pennsylvania Station, New York.
Reservations in advance on application. 'Phone 7020 Madison Square.
Tangier Development Company
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CHICKEN FARMS
PAY AT
HEMPSTEAD
¼ ACRES $225
$5 Down; $5 a Month.
Write, call or phone for Free Railroad Tickets, Illustrated Circulars, and a copy of "How to Make Money on a Small Suburban Chicken Farm." Mailed Free.
O. L. SCHWENCKE LAND & INV. CO.
277 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Shore Front.—60 by 132; 35 minutes from Penn. Station; north shore; easy terms. 60 Liberty St. Dept. K.

Great Bargain.—White stucco house; $6,000 worth $8,000; $1,000 cash; in village. Reddy, Hempstead, L. I.

At Stony Brook, 15 acres Sound front; high bluff; bargain to quick buyer. Stephen Yates, 146 East 84th St.

Best Summer Offer Yet.
Lots at Stony Brook, North Shore, L. I.; convenient, high, attractive. Chautauqua, conferences, athletics. Get Booklet S. Stony Brook Association, 454 Nostrand Av., B'klyn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

FOR SALE AT
HOLLYWOOD PARK—HOLLYWOOD LAKE, WEST END, N. J.
New tapestry brick and concrete houses—open fireplaces—just leaving the builder's hands; also two frame cottages, parklike grounds, best of neighbors, the late John A. McCall and Guggenheim mansions in the immediate section. Land and cottages situated directly south of Hollywood Lake—Hoey, Overlook, Woodgate and Highland Avenues. Finest location on Jersey Coast. Rising ground. No mosquitoes. Liberal terms. Prices of houses on application.
APPLY TO YOUR OWN BROKER OR TO
JOSEPH P. DAY, 31 Nassau St., New York.
HOLLYWOOD PARK—D. W. HEATH, Agent, Brighton Ave. at R. R. Crossing, West End, N. J.
B. W. ROWE, 71 Broadway, New York.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT, NEWARK, N. J.
The beautifying and constant improvement of the Weequahic Park makes this part of Newark most attractive as a place of residence.
There is no section of Newark where in the immediate future development will be more rapid or real estate values increase to a greater extent.
BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED PLOTS for sale; all restricted. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust.
Take Pennsylvania, Central, or Lackawanna trains to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.
Maps and further particulars,
FRANK J. BOCK, General Manager, Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

GREENVILLE HEIGHTS
Distant four and one-half miles from New York City Hall.
UNSURPASSED FOR RESIDENCE
Semi-detached one-family houses seven rooms, bath and laundry, eight rooms, bath and laundry, Parquet floors, all improvements,
$25 TO $35 PER MONTH
JOHN E. McARTHUR,
Boulevard and Fulton Ave., Jersey City.

Cranford.—New house, 8 rooms and bath, just completed, up-to-date in every detail, in the best residence section of Cranford, 34 minutes out on the Central Railroad of New Jersey; immediate occupancy; all improvements, sewer, water, gas, electric lights, and fixtures; street macadamized and has sidewalks, curbs, &c.; price, $5,950, easy terms; $400 cash; balance $40 a month, includes all carrying charges. Write for photo and complete details. S. Gourley, owner, 210 East 23d St., N. Y.

ASBURY PARK
Attractive stucco bungalow, 6 rooms and ¾ of an acre of ground of high elevation, commanding fine view of surrounding country. Ideal for Summer home. Will sell complete for $1,500 on easy terms. Box L 41 Times.

COMMUTER'S FARM HOME.
At Millington, hour out via Lackawanna, third mile from station; commutation 14½ cents, 10 trains each way. Comfortable 8 room house, town water in kitchen, electric light accessible; barn, large poultry house. Superb shade and views; plenty of fruit, strawberry bed, fine garden; NEARLY TWO ACRES. Mortgage $3,500, 5%, $2,400 cash.
ACRE FARM AND HOME CO., 141 B'way.

Bungalow Farm $99
10,000 square feet of land, $10 down, $5 monthly; boating, bathing, fishing; fare 14c.; 4-room bungalow, $265.
C. NICHOLS,
238 Broadway, N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE 35 minutes Broadway, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, servants' toilet. Gas, electric light, heat, stable, fruit, shade trees; $5,500. Easy terms. Boating, bathing, field club. Owner, Room 469 Fifth Avenue Building.

This Bungalow, $275.

FARM ONLY $95
20,000 square feet. Rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre. Fare 15c. $9 down, $3 monthly. Address Mountain View, 75 Times Downtown.

ALMOST SIX ACRES fertile vacant land; 1-3 mile from station, hour from here; some majestic oak trees, pretty glen; bubbling spring; distant views, river near by; 1,000 feet frontage; seems like it was made to order for country home site; $850 per acre cash. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

ON THE RIVER—$95
BUNGALOW Farm, 3,750 sq. feet of land, high, dry; 35 minutes from Broadway; one minute from station; fare 15c.; mountain scenery, boating, bathing, fishing; title guaranteed; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address LACKAWANNA, 63 Times Downtown.

A real old Colonial house at Westfield; 10 very large rooms, rebuilt into a magnificent home with every convenience and luxury; big plot on a commanding hill; $12,000; $2,000 cash; also new house at $5,250; payments like rent. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Westfield—Choicest plot, 475 feet frontage, two streets; high elevation, beautiful extended view; superb for fine home; bargain at $5,500; easy terms; double money three years. Homesite, Box L 91 Times.

New house, sale or rent, Bloomfield, N. J.—Eight rooms, all improvements; large shade trees; good location; eight-minute walk to Lackawanna Station; four minutes to electric road; $5,400. Wm. R. Ward, 86 Beach St., Bloomfield, N. J.

Special Spring discount to inquiries this week for a Westfield plot, 100x100, near depot, close to many houses, &c.; on a hill; $10 cash, $8 monthly; be sure to send name this week. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

CRANFORD.—8-9-room houses, $3,600 up; parquet floor; steam heat; sewer; gas, electricity; large plots; fine surroundings; near station; commutation 10c.; easy terms. Sheehan, 364 Lincoln Av., Cranford, N. J.

FOR SALE OR RENT, FURNISHED, ON THE FAMOUS
RUMSON ROAD
The estate of the late Theodore Moss, consisting of 13 acres, having a frontage of 550 feet on the Rumson Road and extending to and having about the same frontage on the Shrewsbury River; the improvements consist of a large, fine residence, designed by Bruce Price; stables and outbuildings, extensive lawns, shade trees, &c.; the entire property is in the highest state of cultivation; the location is the choicest, being about one mile from Seabright, near the Tennis and Cricket Club, and about 2 miles from the new Rumson Country Club. For terms and further particulars apply to
D. B. KEELER, JR.,
10 Wall St., New York.

HILLCREST In the Highlands of New Jersey. These ¼-acre plots, acres, bungalows, $250, $350 up; $35 down, $10 monthly; in a residential park; elevation 650 feet; 5 minutes' walk to station; 50 minutes from Broadway, on road of anthracite; cheap commutation. Water sports. Write, call, phone for free booklet, pictures. CARL MAIL, 1 Union Square, N. Y.

Do not purchase a plot until you see one at Fanwood, right at the depot; all street improvements, very fine, very cheap, easiest terms; send name for map and free tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

SACRIFICE.—Best new 7-room house in Ridgefield Park for price; every improvement; $4,400; payments arranged. Wass, 500 5th Av., Manhattan.

ACREAGE, FARMS, HOMES, ESTATES.
ALL PRICES, SALE OR EXCHANGE.
A. G. NELSON, Manager New Jersey Dept., GEORGE B. CORSA, 198 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, suitable for a gentleman's Summer home; also a practical business farm; house of 14 rooms, broad piazza, beautiful outlook; cottage, barn, greenhouse, poultry house, &c., all in prime condition; 100 acres choice land, 45 of tillage, valuable and beautiful woodlot; select neighborhood; ¾ mile to steam and electric cars. DISTINCTLY A BARGAIN.
L. Y. HADLEY, 340 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

22 Acres, fine building site, overlooking Long Island Sound. The very highest point on Newfield Road, STAMFORD. Will divide into 2 sites, both commanding magnificent view. Frank L. Fisher Co., 148 West 72d St., N. Y.

Fertile Farm of 200 acres, 165 acres cultivable, Colonial house 8 rooms, enormous barns, just outside pretty village, near Norwich, Ct.; MILES RIVER FRONT. Owner incapacitated, we offer this exceptional farm for $3,500 cash. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

COUNTRY PROPERTY WANTED

Want to rent country home or small farm, commuting distance from New York; on West Shore Railroad preferred. X, P. O. Box 1,491, New York.

COUNTRY HOUSES WANTED.

Wanted—For Summer, furnished cottage or bungalow, four bedrooms and bath, on Sound, ocean, or Great South Bay, within one hour of New York; rent not to exceed $300. L 141 Times.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —In the matter of the Application of the HAVANA HAY COMPANY for authority to change its name to the MONTAUK TRADING COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the Havana Hay Company, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office at No. 24 Stone Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 22d day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name to the MONTAUK TRADING COMPANY.
Dated New York City, April 26th, 1911.
HAVANA HAY COMPANY,
By WM. J. BLOOMINGDALE, President.
To HON. EDWARD LAZANSKY, Secretary of State, Albany, New York.
DANIEL BURKE, Attorney for Petitioner, No. 44 Pine Street, New York City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Brous-Niven Company, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term thereof, Part I., to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 31st day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to The Niven Company.
Dated City and County of New York, May 3d, 1911.
THE BROUS-NIVEN COMPANY,
By D. MacM. NIVEN, President.
LLOYD & MADDOX, Attorneys for Applicant, Office and P. O. Address, 92 William Street, New York, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

The BELNORD

BROADWAY TO AMSTERDAM AVENUE

Eighty-sixth to Eighty-seventh Street

¶ The city mansion is rapidly becoming a relic of former years.

¶ The superior facilities for comfort and housekeeping afforded by the modern apartment house have rendered it unnecessary.

¶ The Belnord relieves the city dweller of housekeeping responsibilities and offers greater living comfort than does the private residence.

¶ Belnord Court, the spacious park around which The Belnord is built and upon which all sleeping rooms face, gives quietness and privacy, with ample air and sunlight.

¶ The Belnord's accessibility may be judged from the fact that subway and surface lines are at its doors, and the elevated but a few blocks distant.

¶ Apartments range in size from 7 to 11 rooms.

W. H. DOLSON & CO., Agents

Office on the Premises

2364 Broadway, at 86th St. *Telephone 10400—River*

The Wendolyn

Riverside Drive and 100th St.

A New 12 Story Fire and Sound Proof Structure.

Located on the highest and most prominent corner on Riverside Drive.

Ready for Occupancy June 1.

Leases Made from October 1.

This house was constructed with a purpose to study every modern convenience, every individual apartment being so arranged as to take the place of a high-class private house. The ROOMS are EXTRA LARGE, with an abundance of closet room, also large foyer.

9-10-11 Rooms, Three Baths
Rents $2400 and Up
Now Ready for Inspection

Jacob Axelrod, owner, on premises or
Slawson & Hobbs, Agents
162 West 72d St., near Broadway.
Telephone, 7240—Columbus.

LINCOLN,

306-310 West 81st St.

Attractive apartments of 4 and 5 large light rooms, elevator, telephone, all improvements. Superintendent on premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Real Estate Operators

Suite and Single Outside Rooms

TIMES BUILDING

(Times Square)

FOR RENT

Most Accessible, Best Lighted and Best Ventilated Office Building in New York

APPLY TO RENTAL AGENT, TIMES BUILDING

2, 3, 5 AND 6 ROOMS.

Two and three rooms have kitchenettes; high-class elevator apartment; new building; beam ceilings, parquet flooring, tiled baths and showers, telephone, electric lights, wall safes, and all modern improvements.

DAWSON ARMS,
225 West 110th St., Facing Central Park.
Rents $35 to $75. Open Evenings.

THE AYLESMERE, 60 WEST 76TH ST.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day, passenger and service; steam & vapor conveniences. Exception lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.

5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone,, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

East Side.

515 Madison Avenue,

CORNER 53D ST.,
A VERY ATTRACTIVE APARTMENT, 11 Light Rooms and 3 baths.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
MOOYER & MARSTON,
477 FIFTH AVE., COR. 41ST ST.
Telephone 928 Bryant.

257 Lexington Av., corner 34th St.,
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
2 ROOMS, BATH, SERVICE, $32 to $40.

BROOKLYN.

MONROE COURT & JEANETTE APARTMENTS
BEVERLEY ROAD & EAST 21st ST., IN BEAUTIFUL FLATBUSH, BROOKLYN.

Do not fail to see these before renting elsewhere.
Suites of 5, 6 and 7 rooms.
Rents $40 to $60 per month.
Location Choicest—Transportation Best
Finest Reception Hall in the City
Uniformed Attendant in Public Lobby
EQUIPMENT—Telephone in each apartment, Vacuum cleaner system free to tenants, electric light, shower baths, hardwood trim throughout, Parquet floors in all rooms, Beam ceilings, safe vaults, Refrigerator closets, with windows to open air.

To be reached by Brighton Beach open subway to Beverley Road Station or Flatbush Av. car to Beverley Road. Send for booklet. Agent on premises, or
ABELS GOLD REALTY CO.,
44 Court St., Brooklyn.
Telephones Main 4016-4057.

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CAMPBELL APARTMENT
163d St., 325 East Block West of Melrose Station, 162d St., near 161st L.

Elegant 5-6 Rooms, all latest improvements; electric light, steam heat; Telephone; Vacuum Cleaner.
Renting Agent on Premises.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

ARCHITECTS, ATTENTION.
An exceptionally bright (daylight) office, 55x17, may be secured at $1,000 per year, which is about half prevailing prices in this locality; we are moving into larger quarters, hence this unusual opportunity for some one. Lease runs until May, 1915. Ready for immediate occupancy. Modern appointments, linoleum floors, shades, private office, lavatory, &c. Hall-Borchert Dress Form Co., fourth floor, 30 West 32d St.

CORNER OF MADISON AVE.

IN LOWER SIXTIES.
Five-story American basement, in good repair. Splendid opportunity for dressmaker. Rent nominal. For particulars apply
HENRY D. WINANS AND MAY,
749 Fifth Ave., near 58th St.
Telephone 270 Plaza.

STORE AND BASEMENT
17 MADISON AVENUE,
Between 24th and 25th Streets.

A desirable store in a desirable location, 1,551 square feet of net usable space in store and 1,000 square feet in basement. Reasonable rental. Apply
L. H. SLAWSON, 17 Madison Avenue.

5th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

THE HARTFORD FIRE-INSURANCE CO.'S NEW BUILDING
58 Maiden Lane
Near William Street

An imposing structure of five stories. Absolutely fireproof. Equipped with the most modern improvements and appointments.

Now Ready for Occupancy.

The three upper floors of about 1,000 sq. feet each are offered for rent on Very Moderate Terms

For further particulars see
Pease & Elliman
156 Broadway Phone 333 Cortlandt
OR
Horace S. Ely & Co., 21 Liberty St.

Stock Quotation Telegraph Building
26-28 Beaver Street

MODERN—FIREPROOF —EXCEPTIONAL LIGHT
Office Floors to Let.
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents
174 FULTON ST or On Premises

New York Law School Building
NO. 172-174 FULTON ST.
near Broadway & Hudson Terminal

OFFICES TO LET
Modern—Fireproof—Convenient
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents
ON PREMISES

177 BROADWAY,
NEAR CORTLANDT ST.,
To Let at Reasonable Rental
OFFICES AND FLOOR SPACE,
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
174 Fulton St., or on premises.

$1.00 PER SQ. FT.

About 15,000 square feet of choice loft space on Fifth Avenue at 24th Street.
Apply to
GEO. R. READ & CO.
60 Liberty St. (11970) 8 East 35th Street.

DOUBLE COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS

134 TO 140 WEST 29th St.
100x100 Bldg.

2 BIG LOFTS E. G. SOLTMANN, Tel. 7960 Mad. Sq.
ONE TO BE SUBDIVIDED. LIVE STEAM.

TO LEASE

Four-story Building, corner 19th St. and Av. B; 48x107; windows both streets; electric elevator; also adjoining three-story Building, 48x95.6; also adjoining 4½ vacant lots. Apply JOHN U. BROOKMAN, owner, 88 Wall St.

William St. Offices

from $200 up, in heart of insurance district; excellent light and all improvements; lowest rents downtown. 80-82 William St., corner Maiden Lane to Liberty St. CHAS. F. NOYES CO., 92 William St.

The West St. Building, NO. 90 WEST ST.

A FEW LARGE CHOICE SUITES TO LET; also a few single offices; all modern improvements; excellent light and air.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Desirable private office in suite; service if desired. Room 401, Hudson Terminal Building, 30 Church St.

To Lease in New Factory Building.—Loft 60x100, (6,000 square feet,) with steam power and elevator 6x12; steam heat. Nothing better to be had anywhere. Don't spend your life in dark places; see us for this loft. Wm. Kral & Co., Cor. Franklin and Munson Sts., opposite 92d St. ferry, Astoria, New York City.

Will sublet very desirable office, German-American Building. Inquire Suite 709, 128 William St.

Light single loft; light all around. Rent Reasonable. 520 West 40th.

NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK, N. J.

Groedel Bldg., 280-284 Plane St., centrally located; five lofts, 60x110; new mill constructed; floor space 5,000 square feet each; can be divided; light all around; heat, gas, electric light, power; elevator service; mercantile purposes, offices. Inquire premises.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

ARENA BUILDING

38 & 40 West 32d St.

One Door East of Broadway

New 16 story mercantile building, absolutely fireproof.

Floors; 8,000 feet of space, well lighted; will be divided to suit tenants.

Store, Floors and Offices for rent. Apply to
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH,
10 East 33d St.,
or your own broker.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Desk-room wanted by public stenographer. L 136 Times.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Steinway
Weber
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Ivers & Pond
Hallet & Davis
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and many other excellent Upright and Small Grand Pianos, the majority of which are but slightly used or rebuilt like new.

A Special Clearing Sale

UPRIGHTS, $75, $85, $115, $125, $140, $150, $165, $175, $185, and up to $385 for the best.

SMALL GRANDS from $300 to $525
We offer the most accommodating terms.

TWO SPECIAL BARGAINS

Welte Mignon Player Piano
WITH $450 WORTH OF MUSIC.

Weber Grand Pianola Piano
WITH 50 ROLLS OF MUSIC.

Both are the latest models, practically new and offered 1-3 below regular prices. A descriptive list with prices of all used Pianos and Players will be mailed on request.
NEW YORK SALESROOMS FOR
Ivers & Pond Pianos
Strich & Zeidler Pianos
Mathushek Pianos
And the Home of the
TEL-ELECTRIC PIANO PLAYER.
The TEL-ELECTRIC COMPANY
(Tel-Electric Building),
299 Fifth Ave., Corner 31st St.

FOR SALE.

We are actual diamond cutters, otherwise we would not have a diamond ring like this, weighing one and one-quarter carats to offer for $35. We never have had one like it before, and probably will never have one again. This is a sample of what our diamond list contains for to-day and to-morrow. This as well as any one of the others can be taken to the nearest jeweler and if he will duplicate it for less than double the price the money will be refunded without any quibbling. You get our regular printed agreement to this effect; ask to see it. The other diamonds range in price from $28 to $500 per carat, all equally as cheap, quality considered. No mail orders filled, as there are no duplicates. Nearly one-half million dollars worth on display in our show window next to the corner of John St.

CHARLES A. KEENE,
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,
180 Broadway, New York

TYPEWRITERS RENTED 3 MONTHS FOR $5.00

and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, 10 Barclay St.,
Cor. of Leonard St. 7 Doors from B'way.
Tel. 5408 Franklin. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

High-Grade Office Furniture

desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. BUDD & CO., 73 Spring St. Tel. Spring 5483.

DESKS & OFFICE FURNITURE
NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED.
BUDD & CO., 40 East 20th St.
Telephone 2661 Gramercy.

Spring Clearance Sale of Office Furniture at cost.
28-30 West 20th St.

CLOTHES of DISTINCTION NO FIT NO PAY.
Special SUIT to ORDER $20. Value $30.
Grossman, 84 Nassau St., 1 flight up.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JACOB HYMAN, trading under the name of JACOB HYMAN & CO., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 14,824.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of skirts manufactured and in the process of manufacture, piece goods, trimmings and fixtures and machinery, including sewing machines, power tables, partitions, safe, tables, desks, chairs, &c., will be sold at the bankrupt's place of business at Nos. 32-36 West 18th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 9th and 10th days of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, May 3d, 1911.
WILMOT T. COX, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANK HROMADKO, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, May 4, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 23 W. 45th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of braids, buttons, silks, safe, machines, six pier glasses, oak and mahogany tables, fixtures, &c.
WALTER CARROLL LOW, Receiver.
FERRIS & DANNENBERG, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MYRON L. LYONS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 10, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 59 St. Nicholas Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of goods contained in a delicatessen store, receiver's right, title, and interest as a going concern. WILLIS BRUCE DOWD, Receiver.
CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,883.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM TRAYNA and ABRAHAM COHN, individually and as members of the firm of TRAYNA & COHN, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of William Trayna and Abraham Cohn, individually and as members of the firm of Trayna & Cohn, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said William Trayna and Abraham Cohn, individually and as members of the firm of Trayna & Cohn, were duly adjudicated bankrupts and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 3, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,808.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRITZ RUDER and ALEXANDER SCHOEMAN, individually and as members of the firm of FRITZ RUDER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Fritz Ruder and Alexander Schoeman, individually and as members of the firm of Fritz Ruder, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Fritz Ruder and Alexander Schoeman, individually and as members of the firm of Fritz Ruder, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 3, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,849.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GURLITT MANNING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Gurlitt Manning Company, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1910, the said Gurlitt Manning Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 3, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,000.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AUGUST DIENER, individually and as a member of the firm of KNAUF & DIENER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of August Diener, individually and as a member of the firm of Knauf & Diener, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said August Diener, individually and as a member of the firm of Knauf & Diener, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
May 2, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,954.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ELIZABETH S. C. SEAVEY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Elizabeth S. C. Seavey of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Elizabeth S. C. Seavey was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
May 2, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,735.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES A. ROWSE, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Charles A. Rowse of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of February, A. D. 1911, the said Charles A. Rowse was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
May 3d, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ANDREWS M. TALBOT and JOSEPH J. POGGI, doing business under the firm name of TALBOT & POGGI, bankrupts.—No. 14,504.

Notice is hereby given that Andrews M. Talbot and Joseph J. Poggi, doiong business under the firm name of Talbot & Poggi, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated May 1st, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on the 5th day of June, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 2d, 1911.

NO. 14,481.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL WOLFSON, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Samuel Wolfson of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1910, the said Samuel Wolfson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 3, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

SECURE A POSITION.

The quickest and surest way to secure a position is to insert an "Effective" advertisement in The New York Times, stating plainly capabilities, training, and experience. The Times reaches the intelligent employers who want intelligent workers, and choose them from the environment where they are to be found. Go to any advertising agency or telephone Bryant 1000.—Adv.

SURROGATE CITATION.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW York, by the grace of God free and independent—To William K. Peyton, Samuel W. Johnston, Alice Kingsbury, John S. Bussing, Mary Bussing, Edith S. Bussing, Agnes Maude Bussing, Florence B. McGuffey, Robert S. Bussing, George D. Scriba, Anna B. Platt, Herbert A. Bushnell, Edmund B. Bushnell, Esculene Bushnell, Nathan P. Bushnell, Anna R. Fuller, Elizabeth R. Rawson, Henry Pendleton Rogers, Nathaniel Pendleton Rogers, John Bard Rogers, Francis B. Clark, Emily R. Glover, Louisa Bacon, Hester C. Clark, Harry H. Clark, Albert E. Clark, Edward C. Clark, Elizabeth M. Burdette, Marguerite C. Sykes, John B. Coles, Francis W. Coles, Howard M. Coles, Edward O. Coles, Harriet B. Houghton, Susan K. Prescott, Mary B. Tobey, James Alfred Baber, Willard H. Baber, Nelson Kingsland, Emma K. Moody, George N. Kingsland, Henry S. Kingsland, Allan B. Kingsland, George P. Keese, Louise K. Barker, Edmund K. Romeyn, Mary Shandrew, Charles F. Shandrew, Willard E. Shandrew, Fanny A. Seeley, Frederick L. Seeley, Alice Briggs Greeley, Elizabeth Field Payne, Ella Brown, Ransom Wood Brown, Carrie Kingsland, Carrie Dotess, Caro G. Kingsland, Lucy H. Weed, Helen Edwards, Jacob D. Kingsland, and any other heirs and next of kin of HESTER B. PEYTON, deceased, whose names and addresses are unknown, and cannot, with due diligence, be ascertained, the husband, heirs, and next of kin of Hester B. Peyton, deceased, and executors of the will of said deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Miron Winslow, of the City of New York, has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York, to have a certain instrument in writing, dated the 22d day of September, 1910, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Hester B. Peyton, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore, you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

[L. S.] Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the twelfth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.
RICHARD KELLY, Attorney for Petitioner, 170 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM, PART I., OF THE Supreme Court of the State of New York, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 12th day of April, 1911. Present, Hon. James A. Blanchard, Justice.

In the matter of the application of AMERICAN GRONDAL KJELLIN COMPANY for authority to change its name to AMERICAN GRONDAL COMPANY.

Upon reading and filing the petition of the American Grondal Kjellin Company, a domestic corporation, duly verified on the 20th day of March, 1911, by J. Armstrong Rawlins, its Vice President, wherein said petitioner prays for an order authorizing it to assume another corporate name, to wit, the name American Grondal Company, the certificate of the Secretary of State annexed thereto bearing date the 13th day of March, 1911, certifying that said name which such corporation proposes to assume is not the name of any other domestic corporation or a name which he deems so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive, the affidavit of Frank Callahan, verified the 11th day of April, 1911, together with the exhibits annexed thereto, proving that a copy of the petition herein, of certificate of the Secretary of State annexed thereto, and a copy of the notice of the presentation of said petition and of application for this order were duly filed with the Secretary of State, affidavits of Joseph F. MacDonald, N. E. White, and John J. Cosgrove, verified respectively April 4th, 1911, April 5th, 1911, and April 4th, 1911, proving that notice of presentation of the petition herein and application for this order was duly published once in each week for three successive weeks beginning March 21st, 1911, in The New York Times, The Evening Sun, and The New York Law Journal, daily newspapers published in the City and County of New York, and the court being satisfied by said petition and by the affidavits and certificate presented therewith, that the petition is true, and that there is no reasonable objection to the change of name proposed, and that the petition has been duly authorized, and that notice of the presentation of the petition as required by law has been made;

Now, on motion of Rushmore, Bisbee & Stern, attorneys for the said petitioner, no one appearing in opposition thereto, it is

Ordered, That the said petition be and the same is hereby granted, and that the petitioner herein, the American Grondal Kjellin Company, be and it hereby is authorized to assume another corporate name, to wit, the name American Grondal Company, on and after the 25th day of May, 1911, and it is

Further ordered and directed, That this order be entered and the papers on which it is granted be filed within ten days from the date hereof in the office of the Clerk of New York County, the county in which the certificate of incorporation of said corporation is filed, and that a certified copy of this order within ten days after the entry thereof be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and further that a copy of this order be published once in each week for four successive weeks in The New York Times and The New York Law Journal, daily newspapers published in the County of New York, beginning within ten days after the entry hereof.

Enter,
J. A. B.
J. S. C.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,700.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of VICTOR GOLDSTEIN, doing business as the NEW YORK GAS STOVE WORKS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Victor Goldstein, doing business as the New York Gas Stove Works of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Victor Goldstein, doing business as the New York Gas Stove Works, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 3, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,901.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARL L. RIEGER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Carl L. Rieger of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Carl L. Rieger was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 3, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,806.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PARAMOUNT FILM COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Paramount Film Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Paramount Film Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 2d, 1911.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—ANNIE DRUCKER, Plaintiff, against WILHELMINA SINGLER, Elizabeth Geissler, Cecilia Drucker, Anna Drucker, Mary Drucker, Joseph J. Drucker, Eduard J. Drucker, John H. Drucker, Othmar J. Drucker, Mary Elizabeth Drucker, the Province of St. Joseph of the Capuchin Order, Rose Rogers, George Rall, as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of HENRY DRUCKER, Deceased, and the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, Defendants.

I, the undersigned, duly appointed referee by an interlocutory judgment dated January 23d, 1911, and entered herein on the 30th day of January, 1911, and pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, made in the above-entitled action, dated the 24th day of March, 1911, and entered herein on the 24th day of March, 1911, hereby require each person, not a party to the action, who, at the date of said order, had a lien on any undivided share or interest in the several pieces or parcels of real property affected by this action and a portion of which is sought to be sold herein, and all of which said several parcels are hereinafter described, to appear before me on or before the sixth day of May, next, at my office, number 35 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, to prove his lien and the true amount due or to become due to him by reason thereof.

The said several parcels of real property are described in the complaint in the above-entitled action as follows:

PARCEL NUMBER ONE.

"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Seventeenth (formerly Eleventh) Ward of the City of New York, and designated on a map made by Edward Doughty, City Surveyor, dated May 1, 1829, on file in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, by the number 209 and being bounded and containing as follows: Commencing at a point on the southerly side of Second Street distant one hundred and eighty-seven (187) feet and eleven (11) inches easterly from the southeasterly corner of Second Street and First Avenue; running thence easterly along Second Street twenty-five (25) feet; thence southerly and parallel with First Avenue and partly through a party wall one hundred and five (105) feet and eleven and one-half (11½) inches to the centre line of the block between First and Second Streets; thence westerly along said centre line and parallel with Second Street twenty-five (25) feet; and thence northerly and parallel with First Avenue and partly through a party wall one hundred and five (105) feet and eleven and one-half (11½) inches to the southerly side of Second Street, the point or place of beginning."

PARCEL NUMBER TWO.

"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Thirteenth (formerly Tenth) Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Grand Street with the easterly side of Goerck Street, running thence easterly along the northerly side of Grand Street twenty-five feet; thence northerly and parallel with Goerck Street seventy-five feet; thence westerly parallel with Grand Street twenty-five feet to the easterly side of Goerck Street, and thence southerly along said easterly side of Goerck Street seventy-five feet to the point or place of beginning."

PARCEL NUMBER THREE.

"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York, and known and described on a certain map of the lots belonging to the estate of Abraham Cannon at Corlears Hook, made from actual survey by R. Graves, City Surveyor, bearing date the sixth day of August, 1810, filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, by the number 50, and more particularly bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Grand Street, distant twenty-five feet easterly from the northeasterly corner of Grand and Goerck Streets; running thence northerly and parallel with Goerck Street seventy-five feet to an alley; thence easterly along said alley twenty-five feet; thence southerly and again parallel with Goerck Street seventy-five feet to the northerly side of Grand Street; and thence westerly along the northerly side of Grand Street twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning."

The portion of the said real property to be sold herein consists of the said above-mentioned parcels designated as Parcels II. and III.

Dated at the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the 27th day of March, 1911.

SAMSON LACHMAN, Referee.
JAMES F. NIEMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Post Office and Office Address, 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

(CONTRACT 63.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 63, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, 15 feet and 14 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work at Aqueduct and Burnside Avenues near University Heights, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Aqueduct and Lind Avenues, in the Borough of the Bronx, to the crossing under the Harlem River at 167th Street, near Highbridge, thence beneath Highbridge, St. Nicholas and Morningside Parks and connecting streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, to Central Park near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street. The work will be carried on through 7 shafts, spaced from 2,500 to 5,100 feet apart, and varying in depth from 266 to 475 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 65.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 65, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, 15 feet and 14 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work at Aqueduct and Burnside Avenues near University Heights, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Aqueduct and Lind Avenues, in the Borough of the Bronx, to the crossing under the Harlem River at 167th Street, near Highbridge, thence beneath Highbridge, St. Nicholas and Morningside Parks and connecting streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, to Central Park near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street. The work will be carried on through 7 shafts, spaced from 2,500 to 5,100 feet apart, and varying in depth from 266 to 475 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 66.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 66, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, varying from 14 feet to 12 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work in Central Park, near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street, the tunnel line extends in a general routherly direction under Central Park, Sixth

How Lost Articles Are Recovered.

¶ Mrs. Warren D. Hanford of 302 Central Park West lost a valuable diamond and pearl earring on Friday night while returning from dinner at Sherry's. She first tried waiting for it to turn up. Then she tried The Times Lost column. On the following day back came her lost earring from a Times reader.

¶ Miss Elizabeth H. Ward lost her purse containing a gold watch and a Phi Delta fraternity pin on a Broadway car last week while on her way to visit a friend, Mrs. J. H. Davis, of 610 Riverside Drive. Through an advertisement in The Times Lost column a reader of The Times returned the purse and contents that same evening.

¶ An advertisement in the Lost column of the New York Times is the best step toward recovery of lost articles.

¶ Any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, 1000 Bryant.

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Southern Pacific Co. common Stock Certificate No. A55,136, for four shares, in the name of "Ewing R. Philbin." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Ewing R. Philbin, care Philbin, Beekman, Menken & Griscom, 52 William St., New York, N. Y.

LOST—Between Atlantic City and Lakewood, between 10 A. M. and noon, Tuesday, May 2, from automobile, suitcase containing baby's clothing and some papers; suitable reward. N. H. Lyons, 288 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

LOST.—On Friday morning, the 28th inst., between 81st St., on Broadway to 70th St., Central Park West, or Broadway car to 100th St., a pearl necklace. Apartment 8E, 318 West 100th St.

LOST—Tuesday, May 2, between 127th and 125th, on 5th Av., gold thimble, in case, marked Addie, from Aunt Lizzie. Landy, 1 West 127th.; reward.

LOST—Monday, May 1, 23d St. station, ladies' room, solitaire, initials "H. H. to W. K."; suitable reward. Howard, 200 Monroe St., Hoboken.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of gold and blue enameled watch fob to T. D. Carman, The Outlook, 287 4th Av., New York.

LOST.—Diamond bar pin, about two inches long, one-half wide. Return to Bretton Hall Office; $50 reward.

LOST—Closed face watch; initials of name on inside case "N. B. G." Liberal reward. 614 West 113th St.

LOST—50th St., 5th Av., black leather card case marked J. B. D. Murray Hill Hotel. Reward.

LOST.—Gold locket, snake design, monogram "M."; reward. George Middleton, 221 West 84th.

LOST—Black onyx pin, with pearl; reward. Oppenheimer. 2345 Broadway.

$100 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of black handbag, containing watch, diamond chain, and brooch, lost Sunday, between 46th and 40th St. L. 142 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Wednesday evening in East 55th St., Boston bull terrier dog, brindle, white markings on head; license No. 3,467. Please return to 51 East 55th St. Liberal reward. No questions.

LOST—Red collie bitch, at 149th St. and 7th Av., white star on back of neck; answer to name Bonnie. Store, 2,819 8th Av.; liberal reward.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, May 2.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Map, overalls, belt, books, gloves, purse, package, blouse, cap, literature, card case, two umbrellas, three coats.

FOUND, May 3.—JERSEY CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Umbrella, on the 28th, four packages on the 29th, green hand bag.

FOUND, May 3.—NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: 4 packages, 2 books, 3 umbrellas, belt, kodak, 2 umbrellas, commutation ticket, locket.

FOUND, May 3.—LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: 2 packages.

FOUND, May 3.—LACKAWANNA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: 3 umbrellas, coat.

FOUND, May 3.—PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. Apply information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Overcoat, glasses, scarfpin, pair gloves, muffler, shawl, package.

FOUND, May 3.—ERIE RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Catalogue, box collars, package tacks, pair gloves, set blue prints.

FOUND, May 3.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av., Pennsylvania Pullman: Scarfpin, soaps, pin, 6 umbrellas, clamp, soft hat, razor strop, nightshirt, key, package, book.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

BUTLER.—Swedish; competent, reliable; excellent references; city or country; $60. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COMPETENT HELP.—All trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK, CHAMBERMAID and LAUNDRESS.—Swedish; two sisters; to go together; three years and a half in last place; $35 and $30; city or country. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOK.—Swedish; careful, clean, competent; no washing; country or city; good references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

INSTANT RELIEF EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 181 West 133d St. Telephone 7288 Morningside. Male, female help; colored.

MRS. LARSON'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY for select help, with first-class references, 53-51 East 125th St., corner Madison Av. Tel., Harlem—4283.

NURSE.—Fond of children; experienced; good references; city or country; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 WEST 134TH.—Bond, $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 2119 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references thoroughly investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. 2503—Orchard.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. Telephone 6370—Harlem.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; tel. 6016 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Have perfected the greatest labor saving and money making device in the market; few thousand dollars needed from a manufacturer or a business man, silent or active; Treasurership and Presidency open. Monette, 320 Broadway.

Silent partnership bought in girls' school for $4,000; 10 per cent. interest guaranteed for each year; contract drawn up immediately. Address Box 300 Times, 2 Rector St.

$30,000.00 wanted on safe 7 per cent. bond Florida hotel and hygienic baths, or party to invest with service; either lady or gentleman. C. W., 280 Times.

Investor with about $20,000 wanted by large braid manufacturing concern doing a business of $150,000 a year. F 262 Times Downtown.

Wanted to buy small millinery shop with well-established business; good location. L 57 Times.

Established shirt manufacturer wants active partner with $5,000. F 263 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

COOK.—Protestant; assist with washing; two in family; country. Call at 122 Lexington Av. Thursday, between 9 and 12.

COOK.—Good plain cook desired in private family. Call, between 9 and 12, 73 East 66th St.

GIRLS.
R. H. MACY & CO. have several vacancies for parcel wrappers, over 16 years of age; excellent opportunities for advancement. Apply at office of General Manager.

NEAT-APPEARING, educated young woman to interview ladies of the motoring world; leads furnished; compensation according to ability. Apply 9:30 to 11 A. M., Room 1,618, 70 5th Av.

PIANO PLAYER wanted; young lady. Call at once. The Rotschild Co., 539 8th Av.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for competent, experienced saleswomen. Apply at office of General Manager.

SUITS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced, competent saleswomen for their Misses' Suit Department. Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED—Working housekeeper; three adults, two grown boys in good home. Call J. F. Fuller, 40 Brighton Av., East Orange, N. J.

WANTED—Quick, neat sewers to assist in small workroom. Telephone Madison Square 2404.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AUTO MECHANICS for cab and truck repairs; steady work. W. Erskine, 217 East 43d St.

DESIGNER.—Experienced bonnax designer for cloaks and suits; references required. Catalano Bros., 135-137-139 West 26th St.

ENTRY CLERK.—Must be able to charge from call; good penman and accurate; state age, experience, and salary expected. Willing, L 134 Times.

EXPERIENCED SHOE SALESMAN wanted. Frank Bros., 224 5th Av.

MACHINISTS.—WANTED FIRST-CLASS MACHINISTS AND DIE-MAKERS, WHO CAN FURNISH GOOD REFERENCES FROM THEIR LAST TWO EMPLOYERS; ONLY MEN SEEKING STEADY AND PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT NEED APPLY. E. W. BLISS CO., 17 ADAMS ST., BROOKLYN.

MAN to work in bakery at night; references, security. Ware, 885 Columbus Av., 104th St. Call after 9 A. M.

PRINTING OFFICE desires to learn of several ambitious young men with knowledge of printing business to act as salesmen; plant or office experience desired; give particulars. L 17 Times.

SALESMEN wanted by Casualty Co., accident and health insurance; popular monthly; annual plan; big returns for small efforts. Call 9-11, ask for Mr. Berger, National Casualty Co., 84 William St.

SALESMEN, clerks, and others who will make a systematic canvass among their acquaintances or business men during spare time can build up a large income. Mr. McFarland, 47 Cedar St.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMEN (2) wanted, over 25, of good education and address, for out-of-town work. Shuman Co., 156 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted for South and Texas to sell line of skirts from $1 to $3.75. Apply D 294 Times Downtown.

SHIRT CUTTER.
R. H. MACY & CO. require the services of an assistant cutter on custom shirts. Apply at office of General Manager.

U. S. NAVY offers special advantages to MACHINISTS; no marine experience necessary. Also oilers, firemen, and coal passers; U. S. citizens only. Apply 80 South St., city.

WANTED—Hardware, furniture, drug, automobile, paint, hotel, supply, ship chandlery salesmen with an established trade, who could carry a side line on commission to sell a household necessity extensively advertised in Subway and elevated cars in Greater New York; good commission and quick sellers for live salesman; references. F 263 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—First-class dress line; entire South; commission only. L 145 Times.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AGENTS.—We have the best proposition that any house can offer; something new; immense sales and big profits; send for particulars. River View Press, D2, Quincy, Ill.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

STENOGRAPHER, PRIVATE SECRETARY.—(Female:) Summer resort; splendid opportunity; $20. Universal Exchange Agency, 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHERS, female, desiring high-class positions paying good salaries, call Gahagan's Agency, 256 Broadway.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av.; telephone 4527—Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Quick, correct figurer; understands office work; best references. Clerical, F 209 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT. — Beginner; quick and accurate at figures; writes a good hand. Miss Hirsch, 201 East 106th St. 'Phone Harlem 4974.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenograhpy, moderate salary; best references; wishes position. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, experienced, good penman; excellent references; moderate salary. Wexler, 406 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

CARETAKER.—Thoroughly understands care of private house, furnished; no children; best personal reference. Mrs. Keegan, 215 East 53d St.

COOK.—A lady going abroad would like to place her cook in small family for the Summer; excellent references. Apply at 43 East 64th St. Friday and Saturday mornings.

HOUSEWORK or chamberwork in small family in city; best references; no cards. Please address H. H., 143 8th Av.

REFINED WOMAN wishes position part of day to care for child; experience. L 140 Times.

SECRETARY.—An intelligent secretary to author; literary work. Chartres, H 23 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; refined young woman of executive ability, rapid typist, versed office routine, wishes position with first-class firm; salary, $15; references. F 235 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, desires position where neatness, accuracy, intelligence, are desired; best reference from last employer; $12. F 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, spells and punctuates well, typewrites neatly and quickly; understands office work; references; salary, $8. F 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady desirous of securing position with house where ability is appreciated. Miss Henneberry, 1,925 Third Av. 'Phone Harlem 4974.

STENOGRAPHER.—Business school graduate desires position where she can advance; moderate salary to start. Sadie Brown, 419 East 83th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; somewhat experienced; excellent worker; good penman. Industrious, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; well educated; given opportunity will prove ability. E 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced, neat worker; good references; moderate salary. Blankstein, 53 Graston St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; accurate and thoroughly reliable; references furnished. F 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educational; three years' experience in general lines; moderate salary. F 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; any kind dictation, technical, &c. F 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; excellent education; best references; salary $9. F 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18; some experience; references for exceptional perfect transcriptions; $8. E 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; very best references; $10. F 207 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class; handle any work, however technical; unquestionable references. F 208 Times Downtown.

THOROUGHLY experienced bookkeeper and stenographer desires position; excellent references. F 265 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A.—ACCOUNTANT, certified, seeks part-time bookkeeping; sane, careful, scientific attention as to systematizing or auditing. Sper, Room 706, 50 Liberty St.

ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR,
Having eight years' experience in public accounting offices and four years as accountant of electric light corporation, both in works and head office; references, K. C., 313 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examine accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

A BUSINESS MAN TO-DAY NEEDS RED-blooded, wideawake, ambitious young men. If you want an earnest, efficient, hard worker, one who values opportunities and is used to making good, you need me; am employed, but want a bigger chance; age, 21; well recommended; seven years' business experience. L 139 Times.

A LONDON GENTLEMAN of education and ability desires a position to do newspaper or literrary work; moderate salary. P 94 Times.

AMERICAN, 28, executive ability, understands accounts; English stenographer; two years Brazil; speaks, writes Portuguese, French, German. Address, Brazil Development, D 291 Times Downtown.

A1 OFFICE MAN, accountant, correspondent, bookkeeper and stenographer; unquestioned references, bond; young Southerner desires position where merit will win. L 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, up-to-date methods, highly indorsed, seeks position where executive ability and efficiency are required; $25 week. F 259 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and office assistant; experienced, (22;) best references; desires permanent position. F 243 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—30; double entry; capable taking trial balance, handling credit; best references. L 131 Times.

BOY, high school education, desires office position, with advancement; experienced; references. F 257 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER of private house, no children; excellent references. O'Connell, 220 East 65th St.

CHAUFFEUR, competent, experienced mechanic, wishes position with private family; four years' references. George Ander, 431 West 49th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, thoroughly experienced in driving and repairing, wishes position; sober and reliable. L 124 Times.

CITY COLLEGE graduate would like position as private tutor. Henry Sickin, 275 West 146th St.

CLERK.—An all-around clerk, rapid, accurate figurer, with eight years' experience, desires steady position; A1 references. Clerk, 183 6th Av.

COACHMAN.—Married; city, country; strictly temperate; honest, willing, obliging, first-class written and personal reference. Fraine, private stable, 123 West 49th St.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman giving up horses wishes to place his first-class coachman. Address S., 14 East 57th St.

COLLECTOR who can collect desires position with first-class business house; 4 years' experience and A1 references. F 253 Times Downtown.

DETECTIVE takes day's pay, city, country; confidential service. Wagner, 1,243 Lexington Av., New York.

EXPERIENCED COLLECTOR and canvasser will produce results; moderate salary. E 167 Times.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT OR SECRETARY.
The advertiser, 32 years of age, thoroughly familiar with American business methods, seeks a position in which not only his long office experience but his knowledge of Europe, German, French and Greek languages would be of avail; best of references. L 21 Times.

FOREMAN.—All-around man; real estate or builder; all references. Rutz, 927 Grant Av., Bronx.

HAVE you a position in any branch of your business for a young man, 27 years old, with thorough business training and executive ability? I have been cashier, correspondent, and bookkeeper; have an education that equips me for almost any position; highly recommended. L 64 Times.

I DESIRE TO ASSOCIATE WITH a reliable firm requiring services of active young man of good education and integrity, excellent business experience; first-class correspondent; where opportunity is afforded thorough intelligent and enthusiastic conduct of entire business, sales, or advertising department, to make good and be paid accordingly. F 244 Times Downtown.

MAN, single, good driver; understands horses, carriages, &c.; useful; good reference. F 258 Times Downtown.

MARRIED MAN, 26, eight years' experience railroad office, country and city banks, corporation, desires to better himself; general office work, correspondent; references; now employed. E 319 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, ambitious and willing, with good knowledge of bookkeeping; moderate salary with chance to advance. Samuel Schafer, 196 Orchard St.

PROOFREADER.—Experienced works of reference, geographical, historical, medical; thorough French, German, Latin. L 116 Times.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.—Benno Phillipson, 21 White St. Telephone 3178 Franklin.

RELIABLE MAN, in prime of life, good address, best references, desires position; for 27 consecutive years has sold and bought linens and cottons, covering retail and wholesale distribution; 16 years with one firm; has held position of trust, in handling goods and funds, to the satisfaction of employers. L 132 Times.

SALESMAN, hustler, desires to connect with reliable concern for New York City, New York State, and Pennsylvania; salary basis only. F 254 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, calling on department stores, jobbers, travelling East and New York State, with leather goods, wishes to take side line. Hustler, F., 104 East 121st St.

SECRETARY.—Literary ability; quick at figures, excellent bookkeeper, and a highly capable correspondent; abundant energy and perseverance; power of organization; excellent references. Address L 137 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STENOGRAPHER, private secretary, 29, ten years held position of great trust and responsibility; thorough stenographer, correspondent, and bookkeeper; experienced in executive capacity; exceptional references; moderate salary. L 77 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; somewhat experienced; excellent worker; good penman. Industrious, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, expert law and testimony reporter, desires temporary or permanent position. F 264 Times Downtown.

SWEDE wishes position with gardener; speaks English. H. Pearson, 830 West 17th St.

VALET.—Man desires position as valet to gentleman; good references. Alexander, 848 Brook Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 26, with college education, supplemented by broad business training, seeks secretarial position; he is familiar with office details, a good correspondent, and excellent stenographer; he is accustomed to meeting men of influence and is tactful; the character of position more important than salary; best references. L 130 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24; ability; college graduate; excellent experience; desires position of responsibility; in or out of town. R. F., 337 East 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, two years sound business experience both inside and out, desires position with a future; references. F 261 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, educated, experienced, desires position good business house. Kaufman, Starling Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wants position in office downtown; knowledge of bookkeeping. F 260 Times Downtown.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Beautiful small front room, second floor; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

20-22-33 WEST 16TH ST.
Large rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

46TH, 366 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; invalids, elderly people; attendance graduate nurse; private house.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; telephone exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and single rooms; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

67TH ST., 319 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; private baths; near Subway, "L," and surface cars; table boarders.

58TH ST., 133-135 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; near "L," Subway; parlor dining; board optional.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large room; gentlemen only; also parlor floor; fine location; excellent table.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large rooms; superior table; high-class house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large front rooms, private bath; southern exposure; single room; table guests.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large sunny, also hall, room; parlor dining-room; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Phone 1836—Columbus. Large, small rooms; board; table guests accommodated; references.

74TH ST., 140 WEST.—Attractive single rooms; table guests accommodated; home cooking; reasonable; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated; private bath, hot water; single and double parlor; dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH ST., 114 WEST.—Desirable rooms, attractively furnished; single, double; excellent table; Southern cooking; references.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high-class; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large rooms, with board, adjoining bath; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable single room; parlor dining; references required.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Extremely desirable medium room, bath adjoining; very reasonable; gentleman; private family.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; superior table board; near Subway; reasonable.

80TH ST., 141-143 WEST.—Handsome parlor floor, private bath; large, medium, sunny rooms; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; every convenience; ideal location; Subway, L; parlor dining room.

81ST, 116 WEST.—Large, desirable room for gentlemen; strictly high-class board; references necessary.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 50 AND 52 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated rooms, with first-class board; private baths; electric light; telephone.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room.

83D 11 WEST.—Large, small, or connecting rooms, front parlor; excellent table.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant room; handsomely furnished; private bath; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

100TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large front room; home cooking; table guests; select neighborhood.

102D ST., 248 WEST.—Private family offer exceptional accommodations; handsome home; aristocratic neighborhood; excellent table.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; superior board; refined surroundings; table guests; phone.

117TH ST., 417 WEST.—Modern private residence; southern exposure; one block from Broadway, overlooking Morningside Park; very quiet; beautiful double room, running water; smaller room also; immaculately kept; delicious cooking; references exchanged; Subway, elevated expresses; telephone.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in newly furnished apartment; Soutnern cooking, daintily served.

140TH ST., 544 WEST. (The Audubon.)—A beautiful, healthy location, near Broadway, famous Riverside Drive; first-class rooms, board; extremely low rates.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, with first-class table board; every home comfort; block from Subway; private house. 'Phone 4678 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

THE CAMBRIA.
55th St., 347 West.; restaurant; thoroughly good home table of American cooking, with good service.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Second-floor suites, with baths; single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

A.—THE EARLE.
Waverley Place, 103.—Beautifully furnished room, with private bath; excellent meals; central location.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large, small adjoining rooms; elegant board; every accommodation; southern exposure; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Large room with board; hall room vacant soon; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

MADISON, 694-696; 23 East 63d.—Second floor, large rooms, $18 to $22, two persons, with board; single rooms, $8-$10.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5.—Overlooking water; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway five minutes; Wall St. and Broadway, twenty; seaside; rooms, apartments, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house, high-class; table choicest products New York markets. 'Phone 905 Main.

MONROE PLACE, 1, (Corner Clark.)—Exceptionally fine rooms; spotless; convenient to Subway and bridge.

SOUTH ELLIOTT PLACE, 78, BROOKLYN.—Large and small rooms; first-class board; Summer rates; convenient to Subway and cars.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York; large wing; absolutely fireproof; rooms, with bath; steam heat; private bathing beach and dock; tennis courts; opens May 27; references. Address 53 Irving Place, New York. Tel., 2123 Stuy.

BAY PARKWAY, BENSONHURST.—Six select boarders wanted; overlooking ocean; bathing. Conway, 8,779 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn.

BATTERSHALL INN, SEA CLIFF, L. I.
Elevation 200 feet; no mosquitos; references; send for booklet.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful, large front rooms; running water, bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 21 WEST.—Elegantly furnished sunny rooms, single or en suite, for people seeking superior accommodations; private home.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very pleasant room; modern; conveniences; telephone; also small single room; $2.50.

9TH ST., 89 WEST.—Room, first floor; private bath; smaller room; running water, telephone.

36TH ST., 146 WEST.—Front basement, kitchen privileges; double, single rooms; running water; breakfast; telephone.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; breakfast optional; references required.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall room; large closet, bath, phone; private house; $5.

42D ST., 300 WEST.—Large and medium; outside; running water; two flights; reasonable. Rowland's bell.

45TH ST., 9 WEST.—Two large parlors, furnished or unfurnished; also furnished rooms to let.

46TH ST., 366 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; invalids, elderly people; attendance graduate nurse; private house.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Elegantly furnished connecting rooms; bath; single, en suite; first-class house.

52D ST., 238, west of Broadway.—Nicely furnished rooms; beautifully located; light, with bath; rent reasonable.

56TH ST., 68 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or en suite; near Park; breakfast; references. Delacy.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

64TH ST., 110 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms, with or without bath; all improvements; Summer rates.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large rooms, with, without bath; southern exposure; airy, electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 131 WEST.—Choice furnished room; large closets; bath; references; gentlemen.

70TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large single room with hot and cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 248 WEST.—Large front room; conveniences; small room also; private house; 'phone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 147 WEST.—Neat room, hot and cold water; bath adjoining; Summer rates; gentlemen.

71ST ST., 116 WEST.—Desirable large front rooms with board; reference; telephone.

72D ST., 302 WEST, Near Riverside.—Extremely pleasant large room; parquet floor; running water; phone; Subway; gentlemen.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable one, two room suites; high-class accommodations; table guests desired.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and medium; southern exposure; baths; Subway, elevated stations.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large rooms; attractively furnished; single or en suite; also medium, reasonable.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—High-class light, airy rooms, nicely furnished; all modern improvements; telephone.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Bright rooms in high-class apartment; reasonable; telephone; all conveniences. Mathewson.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Second story, en suite or single; also medium room; private house; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Medium-sized front room; hot and cold water; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and single rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; reasonable.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Very desirable large and small room; Summer rates; elevated, subway; telephone.

83D ST., 55 WEST.—Large and small room, suitable for three gentlemen; board optional; moderate.

84TH ST., 34 WEST.—One large second floor room in physician's house; gentlemen only; decidedly reasonable to satisfactory applicant.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Lovely, clean room, near Park; "L"; Riverside; select house; all conveniences; telephone.

93D ST., 69 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; all conveniences; elevator; telephone. Dodge.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Near Park, L, Subway express; only few accommodated; board optional; references.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; running water; private house.

101ST ST., 280, (Corner Broadway.)—Large front room; lavatory; gentlemen; elevator apartment; references. Reilly.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

103D ST., 216 WEST.—Corner Broadway.—Attractive large corner room, suitable two, 'phone. Apart 8.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large front room; ample closets; $7; elevator apartment; Southerners; references. Moncure.

114TH ST., 508 WEST.—Apartment 62; elegant room in magnificent new elevator apartment; gentlemen.

115TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large, bright, front room; small room; kitchen privilege; transients accommodated. Smith.

118TH ST., 430 WEST, (corner Amsterdam apartment 46.)—Desirable small front room; all conveniences; call evenings.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Cozy room in refined widow's home; exceptional; elevator; references. Apartment 31.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Sunny rooms, kitchen; beautiful view; elevator; telephone; restaurant; Subway; Apartment 21.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Fine room, southern exposure; large closets; elevator, bath, telephone; Subway. Apt. 39.

121ST ST, 170 WEST.—Cool corner; newly furnished; all conveniences; telephone; Summer rates, $3 to $5.

122D ST., 540 WEST. (Corner Broadway.)—Very attractive outside rooms; elevator, telephone; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 514 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large, high-class room, single, double, electricity. Kenyon.

123D ST., 348 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for single person or married couple seeking quarters in elegantly furnished private house; Summer rates, Phone 654 Morningside.

125TH ST., 601 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Sunny room near Subway station and Riverside; elevator. Bolduan.

136TH ST., 144 WEST.—Elegant large bed and dressing room; bath; 'phone; near Subway; gentlemen; reference; private family.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, running water; private house; bath, shower; subway; reasonable.

157TH ST., (Washington Heights.)—Subway; dining room; telephone 208 Audubon.

160TH ST., 552 WEST, (Near Broadway and Subway.)—Comfortable room in family of two; gentleman, $2 week; no other roomers. Call 6-8, Apartment 11. Telephone.

173D ST., 538 WEST.—Neat room; running water; bath; private house; gentlemen.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

180TH, 611 WEST.—Four rooms, elegantly furnished; all improvements; one block from Subway; references. Superintendent. Telephone 1400 Audubon.

ARGYLE, 123D, 524 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms; Broadway Subway and Hudson; phone 987 Morn.

BROADWAY, 1,738.—Single room, next bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; $4 weekly; gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

BROADWAY, 1,738.—Room, with private bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; to gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

BROADWAY, 2,684, (103d St.)—Bright, sunny room; running water; every convenience; gentleman preferred. Field.

HAMILTON PLACE, 97, (Near 142d.)—Neat, clean room; private family; bath adjoining; telephone. Apartment 15.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20.—Elegantly furnished outside rooms, facing Morningside Park; every convenience; reasonable. Waters.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 52 EAST.—Nicely furnished good-sized room; running hot, cold water; telephone; gentlemen; $2.75. Dawson.

SEVEN ROOMS and foyer, overlooking Hudson River; will make big concessions till Oct. 1. The Antlers, 608 West 111th St., eighth floor.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,071, Corner 164th St.—In high-class elevator apartment, with family of two; large bedroom and adjoining sitting room; two gentlemen or man and wife; pleasant single room for one gentleman; telephone, shower bath; four short blocks from Subway. Young.

TWO LARGE, light, airy rooms in private house, to refined business woman or couple; references exchanged; University Heights section, West Bronx. G, Box 25 Times.

East Side.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Well furnished large and small rooms for gentlemen.

21ST ST., 189 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished rooms, without board; running water; terms reasonable.

29TH ST., 112 EAST.—Large, newly furnished suites, parlor, bedroom, newly renovated private house, suitable for two persons; also small room, $2.75; heat, telephone, hot, cold running water; references.

29TH ST., 48 EAST.

MAYOR AGAIN HITS AT PRENDERGAST

Agents Tried to Steal Dr. McMahon's Papers in the Potter Controversy, He Asserts.

ASKED OFFENSIVE QUESTIONS

Cites One About a Check to the Pope —Letter Telling Why He Kept Fosdick Out of It.

Mayor Gaynor revived yesterday the old controversy between himself and Controller Prendergast over the work of Director Potter of the new Ambulance Board while he was the head of the Charitable Institutions Division of the Department of Finance, in a letter to Thomas M. Mulry, President of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, and one of the best-known figures in Catholic charities in the city.

The Mayor sharply criticised the methods employed in the investigation of Dr. Potter by the Controller and President Mitchel of the Aldermen, even declaring that their men had attempted to purloin papers from the desk of Father McMahon, head of the Catholic charities, and were only deterred by a threat that the police would be called.

The Mayor says that many of the questions asked in the course of the investigation were irrelevant and offensive, giving as an example, "When you give a contribution to the Pope how do you make out the check?" The Mayor adds that he directed Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick to have nothing to do with the investigation on account of the manner in which it was being conducted. Here is his letter:

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
May 3, 1911.

Dear Mr. Mulry: Please excuse me for the delay in answering your favor of April 26, asking me to give you the course of the investigation of the Commissioner of Accounts in regard to an alleged fund being raised by Catholic charitable institutions to pay to Mr. Potter, and whether such investigation has been closed. The facts are as follows:

About one year ago my attention was called by the Controller to an indorsement on a voucher of the Catholic Mission of the Virgin on Staten Island, which indicated that a fund of $5,000 was being raised by the Catholic charitable institutions of the city which were receiving city money, to be presented to Mr. Potter, who was an auditor in the Controller's office of the accounts of the said institutions. I immediately placed the matter in the hands of the Commissioner of Accounts to investigate it. The bookkeeper of the mission testified that he had made such indorsement by direction of the Rev. M. J. Fitzpatrick. Father Fitzpatrick testified that he was informed by the Rev. Dr. McMahon, head of the Catholic charities in the Diocese of New York, that a movement was on foot to raise a fund to help Dr. Potter, as he was in financial straits, and that he (Father Fitzpatrick) had paid the said $500 to Dr. McMahon for that purpose, as the said mission's share of such fund.

Dr. Potter testified that he never received, directly or indirectly, any sum or fund from the Catholic institutions of the city, and that he had never heard of any movement to raise any such fund. The Rev. Mr. McMahon was absent in Europe for his health. On his return last Fall he testified that such a fund had been proposed for Dr. Potter, and that he received the $500 from the said mission for that purpose, but that afterward, wiser heads hearing of the matter, the plan was disapproved and discontinued and the money was not paid to Dr. Potter. I instructed the Commissioner of Accounts to still keep the case open to receive any other testimony in the matter which might be found or brought forward, but none has appeared.

Meanwhile, namely, on June 17, 1910, the Controller had a resolution passed in the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, that he and Mr. Mitchel, President of the Board of Aldermen, should conduct an investigation of the relation to the city of all of the charitable institutions, of every religious denomination, receiving city money to pay the charge of city inmates, and requesting the Mayor to have the Commissioner of Accounts assist them.

A short time thereafter a complaint was made to me that the agents sent by the Controller and the President of the Board of Aldermen to make such investigation were asking alleged offensive and irrelevant questions of those in charge of such institutions. A list of the questions asked of the Sisters of Mercy of the institution, at the corner of Willoughby Avenue and Classon Avenue, in Brooklyn, were sent to me. Among them were questions whether they paid money to Bishop McDonnell, whether they paid money to the pastor of the church near their place, whether they paid money to Archbishop Farley, and also the following question:

"When you give a contribution to the Pope how do you make out the check?"

I immediately told the Commissioner of Accounts that I could not enter into such an investigation as these questions indicated, and instructed him to have nothing more to do with the investigation being conducted by the Controller and Mr. Mitchel. A short time thereafter complaint was brought to me that these same agents of the Controller and Mr. Mitchel had called at the residence of Father McMahon, head of the Catholic charities, who was still in Europe, and that while one of them was engaged in conversation with the Rev. Mr. Ludlow, Father McMahon's assistant, the other went, unnoticed, into Father McMahon's private office, opened his desk, and took out of it bundles of papers, checks, and vouchers, and said he was going to take them away, and that he was prevented by the Rev. Mr. Ludlow, who threatened to call the police.

I again told Mr. Fosdick to have nothing to do with the investigation, and he assured me that he had had nothing to do with it and would not, and he has had nothing to do with it. The Rev. Mr. Ludlow can give you the full account of this occurrence. Other similar complaints were made. The objectionable questions to which I referred were sent to me in the handwriting of the sister in charge. I did not understand how such questions could be relevant or permissible, as I did not see how the city was interested, except to ascertain the cost per capita of caring for the city's wards in such institutions, and not to pay more. But I do not want to enter upon that. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Thomas M. Mulry, Esq.

Both the Controller and Mr. Mitchel declined last night to discuss the Mayor's letter. The former said that he probably would have something to say to-day.

STATE'S BANK BALANCES.

General, Canal, and Military Funds Total $21,935,163.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 3.—State Treasurer Kennedy's statement of balances of the general, canal, and military funds in the State Treasury on May 1 gives them as follows: General fund, $5,795,559, an increase for the month of $148,029; canal fund, $16,131,617, an increase of $9,780,034, and military fund, $7,986, a decrease of $166. The aggregate of these funds is $21,935,163.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Stuffed Ducklings and Chickens Are Held Dutiable as "Birds Stuffed."

The Board of United States General Appraisers decided yesterday that stuffed ducklings and chickens are not dutiable as "manufactured articles not specially provided for" at the rate of 20 per cent. ad valorem. The American Importing Company made the allegation that the articles are dutiable properly under Paragraph 509, which provides for "birds stuffed, not suitable for millinery purposes."

The claim of the protestants is sustained. General Appraiser McClelland in his decision for the board says in part:

"Although that decision (Morimura) involved the classification of merchandise imported during the life of the Tariff act of 1897, we think it controlling here for the reason that Paragraph 509 is identical with Paragraph 493 of the Act of 1897, and for the further reason that there is no evidence offered by the Government which would warrant the consideration of the question involved anew. We sustain the protest and reverse the action of the Collector.

Protests by the American Shipping Company, Henry Horner & Co., and G. W. Sheldon & Co. were overruled. It appears that the importers either failed to appear at the times set down for hearings or did not produce evidence when the cases were called. Under these circumstances, Judge Waite holds that the importers' contention for the lower duty cannot stand. The protest is accordingly overruled.

RYAN AND DREXEL LET GO.

Not Held for Speeding—Former Clashes with Policeman.

Sentence was suspended last night by Recorder George Medina of North Bergen, N. J., in the cases of Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., Allan A. Ryan, and August Tschirkey, an automobile manufacturer, all of whom were accused of speeding on Hudson Boulevard. A number of friends in automobiles accompanied the defendants and the little court room was crowded.

Recorder Medina at the start said he was sorry to be compelled to have the defendants stand in front of the railing, but that it would be all over in a few minutes. He asked Policeman Schroeder at what speed Mr. Drexel was going.

"About 25 or 30 miles an hour," answered Schroeder.

"How fast do you think it was, Mr. Drexel?" asked the Recorder.

"Perhaps about 21 miles an hour," said Drexel.

"Well," said the court, "if you were making sixteen miles you were exceeding the limit."

Drexel said he had never been arrested before in the county and the Recorder said he would suspend sentence.

Policeman Tuttle, who arrested Ryan and Tschirkey, said they were making 18 to 20 miles an hour. Mr. Ryan said he supposed the officer was correct, although he himself had thought he was not making more than twelve miles an hour at the outside.

Recorder Medina said he would suspend sentence in the case of both Ryan and Tschirkey and the three defendants all thanked the court.

A man addressed by Mr. Drexel as "Howard," and supposed to be Howard Gould, who was in the car when Drexel was arrested, told the Recorder that he thought it likely that Drexel was exceeding the speed limit when arrested. "You see it was this way, Judge," said the supposed Mr. Gould, "a little dinky machine passed us on the road and we could not stand for that."

After all had left the court room Ryan and Policeman Schroeder appeared for a time to be about to come to blows. It seems that when Policeman Tuttle took Ryan to the North Bergen Station Schroeder, who happened to be there, remarked to Ryan:

"Allan, you're a bird."

This appeared to have angered Ryan, for he walked up to Schroeder last night and said:

"Don't you ever call me Allan again. You know my other name and if you have to address me, use that name."

Schroeder resented Ryan's tone and he retorted that Ryan was not any better than any one else, if he was a millionaire. Schroeder added that he expected to catch Ryan speeding sooner or later and that he would surely take him in if he did.

Alexander Ackerman, Inspector of Motor Vehicles of the district, restored peace.

OUT OF ARNOLD-CONSTABLE.

A. G. Evans and W. C. M. Constable Gone—E. H. Weatherbee in Control.

Edwin H. Weatherbee has succeeded to the entire business of the firm of Arnold, Constable & Co. through the retirement of Alfred G. Evans and Walter C. M. Constable. The partnership expired about a year ago. For some time it was an open question whether they would not be renewed, but last July Messrs. Evans and Constable decided to withdraw. Their actual retirement took place at the close of business last Saturday.

Both of the retiring members had been in the firm about thirty years. Mr. Weatherbee said yesterday that Mr. Constable has many English affiliations, and desired to retire from active business altogether, while Mr. Evans, who grew up in the business as its confidential and financial agent, has long had outside interests. He contemplates going into the banking business. There is to be no change in the policy or the firm or the location of its establishment.

Arnold, Constable & Co. is one of the oldest and best-known firms in the dry-goods business in New York. Besides its retail shop, it carries on a jobbing business supplying many other stores in this and other cities. The business was founded in 1825 by Aaron Arnold. In 1837 he took into partnership his son-in-law, James M. Constable. Subsequently there were taken into the firm Richard Arnold, son of Aaron Arnold, Frederick A. Constable, son of J. M. Constable, and Hicks Arnold. All of these are dead, the surviving members before the latest change being Mr. Weatherbee, who is the son-in-law of James M. Constable, Mr. Evans and Walter C. M. Constable.

A suit brought against the firm by Laura Dalintrey, the novelist, for profits of $206,000, which she alleged to be due to her father, William M. Daintrey, as a member of the firm, was dismissed yesterday after trial before Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum and a jury. The firm produced evidence that Daintrey was not a partner but an employe at $8,000 a year with an interest in the profits of his department and that he had been paid in full every six months.

SPECIAL BATTALION REVIEW.

Picked Police Squad Gets a Silken Banner of Appreciation.

The special police battalion, one of Inspector Schmittberger's innovations, was reviewed in the Seventh Regiment Armory yesterday morning by a representative gathering of police and regimental officials. The object of the review was to present to the battalion a silk banner as a token of the Police Department's appreciation of the work the organization has done.

Those who reviewed the battalion were Commissioner Cropsey, Deputy Commissioner Driscoll, Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, Col. Daniel Appleton of the Seventh Regiment, Col. W. K. Kipp, Capt. James E. Schuyler, Adjutant D. W. Falls, and Lieut. John S. Daniels, and Inspector Schmittberger.

READJUSTING SIGNAL CO.

Stockholders of Hall Concern Form a Committee to Get Things Going.

Newman Erb, Jules S. Bache, William P. Hall, and William Fellowes Morgan, holding the largest concentrated stock interest in the Hall Signal Company, have formed themselves into a committee to readjust the concern's affairs and are formulating a call on stockholders to deposit their securities subject to a plan allowing the company to extend its field and rearrange its finances. The Hall Signal Company manufactures electric signals for railroads and other purposes. It has a capitalization of $1,000,000 common stock, $100,000 6 per cent. non-cumulative preferred, and $250,000 of first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds.

The company has an unwieldy floating debt and has been handicapped in its business with the railroads because it does not supply interlocking devices with its signals. The committee will ask the deposit of stock subject to withdrawal if its plan does not meet with approval. The idea is to supply additional capital which will refund the floating debt and allow the establishment of a manufactory of interlocking devices to supplement the signal system.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
12:01—143 6th Av.; Vincent Lunch Co.	$700
12:02—370 St. Nicholas Av.; J. Shuemaker	$5,000
1:25—127 Rivington St.; Remenstein & Holdman	$5
4:44—Northwest corner of Boston Road and Pelham Road; unknown	$30
7:10—1,801 and 1,803 1st Av.; Stamler Laundry Co.	$10
9:30—417 East 10th St.; John A. Miller	Trifling
9:50—306 East 9th St.; John Nagel	$5
11:35—328 East 100th St.; Lena Silverstein	$500
11:40—112 East 75th St.; G. Finstein	$6,500
11:45—365 West St.; Columbia Smelting and Refining Works	Slight
P.M.	
12:45—80th St. and East River; City of New York	Unknown
1:12—721 Broadway; William Henry	$200
1:30—2,463 2d Av.; O. Rossit	$300
2:40—385 6th Av.; unknown	$10
4:00—74 and 76 Sheriff St.; L. Weinberg	$5
4:25—21 Lawrence St.; F. Pollard	Trifling
7:05—1,934 Broadway; Harvey Allen	$50
7:50—1,462 Brook Av.; J. Lerman	Trifling
8:05—108 5th Av.; M. Rabinowitz	$1,000
8:05—46 East 29th St.; Woman's Political Union	Slight
8:25—510 West 173d St.; Alfred Squire	Trifling
8:35—350 3d Av.; A. Harris	Trifling
8:55—325 East 100th St.; J. Rosner	Trifling
9:25—161 Prince St.; unknown	None
9:30—275 West 73d St.; A. Symington	$5
9:45—1,684 3d Av.; Petro Garoma	$25
10:10—325 East 60th St.; A. Greenberg	$150
11:13—226 West 125th St.; unknown	Trifling
11:40—37 Columbus St.; Mayer & Walter	Unknown

RESIST DISCHARGE OF J. M. FISKE & CO.

Creditors Appeal from Judge Hough's Decision and Case May Go to the Highest Court.

SPECIFIC ERRORS ALLEGED

Court, It Is Said, Should Have Held Transfers to Bank on Day of Failure Were Secret and Fraudulent.

J. M. Fiske & Co., the Stock Exchange firm which was thrown into bankruptcy through the collapse of the Hocking pool of Jan. 19, 1910, which was managed by James R. Keene, faces a new contest with its creditors. The firm was ordered discharged from bankruptcy by United States District Court Judge Hough on April 26, and a storm of protests was raised by creditors, led by Police Sergeant Charles A. Becker, who, nearly a year ago, had Josiah M. Fiske and Arthur C. Sherwood, members of the firm of Fiske & Co., arrested on a charge of grand larceny.

Becker then alleged that Fiske and Sherwood had misappropriated stocks of his valued at $3,400 and intrusted to Mr. Sherwood for safekeeping. Fiske and Sherwood were examined by Magistrate Corrigan, who refused to hold them, and the criminal proceedings, therefore, fell through. Becker and others have now, through Attorney Joseph N. Schultz of 320 Broadway, appealed from the judgment of Judge Hough, discharging the firm from bankruptcy, to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. The appeal was allowed by Judge Hough yesterday, and the hearing before the Appellate Court has been set for May 31.

Becker's attorney alleges fourteen specific errors on the part of the lower court, in deciding to discharge the Fiske firm from bankruptcy, most of which have to do with the transfer of stocks & Co. of this city and Messrs. White, Weld & Co. of New York City will act as bankers in connection with this matter.

J. P. Morgan & Co. are not directly interested in the sale of any part of the Baldwin Locomotive Works. Neither has the American Locomotive Company any interest in the transfer. The sale of the John H. Converse interests in the company was made to a syndicate in which Drexel & Co. of Philadelphia are the dominant interests.

IRON DEPRESSION CONTINUES

Many More Furnaces Idle Than at the End of March.

The setback the iron and steel trade received in April which reduced the average bookings of the United States Steel Corporation from about 35,000 tons a day to about 24,000 or 25,000 tons is illustrated in the statistics of pig iron production in that month, made public by The Iron Age yesterday.

Pig iron producers, after a severe curtailment in output corresponding with the stagnation in the steel trade last Winter, began to increase their output rapidly month by month after the first of the year, as the steel business became more active. The Iron Age statistics of pig iron production for April show that the pig iron makers were as alert in taking note of the setback in the ultimate market for their product as they were in taking advantage of the advance. What was gained in pig iron production in March was lost in April, and at the close of the month the reduction in output was still going on. On May 1 there were only 212 coke and anthracite furnaces in blast, compared with 231 on the first of April, and the daily rate of production on May 1 was only 64,432 tons, against 70,752 tons on April 1, and 66,562 tons on March 1.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, May 3.—Money was plentiful to-day despite repayments to the Bank of England. Discount rates were easy.

Consols were firm on the Stock Exchange, but the rest of the markets reacted on profit taking. Home rails and rubber and mine shares showed the greatest losses.

American securities were featureless during the forenoon. Trading was very light and prices showed irregular changes. New York and the Continent sold in the afternoon and caused a general decline, but the market closed steady and a fraction above the low point.

Bar silver quiet, 24 9-16d per ounce.

Money, 1½@2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 5-16@2¾ per cent.; for three months' bills, 2 5-16@2¾ per cent.

Bullion amounting to £30,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day, and £190,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.40; at Lisbon, 10.

PARIS, May 3.—Prices were steady on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95f 95c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 30c for checks.

BERLIN, May 3.—Domestic securities were steady, but Americans were depressed on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 45 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3% per cent.

Private discount rate, 3 per cent.

$1,000,000 BUCK WILL SUIT.

Brother of Stove Man Contests His Bequests, Charging Undue Influence.

ST. LOUIS, May 3.—Stephen H. Buck filed suit to-day in the Circuit Court to break the will disposing of the $1,000,000 estate of his brother, Ralph S. Buck, the foe of union labor and late manager of the Buck Stove and Range Company of St. Louis.

Mr. Buck made his sisters, Carrie L. Buck and Lillie B. Avis, and the St. Louis Union Trust Company defendants in the suit. He charged that Ralph S. Buck did not execute his will while of unsound mind, but that his sisters influenced him unduly, falsely stating that he [Stephen] was ungrateful and lacking in affection toward his brother, was heavily in debt to him, and had defrauded him of various sums.

Ralph S. Buck died on Nov. 11 last. The will contained no bequest for Stephen Buck or his other brother, Charles H. Buck, who has since died. It provided that no claim should be made against them for any debts they might be owing the estate.

Ralph S. Buck, Jr., a nephew of Ralph S. Buck, received a portion of the estate. The testator was 47 years old.

SALE OF LOCOMOTIVE STOCK.

The John H. Converse Interest in Baldwin Co. Taken Over by Bankers.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—That the Directors and stockholders of the Baldwin Locomotive Works had decided to-day to reconstruct the present close corporation in such a way as to admit new interests into the company was admitted to-night by officials of the company. It was stated that Drexel & Co. of this city and White, Weld & Co. of New York would act as bankers in the matter.

Vice President Johnson, who made an official statement on behalf of the company, said that the details of the reorganization had not been completed. His statement was as follows:

> At a meeting of the Directors and stockholders of the Baldwin Locomotive Works held to-day, it was decided to reconstruct the present close corporation in such a way as to admit new interests into our company. No change, however, in policy or management is contemplated. This business has long been one of the standard industries of Philadelphia, and the same principles of management which have built up the property to its present proportions, and have always yielded adequate profits to the owners, will continue to prevail. Messrs. Drexel & Co. of this city and Messrs. White, Weld & Co. of New York City will act as bankers in connection with this matter.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Begins 8:30. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:30. MRS. FISKE in MRS. BUMPSTEAD-LEIGH.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. RALPH HERZ IN DR. De LUXE. The Novelty Musical Comedy Success. By the authors of "Madame Sherry."

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in NOBODY'S WIDOW.

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St. B'way. RESTAURANT—THEATRE—MUSIC HALL. Phone 8400 Bryant. Mat. Tues., Thurs., Sat. TO-DAY FIRST MATINEE | From THURS. | 2:15 To 5. POPULAR PRICES, 50c.-$1.50. | 2 REVUES & BALLET. LUNCHEON FROM 12:30. Tea De Luxe during 4 o'clock Interm. NIGHTLY 6 to 8:15, DINNER. Then, until 11 2 Revues & Ballet, ETHEL LEVEY & 300 Artists; 11:15 to 1 A.M., Supper & Cabaret Show. First Midnight Performance in America. DINNER FROM 6 O'CLOCK THROUGH EVENING. CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. at 8:15. Last Matinee Sat. 2:15. LAST WEEK Spectacular Dramatic Triumph. THAIS. NEXT MONDAY (Seats To-day) FRANCIS WILSON in THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE PINK LADY. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Overture 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LAST SIX WEEKS THIS SEASON. RE-OPENS IN AUGUST. Christie Macdonald in The Spring Maid.

AT THE GAIETY "EXCUSE ME" 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. AS SPARKLING AS THE SUNLIGHT ON WATER.

WHEN YOU invite the girl you love to go fishing be sure your boat doesn't leak. If you don't believe us, see NORA BAYES & JACK NORWORTH in the screamingly funny musical comedy, "LITTLE MISS FIX-IT." At Charles Dillingham's GLOBE 46 St. & B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way, 43 St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD. COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT. Phone 392 Bryant.

GRAND Opera House. 23c. to $1. Mat. Sat. 23d St., 8 Av. ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE?

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT—THE PUBLIC AUCTION SALE of Seats and Boxes will take place at the HUDSON THEATRE WEST 44 ST. TO-MORROW AT 4 P. M. FOR THE LAMBS PUBLIC GAMBOL TO BE GIVEN AT THE NEW THEATRE FRIDAY AFT'N. MAY 12. Auctioneers; Lambs Hopper, Collier, Dixey, Lackaye, Crane, Harlan, Woodruff, Scott, Daniels, Bell, Dietrichstein, Fairbanks, Hilliard, De Angelis, Blinn, Wise.

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. B'way 28th St. Daily Mat., 25&50c. ROSE COGHLAN, Jack Wilson & Co., Laura Burt & Harry Stanford, Genaro & Bailey, others.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 10, 20 & 30c. THE WOLF. Next Week—THE MAN OF THE HOUR.

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th 50c. BURLESQUE. Pop. Mat. To-day 15, 25. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25-$1. Smoking

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mat. Daily, 25c. FRANK KEENAN & CO., TOM NAWN & CO., NANA, JEAN AYLWYN, & others.

ADVERTISEMENT.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY

If the effort of the Young Women's Christian Association to provide a home for the working young women of this city is to be successful, $100,000 additional must be subscribed by Thursday evening, May fourth.

Subscriptions have been received for $300,000, but all conditional upon the needed sum of $400,000 being subscribed.

WILL YOU HELP?

Subscriptions may be sent to Clinton L. Rossiter, Treasurer, Brooklyn Academy of Music. Payments at subscriber's convenience, but by Sept. 1, 1912.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats, $1. Evs. 8. Last Weeks MARCHING THROUGH GEORGIA—The INTERNATIONAL CUP—BALLET OF NIAGARA—12 BIG CIRCUS ACTS.

WINTER GARDEN Evs. at 8. Matinees Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2. 50th St. & B'way. Telephone 411 Columbus. MATINEE TO-DAY 50c. to $1.50. Ballet, Spectacle, Musical, Variete and Comedy Features. 30 STARS. 250 NEAR STARS. With this phenomenal Company: KITTY GORDON, STELLA MAYHEW, DOROTHY JARDON, HARRY FISHER, BARNEY BERNARD, AL JOLSON, TEMPEST & SUNSHINE, PAUL NICHOLSON, YVETTE, MLLE. DAZIE, SIG. BONFIGLIO, HESS SISTERS, ARTHUR CUNNINGHAM, GRACE WASHBURN, MELISSA TEN EYCK. Do not miss the sensational duel scene between two women. SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERTS. 20 ACTS—3-HOUR SHOW.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 4 Weeks Only. WM. A. BRADY'S All-Star Revival of the Famous Union Square Theatre Success. THE LIGHTS O' LONDON. By Geo. R. Sims. Glittering, Gleaming Success of the Dear Old Play.

John Trump, Times: "REVIVAL DELIGHTS AUDIENCE." Charles Darnton, Eve. World: "CROWDS ARE SURE TO GO TO THE LYRIC TO SEE 'LIGHTS O' LONDON.'" Tribune: "TRIUMPHANTLY SUCCESSFUL."

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Mr. Mantell. Best Seats $1.50. To-night 8:15, KING LEAR; Fri. Night, OTHELLO, (Mr. Mantell as Iago:) Sat. Mat., THE MERCHANT OF VENICE; Sat. Night, RICHARD III. NEXT and LAST Week: Mon. Evs., LOUIS XI.; Tues. Evs., THE MERCHANT OF VENICE; Wed. Mat. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. Nights and Sat. Mat., JULIUS CAESAR.

THE PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Tel. 2628 Bryant. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. OVER NIGHT 5TH MONTH IN NEW YORK

CASINO Broadway & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LOUISE GUNNING in A BALKAN PRINCESS

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LEW FIELDS IN THE HEN-PECKS

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th Aves. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Evs. 8:30. THE DEEP PURPLE By Armstrong and Mizner. 18th New York Week—That's All!

39th Street THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play. AS A MAN THINKS.

William Collier's Comedy Thea. 41st, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tues. & Sat. 2:20. William Collier in The Dictator

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. EVERYWOMAN (Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love.) "FIRMLY ESTABLISHED AS ONE OF THE SEASON'S SUBSTANTIAL SUCCESSES." —*Eve. Sun.*

MAJESTIC Broadway & 59th St. Evs. 8:15. Popular Prices. 25c-$1.50. Italian Comic Opera Co. Tonet. Amore de Principe.

NEXT MONDAY. Seats on Sale To-day. THE SMART SET WITH S. H. Dudley AND Ada Overton Walker

50 EMINENT STARS and ALSO ACTS AND FEATURES FROM ALL THE PROMINENT N. Y. SUCCESSES. Together with the greatest novelty of the year, 100 leading actresses in black face in the great ALL-STAR FEMALE MINSTRELS at the monster benefit for the Professional Woman's League. HUDSON Theatre Next Tuesday After'n. | Seats Now.

CARNEGIE HALL—TO-DAY AT 3—Adeline GENEE in "The Dryad." The Morris Dancers. Nahan Franko and His Orchestra. Prices 75c. to $2.00. Tickets at box office.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. P. Armstrong's "Romance of the Underworld." Ryan & Richfield Co., others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. ELSIE JANIS and other Star Acts.

BRONX 149th St. & 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Gus Edwards Song Revue, Rooney & Bent, McMahon & Chappelle.

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th St., 8th Ave. 25c to $1. Wed. Mat. 25 & 50c. DE WOLF HOPPER—A MATINEE IDOL. Next Week—MADAME X—Original Co.

Hammerstein's Victoria, 42d St. Daily Mat. 25c. McIntyre & Heath, Sam Mann & Co., Montgomery & Moore and 15 others.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. Mats. 2:15. MABEL HITE'S A HIT In "A CERTAIN PARTY."

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. 273d TIME TO-NIGHT "THE CONCERT" Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20.

OLYMPIC E. 14th St. 'Phone 708 Stuyv. Home of High-Class Burlesque. Mat. TO-DAY | Al. Reeves' Big | Amateur Night SEATS, 25c. | Beauty Show. | To-night.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Ev. 8:15. BURLESQUE—STAR & GARTER SHOW.

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ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Next Sunday's Times

Gen. Carter Interviewed.
Head of the American Army now operating on the Texas border makes an important statement.

Clemenceau in Brazil.
French Ex-Premier writes another illuminating article about his travels in South America.

Hunting in the Arctic.
An expedition to go after big game in the polar regions.

The Myth of the Superhuman Japanese.
The superstition that their methods of warfare are something unprecedented and irresistible analyzed and demolished by an expert.

A Fire Detective.
The growth of pyromania has brought about in this city the appointment of a sleuth who spends all his time investigating that form of insanity and the darker crimes of professional incendiaries. His curious experiences and his surprising revelations.

In the Pictorial Section

Founders' Day at Vassar.
Striking photographs showing a pageant representing women of culture of five historic periods.

The Boy Scouts of America.
A series of pictures illustrating their actual experiences, the work they do, and the training they get.

Carnegie Prize-Winners.
This season's successes at the Spring exhibition in Pittsburg.

The Rebels in Mexico.
A number of graphic photographs, some showing life in the field with the insurrectos and some showing their methods of warfare.

New Fashions at Longchamps.
Costumes caught by the camera at the races near Paris.

And many other interesting pictures, notable among them being a reproduction of

"You Mustn't Pull,"
By Arthur J. Elsley.

The Sunday Times is always sold out early, and should be ordered in advance.